

ActewAGL Distribution

Access arrangement for the ACT, Queanbeyan and Palerang gas distribution network June 2009 Required by Rule 32 (1) of the National Gas Rules 2008



Proposed revisions to the access arrangement for the ACT, Queanbeyan and Palerang gas distribution network

Presentation to the AER Public Forum

David Graham – Director Regulatory Affairs and Pricing Michael Charlton – General Manager Networks

27 July 2009

Actev



Connecting with customers

David Graham – Director Regulatory Affairs and Pricing



"Our core business is the distribution and retailing of energy and the management of water and wastewater services."

Canberra based

Serving the ACT and the capital region

- Group employs around 1500 people (ActewAGL, NCL and Ecowise Environmental)
- ACT's largest non-government employer



Corporate structure

Distribution and Retail partnerships

- Distribution partners ACTEW Corporation and Singapore Power International
- Scale enhanced through shared services
- Gas Network business revenues of ~\$47m pa



Customer preference research

NERA and ACNielsen (2003)

State-of-the-art 'choice experiment' survey

- Designed to induce trade-offs between various service attributes including price
- Leading experts in the field
 - Professor David Hensher
 - Dr Kenneth Train



Key findings: customer satisfaction

- Overall, customers are satisfied or very satisfied with ActewAGL and their gas supply
- 98% of residential and commercial customers rated their natural gas supply as good or better
- 97% of residential and 95% of commercial customers rated ActewAGL as good or better







Key findings: price-quality mix

- ActewAGL mix of reliability and price is near the optimum
- ActewAGL gas customers prefer their current price-quality mix to:
 - A doubling of outage frequency and duration with a 3% price discount
 - A halving of outage frequency and duration with a 3% price premium

Gas price-quality mix





9

Network performance



Average number of unplanned interruptions (SAIFI) per 1000 customers





Regulatory profile

 ICRC 2005-10 Access Arrangement for ACT and Greater Queanbeyan gas network
 AER 2009-14 electricity networks decision
 ICRC 2008-13 ACTEW water and wastewater decision
 TFT for retail electricity



Gas network

 ICRC 2001 -2004 - ACT, Queanbeyan and Yarrowlumla
 ICRC 2005-10 - ACT and Greater Queanbeyan
 AER 2010-15 - ACT, Queanbeyan and Palerang



ICRC 2005-10 AA decision

 ICRC required a 1.5% pa (cumulative) efficiency factor on forecast opex (following 3.0% pa in 2000-04 AA)

Approved capex 2.8% below proposal comprising

1.5% reduction in market expansion unit rates
 20% reduction in unit costs for meter replacement
 Increased demand forecast



In the 2005-10 AA period

Tariff volumes are ~3% below allowed volume
 Impact of drought and water savings on gas volumes hot water
 Energy efficiency measures
 Overall volume was 1.8% below allowed volume
 While average volume per customer fell, peak throughput (MDQ) rose

Actual v AA customer numbers







In the 2005-10 AA period

Capex \$0.7m (\$2009/10) (or 1.1%) below AA

- Deferral of capacity development projects because of lower than forecast demand
- Deferral of meter replacements allowed following statistical testing
- Replacement by other priority projects
 - Water bath heater upgrade
 - Pigging facilities and TRS upgrades
 - Network extended to Bungendore



In the 2005-10 AA period

Opex \$11.1m (\$2009/10) or 12.3% above AA

- Includes \$12.7m UNFT (not anticipated, passed through)
- Leasing costs of corporate HQ previously owned 40 year old building
- Higher UAG 1% allowance below 1.8% actual



Gas network access arrangement

 Business as usual – revisions to AA limited to tariff variation and to comply with NGL
 Fundamental redesign and simplification undertaken in 2004 Reference services unchanged



Context for the revised AA

- Impact of the Global Financial Crisis
 Implementation of CPRS and green measures
- Security of supply concerns
- Impact of other policies STTM, NECF etc



Tariff variation

Annual reference tariff variation to incorporate adjustment for
 Three externally determined charges Variation in the market cost of purchasing 1.8% UAG

Unaccounted for gas



UAG as a Share of Receipts 12 Months Rolling Sum, Jan 2004 - Jun 2008 2.0% Max=1.8% 1.8% 1.6% 1.4% % 1.2% Mean =1.3% AG 1.0% Rise in UAG 0.8% corresponds to 0.6% introduction of 2nd point of 0.4% Min =0.5% supply 0.2% 0.0% Janon May of Sept Jano May Sept Jano May of Sept Jano May of Sept Jano May of



Tariff variation

Proposed cost pass through events

- Change in taxes*
- Service standard*
- Regulatory change^
- CPRS event^
- National Energy Customer Framework or Connections Framework
- Short Term Trading Market
- General nominated pass through[^]

* In earlier AA ^ In ACT electricity network decision



Volume forecast

Residential customer numbers to grow 15% over five years

Gas volumes to grow by 2.5% over five years

- improved energy efficiency of new dwellings
- increased efficiency of gas appliances
- penetration of reverse cycle air conditioners
- impact of CPRS

Peak will grow more than volume



Efficiency of gas appliances

	Storage water heaters (MJ/year)	heaters (MJ/year)
6 star	n.a	. 17,837
5 Star	20,559	20,076
4 Star	15% reduction in gas 22,466	23,325
3 Star	24,221	24,988
2 Star	25,601	n.a.
1 Star	27,599	n.a.

 Minimum Efficiency Performance Standards initiative for gas water heating requires phasing out of all appliances with less than 4.5 star rating

Average residential gas usage by market segment Actev/AGL





Diurnal demand profile





Building blocks parameters

Proposed WACC of 11.1% (nominal vanilla)
Opening capital base of \$278m
Net capex \$215m (\$2009/10)
Opex (including UNFT) \$119m (\$2009/10)



Revenue requirement

Nominal	2010/11	2011/12	2012/13	2013/14	2014/15
Smoothed revenue requirement	55.36	63.13	72.78	84.33	97.42
of which tariff revenue	52.59	60.06	69.23	80.23	93.22
of which contract revenue	2.77	3.07	3.55	4.10	4.20



Impact of proposal on gas bills

 For typical residential customer (50GJ pa) \$53 annual average increase in the AA period



Ensuring future reliability

Michael Charlton – General Manager Networks

Gas network

Actev/AGL Always.



31



Network characteristics

- 30.3km Trunk main
- 37.9km Primary mains
- 209km Secondary mains
- 3,771km Medium pressure mains

- TRS, CTS, POTS
- 4 Primary regulating stations
- 87 Secondary district regulator sets
- 107,565 Residential meter sets
- 3,190 I&C meter sets



Forecast capex

Market expansion (\$35m)
 Capacity development (\$22m)
 Stay in business (\$157m)
 Includes Security of supply (\$134m)



Major capital projects

- Security of supply (phase 1 HFL)
 Market expansion to Molonglo and Googong and Swinger Hill infill
- Tuggeranong primary mains extension and PRS
- I&C and residential meter replacement



Security of supply phase 1 – HFL

- 3 consecutive years of upstream gas supply events
- No large industrial customers to shed
- Increased winter peak raises likelihood of event
- NERA and AC Nielsen (2003) study suggests customers are willing to pay significant amounts to avoid lengthy outages in winter
- Solution within ActewAGL's control

What HFL construction would look like









Tuggeranong mains extension and PRS



Operating expenditure

Efficient base
Step changes for *Compliance with standards and codes New and upgraded facilities Integrity - pigging*



Operating expenditure

 Efficiency factor of 2.5% over the period
 Constant shared services staffing levels despite increases in customer numbers





Intelligent pig





Pig launching /receiving station





Key points

Continuity of AA
Service standard focus

Security of supply

Events of unknown impact
Efficient operation