

# Category Analysis RIN Basis of Preparation

2019-20



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# **BOP – Cost Allocation Method Recast**

## **Annual Reporting, Economic Benchmarking, and Category Analysis Regulatory Information Notice - Financial Templates**

### **Requirement to recast financial information**

This Basis of Preparation Document describes the process to report overheads in accordance with the AER's approved CAM's (Ergon Energy Cost Allocation Method Version 5, and Energex's Cost Allocation Method Version 3a) applicable to the 2019-20 regulatory year. It is an overarching approach inserted at the beginning of this document as it impacts all overhead costs for Ergon Energy and Energex reported in financial templates for the Annual Reporting (including Workbook 2), Economic Benchmarking, and Category Analysis Regulatory Information Notices.

The Cost Allocation Method Recast work was undertaken by Energy Queensland (EQL) for Distribution Network Services Providers (DNSP), Ergon Energy and Energex. Any reference to Energex does not impact the Ergon Energy CAM recast, or vice versa.

EQL is implementing, a single Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) and Enterprise Asset Management (EAM) system in SAP, which will impact reporting in Regulatory Information Notices (RIN) to the Australian Energy Regulator (AER) in 2019-20. EQL is the parent entity of Distribution Network Services Providers Ergon Energy and Energex.

On 22 November 2018, the AER approved a combined Ergon Energy and Energex Cost Allocation Methodology (2020-25 CAM) to take effect from 1 July 2020, at the commencement of the new regulatory control period. Additionally, the existing CAM's (Interim CAMs<sup>1</sup>) were approved by the AER to reflect our new corporate structure to take effect from 1 December 2018.

On 1 July 2019, the existing ERP, Ellipse, adopted the 2020-25 CAM 1 year earlier than the AER's approved effective date for statutory reporting and general ledger (GL) purposes. As such, statutory and regulatory reporting requirements diverged in 2019-20, and hence created a need to recast Ellipse general ledger transactions for regulatory reporting purposes.

The Reporting and Analytics Transition and Sustainability (RATS) Project rebuilt reporting capability for regulatory reporting in 2019-20 by developing a CAM Recast Model using an SAP Enterprise Intelligence Platform (EIP).

### **Compliance with Requirements**

Regulatory Information Notices require information to be provided in each regulatory template in the Microsoft Excel Workbooks completed in accordance with the approved cost allocation method which

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<sup>1</sup> Ergon Energy AER approved CAM (Version 5), Energex's AER approved CAM (version 3a) effective 1 Dec 2018.



applies to the relevant regulatory year.

The Table below demonstrates how the information provided by Ergon Energy and Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 1-1 Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Ergon Energy and Energex Interim CAM's Section 10 and 13 CAM Consistency:</p> <p>Policies and principles relating to allocations will be consistently applied across accounting periods to ensure that regulatory financial reports are prepared on a consistent basis over time.</p>	<p>Ergon Energy and Energex have applied the CAM consistently across accounting periods for consistency.</p>
<p>Ergon Energy and Energex Interim CAM's Section 11 and 14 Interim Record Keeping:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The ERP provides the capability to record and report all financial information based on the CAM principles and policies for both statutory and regulatory purposes.</li> <li>All records will be appropriately retained in accordance with regulatory and legislative requirements.</li> </ul> <p>All information submitted to the AER through regulatory information notices is subject to external audit prior to submission.</p>	<p>Ergon Energy and Energex's ERP and Corporate Support Costs Allocation Models are the underlying data source and basis for which overhead rates were derived to be applied in the CAM Recast Model providing an auditable record.</p>
<p>Ergon Energy and Energex Interim CAM Section 12 and 15 Monitoring compliance with the CAM and CAG:</p> <p>The Finance and Corporate Services Business Unit is responsible for monitoring compliance with the CAM for Ergon Energy and Energex. Operationally, the General Manager Financial Control will be responsible on a day to day basis for compliance.</p>	<p>Ergon Energy and Energex's annual statutory financial statements and the ERP are reviewed by our external auditors. Ergon Energy and Energex has also undertaken independent audit of the regulatory reporting statements for compliance with regulatory reporting requirements, including the CAM.</p>
<p>Ergon Energy and Energex Cost Allocation Method AER Final Decision November 2018 - Section 1.1 Summary:</p> <p>In November 2018 the AER approved all three proposed amended CAM's under clause 6.15.4(c) of the rules. The current CAM for Ergon Energy and Energex became effective from 1 December 2018.</p>	<p>Ergon Energy and Energex applied the AER approved CAM's (Ergon Energy Cost Allocation Method Version 5, and Energex's Cost Allocation Method Version 3a) which became effective from 1 December 2018.</p>

Annual Reporting RIN Appendix F Definitions;  
Economic Benchmarking RIN Appendix 9 Definitions;  
Category Analysis RIN Definitions and Interpretation.

'Actual Information' definition:

1. Information presented in response to the Notice whose presentation is materially dependent on information recorded in Ergon Energy and Energex's historical accounting records or other records used in the normal course of business, and whose presentation for the purposes of the Notice is not contingent on judgments and assumptions for which there are valid alternatives, which could lead to a materially different presentation in the response to the Notice.

'Accounting records' include trial balances, the general ledger, subsidiary accounting ledgers, journal entries and documentation to support journal entries. Actual financial information may include accounting estimates, such as accruals and provisions, and any adjustments made to the accounting records to populate Ergon Energy and Energex's regulatory accounts and responses to the Notice. 'Records used in the normal course of business', for the purposes of non-financial information, includes asset registers, geographical information systems, outage analysis systems, and so on.

The regulatory reporting statements have been prepared in accordance with the Ergon Energy and Energex's Interim CAM's that apply to 2019-20. We have reviewed the cost allocations for the current financial year to ensure they have been consistently applied in accordance with the CAM. In undertaking this review, we have implemented a CAM Recast Model.

We confirm that all financial transactions from the general ledgers have been accurately replicated into the CAM Recast Model. We also confirm that the 2020-25 CAM transactions have been removed and that the 2015-20 CAM transactions have been accurately generated in the CAM Recast Model.

## Sources

Ergon Energy and Energex use the Ellipse General Ledger as the source of information in the CAM Recast Model. General ledger instances are acquired in the same manner from base transactional tables in the operational systems. This transactional data is replicated in its entirety to the SAP Enterprise Intelligence Platform (EIP) via legacy data warehouses.

This is a two-step replication with the first using SharePlex to monitor and apply changes at the Oracle application table (MRF900) into a matching Oracle data warehouse table. This SharePlex process has been successfully performed for 10 years and is monitored by real-time system checks and periodic database administrator health checks.

The second step replicates the data from these Oracle data warehouse tables into the EIP source containers using SAP Smart Data Integration (SDI) running every five minutes.

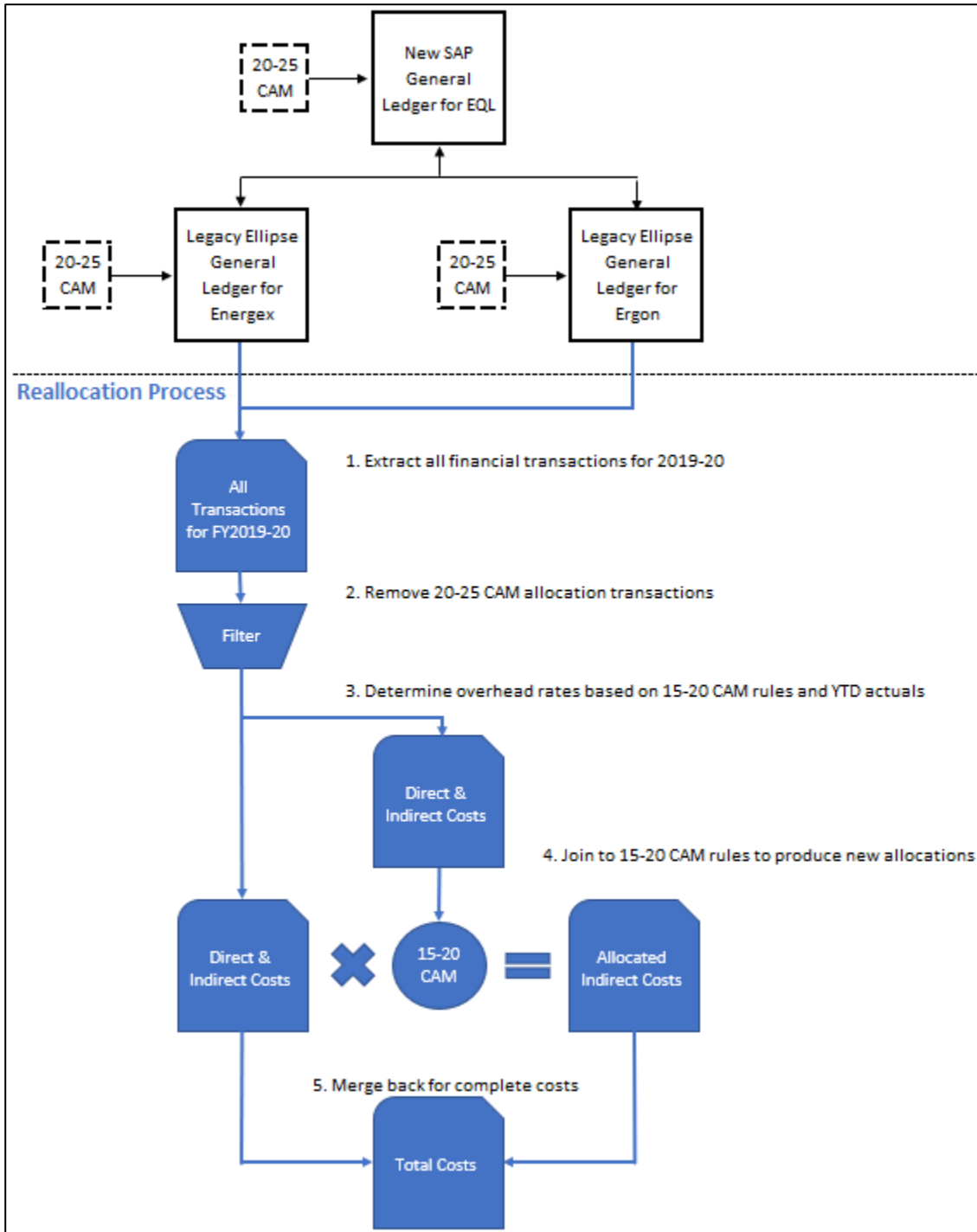
The resulting SAP EIP data is reconciled back to the Ellipse general ledgers through matching trial balances for current and prior periods.

The rules to be applied in the CAM Recast model are loaded via two spreadsheets respectively for Energex and Ergon Energy rates pertinent to those charts of accounts.

## Methodology

The approach undertaken in the CAM Recast Model is outlined in Figure 1 below, to produce transactional data for 2019-20 regulatory reporting, by extracting overhead/CAM allocation entries from GL transactions and by reapplying overheads based on Interim CAM rules.

Figure 1-1 CAM Recast progress diagram



## **CALCULATION OF 2019-20 CAM RATES**

Ergon Energy and Energex's previous year (2018-19) Corporate Support Costs Allocation Models were obtained from the Financial Planning team and updated with 2019-20 actual data to calculate 2019-20 overhead rates.

For Ergon Energy, the Responsibility Centre (RC) corporate allocation percentages to Unregulated lines of business were carried forward from the prior year. Analysis prepared by the Financial Planning team demonstrated this assumption would immateriality impact on results given allocations do not vary significantly year-on-year (less than  $\pm 2\%$ ).

All other inputs were updated with 2019-20 actual information obtained from the CAM Recast Model after the CAM allocation / overhead entries had been extracted. Financial year actual expenditure is used (as opposed to full year budget information), to derive the calculated rates. The use of actual costs to derive overhead rates resulted in an immaterial over or under recovery of overheads.

For specific categories of the model key points are noted below, including difference between Ergon Energy and Energex's approaches where they diverge.

### **Labour on-cost (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

CAM business rules for 2018-19 and 2019-20:

- Same approach for Interim and 2020-25 CAMs (same pool / allocated based on same definition of W&S / included in direct costs);
- 2019-20 CAM workpapers also show that the rates are unchanged from 2018-19.

### **Materials on-cost (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

CAM business rules for 2018-19 and 2019-20:

- Same approach for Interim and 2020-25 CAMs (same pool / allocated based on stores issues);
- Recalculated rates using 2019-20 year to date actuals and updated in the CAM Recast Model.

### **Fleet costing (Ergon Energy)**

- 2018-19 (Interim CAM) approach involved fleet costing (into direct costs) with rates determined for each fleet class to recovery appropriate costs (including depreciation);
- New regulatory CAM (2020-25) moves to a simple allocation methodology, based on labour dollars incurred; and
- Statutory CAM / (Ellipse) GL approach continues with fleet costing for 2019-20, in line with the 2018-19 approach. Therefore, as this complies with the Interim CAM no changes are required.

### **Fleet costing (Energex)**

- 2018-19 (Interim CAM) approach involved an allocation based on labour dollars to recover fleet costs (excluding depreciation)
- New regulatory CAM (2020-25) continues with the same simple allocation methodology, based on labour dollars incurred.
- However statutory CAM / (Ellipse) GL approach recovers fleet costs and fleet depreciation, using the same allocation methodology, based on labour dollars incurred.
- The CAM Recast Model has been updated with a new rate to recover year to date fleet costs only (not depreciation).

#### **Unregulated Allocation (Ergon Energy)**

- 2018-19 (Interim CAM) approach involved significant analysis each year, with input from across the business, to determine percentage allocations for each RC to unregulated lines of business;
- New regulatory CAM (2020-25) will allocate costs to unregulated as part of the three-factor methods for corporate overheads and network overheads;
- For 2019-20, new unregulated allocations have been determined using 2019-20 year to date expenditure for each RC but maintaining 2018-19 percentage allocations (refer to Assumptions). Analysis provided by the Financial Planning team indicates that there is minimal variation year to year in the percentage allocations and the conclusion is that the percentage allocations continue to be a fair reflection of the split of effort and cost to each line of business.
- Where costs appeared on new RC's during 2019-20, the function of that RC was determined and allocations were based on an existing RC which performs a similar function.

#### **Unregulated Allocation (Energex)**

- 2018-19 (Interim CAM) approach used a three-factor method to allocate costs to unregulated lines of business;
- New regulatory CAM (2020-25) will allocate costs to unregulated as part of the three factor methods for corporate overheads and network overheads;
- For 2019-20, the three-factor method has been updated with 2019-20 year to date expenditure.

#### **Regulated Overheads (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

- 2018-19 (Interim CAMs) approach identified all RCs included in the regulated overhead pool, with exclusions for specific activities, products and elements. The unregulated proportion (refer above) was also deducted to determine the size of the pool. The base (regulated program of work direct costs) was determined by activity ranges and specific elements. The pool is then divided into the base to determine the regulated overhead rate. Ergon Energy separates regulated overheads between Opex, Capex and Customer Care and determines separate overheads rates for each.

Energex has a combined regulated Opex and Capex rate;

- For 2019-20, the process was repeated, using year to date data from the CAM Recast Model, with CAM allocation / overhead entries removed. Costs incurred in EQLD district were allocated to specific RCs in Ergon Energy and Energex, based on a model used by the Business Planning and Analysis team for 2018-19. Also, ICT and lease costs were added in. Refer to notes below on these topics.

#### **1. Energy Queensland support costs (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

- In prior years, costs incurred in EQLD district were allocated to specific RCs in Ergon Energy and Energex based on a model used by the Business Planning and Analysis team;
- This process was repeated for the 2019-20, adding the support costs attributable to each entity into the CAM Recast Model for inclusion into the respective overhead pools and allocation to the businesses.

##### **a) ICT costs (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

- In prior years, ICT costs were incurred in SPARQ and charged to DNSPs as Asset Usage Fees, Service Level Agreement (SLA) fees and Telecommunications costs;
- Under the 2020-25 CAM and in the GL for 2019-20, ICT assets have moved out of SPARQ and into the DNSPs. Assets (also Capex and Depreciation) are directly attributed to DNSPs where possible, with the remainder allocated using the CAM non-network principles (i.e.. allocated based on labour incurred). Asset Usage Fees have not been recorded in the General Ledger for 2019-20;
- Costs for the 2019-20 financial year have been allocated between Ergon Energy and Energex on the same basis as 2018-19 and added into to the CAM Recast Model for inclusion into the respective overhead pools and allocation to the businesses;
- This will be a one-off adjustment for the 2019-20 regulatory year, as the Statutory and Regulatory approaches will align in the 2020-25 regulatory period.

##### **b) Lease costs (Ergon Energy and Energex)**

- The Australian Accounting Board introduced AASB16 Leases in 2019-20 replacing AASB117;
- Leases are now on-balance sheet for Statutory Reporting purposes and in the General Ledger.
- To maintain consistency with the 2015-20 Distribution Determination and the AER approved

CAM, lease costs were recalculated to show lease expense instead of on-balance sheet treatment with depreciation and interest.

- Lease expense for 2019-20 has been allocated between Ergon Energy and Energex and manually added into the overhead pools.
- This will be an ongoing adjustment for the 2019-20 regulatory year and the 2020-25 regulatory period for legacy leases, as the Statutory and Regulatory approaches differ.

**CAM SPREADSHEET OVERHEAD RATES**

The resulting CAM overhead rates calculated as detailed above, are then entered into a CAM rates file for each entity which provides the relevant Ellipse account strings attracting the on-cost or overhead along with the appropriate rate, account code to post the on-cost or overhead and the account code to post the recovery of that on-cost or overhead.

This is then used to feed into SAP EIP CAM Recast and apply the on-costs and overheads based on the 2019-20 CAM rules.

The extract below is from the Ergon Energy CAM rates file, showing that a specified account mask (usually applicable to an activity code within the ellipse account string) attracts a certain percentage of overheads, posting to element 8140 or 8100, with the recovery posting to element 8350.

C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L
[ACCT_MASK]	[RATE]	[JOURNAL_TYPE]	[MIN_LIMIT]	[OH_DSTRCT]	[OH_COST_CODE]	[OH_EXPS_ELEM]	[RV_DSTRCT]	[RV_COST_CODE]	[RV_EXPS_ELEM]
@@@C2090@@@@@	002932	OH	000100	EECL	@@@C2090@@@	8140	EECL	5020510400000	8365
@@@52000@@@@@	004739	OH	000100	EECL	@@@52000@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350
@@@53@@@@@	004739	OH	000100	EECL	@@@53@@@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350
@@@54@@@@@	004739	OH	000100	EECL	@@@54@@@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350
@@@56@@@@@	003909	OH	000100	EECL	@@@56@@@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350
@@@C200@@@@@	004739	OH	000100	EECL	@@@C200@@@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350
@@@C201@@@@@	004739	OH	000100	EECL	@@@C201@@@@@	8100	EECL	0002625000000	8350

The extract below is from the Energex CAM rates file, showing that a specified account mask (usually applicable to an activity code and element combination within the ellipse account string) attracts a certain percentage of on-costs or overheads, posting to element 8102 (fleet on-cost), 8103 (materials on-cost) or 8104 (overheads), with the recovery posting to the same element but a recovery activity.



[CAM_RULE_REF]	[CAM_DST]	[ACCT_MASK]	[RATE]	[JOURN]	[OH_COST_CODE]	[OH_EXPS_ELEM]	[RV_DSTRCT]	[RV_COST_CODE]	[RV_EXPS_ELEM]
EGX101FLT40XXX3302	EGX1	@@@40@@@3302	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLT40XXX3312	EGX1	@@@40@@@3312	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLT41XXX3302	EGX1	@@@41@@@3302	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLTC2XXX3302	EGX1	@@@C2@@@3302	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLTC2XXX3312	EGX1	@@@C2@@@3312	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLTC35XX3302	EGX1	@@@C35@@@3302	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101FLTC35XX3312	EGX1	@@@C35@@@3312	000859	OH	@@@	8102	EGX1	133098050P000	8102
EGX101MAT40XXX4400	EGX1	@@@40@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MAT41XXX4400	EGX1	@@@41@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MAT42XXX4400	EGX1	@@@42@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MAT430XX4400	EGX1	@@@430@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MATC2XXX4400	EGX1	@@@C2@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MATC30154400	EGX1	@@@C3015@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MATC35XX4400	EGX1	@@@C35@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101MATC4XXX4400	EGX1	@@@C4@@@4400	000532	OH	@@@	8103	EGX1	133098050P000	8103
EGX101OVH41XXX3302	EGX1	@@@41@@@3302	006037	OH	@@@	8104	EGX1	133098050P000	8104
EGX101OVH41XXX3312	EGX1	@@@41@@@3312	006037	OH	@@@	8104	EGX1	133098050P000	8104
EGX101OVH41XXX4400	EGX1	@@@41@@@4400	005855	OH	@@@	8104	EGX1	133098050P000	8104
EGX101OVH41XXX4500	EGX1	@@@41@@@4500	005529	OH	@@@	8104	EGX1	133098050P000	8104
EGX101OVH41XXX4900	EGX1	@@@41@@@4900	005529	OH	@@@	8104	EGX1	133098050P000	8104

## SAP EIP CAM RECAST MODEL

The CAM Recast model is a new SAP HANA database structure that is built on top of the landed data from Ellipse general ledgers and applying the rules and rates from specific Ergon Energy and Energex spreadsheets. However, the pattern is the same process as currently happens directly in the sourcing general ledgers where transactions are compared against defined account code masks and then where matched will generate two additional transactions (a primary and reversal overhead) at a percentage rate to the driving transaction.

## Approach

The CAM Recast model passes all general ledger sourced transactions through the same process:

1. Current year (2019-20) transactions are identified:

- If a transaction is posted to a financial period outside the 2019-20 year then this is passed through, no further rules are applied, and these transactions appear in the results full and complete. The steps below are now only effective to those transactions falling into the 2019-20 financial year.

2. Ellipse 2019-20 overheads are stripped out:

- These are transactions specifically tagged by the automated legacy CAM processes with a journal type of "OH", or manual journals that specifically post to the segments dedicated to overhead costs. They are removed and do not contribute to further results.

3. New 2019-20 overheads are generated:

The spreadsheet rules for new CAM transactions are acquired and consist of:

- A filtering account code mask
- Overhead rate to be applied
- A primary account code, and
- A reversing account code.

Driving source transactions are identified by comparing against the defined filtering account code mask for a match (refer above section “CAM Spreadsheet Overhead Rates”).

Driving source transactions related to user defined excluded expense elements or projects are disqualified (these exclusions consistently follow the CAM application rules whereby certain expense elements do not attract overheads due to their nature and a list of non-system building construction projects associated with a specific GL activity are exempt from overheads as they are wholly completed by external contractors).

All identified driving transactions then generate two new CAM transactions: i) a new primary overhead transaction and ii) a new reversing overhead transaction. The amounts are calculated from the driving transaction amount multiplied by the defined overhead rate in the matching rule (the reversing transaction is negated). Similarly, the segment applied comes from the primary and reversing account code in the matching rule.

The resulting CAM Recast model has all driving transactions from step 2 as well as all overhead transactions from step 3.

Note: the CAM spreadsheet rules are applied against the entire years transactions every time it is used, in real-time. There is no batch processing. This means if the rules or rates are changed then these are retrospectively applied to the entire year.

## **Version Control**

The CAM Recast database model is an SAP HANA construct existing in the Energy Queensland (EQL) SAP Cloud Platform AWM instance. The model is maintained in a development environment and then migrated through testing environments before residing in a read-only production environment for business use. All source code is stored in a GIT repository with separately secured branches for work-in-progress and committed components.

The CAM rules and rates are mastered in separate Ergon Energy and Energex spreadsheets by the Finance team. These are maintained in secured folders and then authorised, released and loaded into the CAM Recast model from a separate HANA folder.

## Reconciliations

The following reconciliations and controls were applied to provide assurance over the process:

- To verify the overheads applied by the CAM recast model a reconciliation of the output to the expected overhead based on a manual recalculation by direct activity was performed. In all cases, for both entities the on-costs and overheads applied by the model agreed within all material respects.
- The consolidated Energy Queensland pool of indirect costs was reconciled to the total cost pools calculated and utilised for deriving the CAM rates for Ergon Energy and Energex. This incorporated the known differences for treatment of Sparq costs and lease expenses and considered the underlying mappings of exclusions and unregulated costs as followed by the models used to calculate the indirect cost pools and overhead rates for each entity.
- A high-level reconciliation was performed for Ergon Energy and Energex comparing the original general ledger (as audited for Statutory purposes) to the Recast extract. The overall net profit/loss for those entities was compared pre and post recast identifying the financial impact of the different treatments of certain costs under the 2019-20 CAM and the 2020-25 CAM as reflected in the general ledger.

## Assumptions

For 2019-20, with the implementation of the CAM Recast Model key points to note include:

- Direct expenditure remains unchanged as obtained from the same Ellipse GL codes, with transactions coded to account combinations of Responsibility Centre / Activity / Product / Expense Element;
- Overhead rates were recalculated using the 2018-19 overhead rate model which applies CAM business rules compliant with the Interim CAM using 2019-20 actual dollars as inputs;
- An assumption is applied Ergon Energy's Corporate Support Costs Allocation Model where corporate responsibility centre allocations were adopted from prior year inputs with sensitivity analysis supporting the assumption would result in immaterially different results.

Therefore, the conclusion is that the CAM Recast Model data extracts meet the definition of 'actual information' in accordance with annual RIN Notices (AR, EB, CA RIN's).

### **Estimated Information**

Ergon Energy and Energex have provided Actual Information, in accordance with the AER's definition.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 2.1 Expenditure Summary

## Table 2.1.1 - Standard Control Services CAPEX

## Table 2.1.2 - Standard Control Services OPEX

## Table 2.1.3 - Alternative Control Services CAPEX

## Table 2.1.4 - Alternative Control Services OPEX

## Table 2.1.5 - Dual Function Assets CAPEX

## Table 2.1.6 - Dual Function Assets OPEX

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 2-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 2-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Energex must calculate the expenditure for each capex and opex category reported in RIN Templates 2.2 to 2.10 and 4.1 to 4.4 and reports these amounts in the corresponding rows in RIN Tables 2.1.1 to 2.1.6.</p>	<p>Energex does not have dual function assets therefore no values were reported in RIN Tables 2.1.5 and 2.1.6. These Tables were not referred to hereafter.</p> <p>The line items reported in RIN Template 2.1 equal, or in some cases sum to, the totals reported in Templates 2.2 to 2.10 and 4.1 to 4.4.</p> <p>In particular, Templates 2.5, 2.10 and 4.1 to 4.4 don't disaggregate capex and opex; however these numbers need to be separately identified in Template 2.1.</p> <p>Note that from 1 July 2015, there are two major changes:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. In recognition of the use of nonnetwork assets in the delivery of ACS, an allocation of non-network capex is made in accordance with Energex approved CAM. However, Non-network expenditure presented in Table 2.1 Standard control service capex includes SCS services as well as ACS services.</li> <li>2. Energex no longer has services termed as "Fee Based Services" or "Quoted Services" as required in Templates 4.3 Fee Based Services</li> </ol>

	<p>and 4.4 Quoted Services. Instead, there are Ancillary Network Services which include both Fee Based and Quoted Services. Therefore, Ancillary Network Services expenditure will be input in Templates 4.3 and 4.4 based on service categories in the Energex Pricing Proposal.</p>
<p>The total expenditure for the capex and opex for each service classification in RIN Template 2.1 must be mutually exclusive and collectively exhaustive. Total expenditure for capex must be reported on an "as-incurred" basis.</p>	<p>The total expenditure for capex and opex for each service classification in RIN Template 2.1 is mutually exclusive and collectively exhaustive.</p> <p>Total expenditure for capex is reported on an "as-incurred" basis.</p>
<p>Energex must report an amount that reconciles total capex and opex with the sum of the capex and opex line items in the "balancing item" row in each Table in RIN Template 2.1. For the avoidance of doubt this means that the sum of each of the capex and opex line items in each of the Tables in RIN Template 2.1 minus the balancing item must equal the total capex or opex line item in these Tables. To do this the balancing item must:</p> <p>Include the amount of capex and opex reported where these expenditures have been reported more than once within the RIN Templates 2.2 to 2.10, and 4.1 to 4.4; and Account for any differences arising due to the reporting of capex on a basis other than the "as-incurred" basis.</p>	<p>The balancing items reported by Energex in Template 2.1 contain only items that have been reported more than once within RIN Templates 2.2 to 2.10 and 4.1 to 4.4.</p> <p>All capex is reported on an "as-incurred" basis therefore there are no balancing items for this component.</p>
<p>Energex must provide an excel spread sheet that contains the calculation of balancing items reported in RIN Template 2.1. At a minimum, this spread sheet must:</p> <p>(a) for each instance where an expenditure item is reported more than once (i.e. double counted), identify:</p> <p>(i) where that instance is reflected in expenditure included in the RIN Templates</p> <p>(ii) the value of that expenditure in each RIN Template</p> <p>(b) Identify each instance where the Notice requires Energex to report capex not on an "as-incurred" basis in RIN Templates 2.2 to 2.10 and, for the relevant expenditure item, list its corresponding value when expressed on an "as incurred" basis.</p>	<p>Energex has provided the calculation of balancing items reported in RIN Template 2.1 Appendix 1 - Balancing Items and as a separate Excel spread sheet.</p> <p>Where the expenditure figure is reported more than once (i.e. double counted) the spreadsheet identifies:</p> <p>(a) where that instance is reflected in the relevant RIN Templates; and</p> <p>(b) the value of that expenditure in each relevant RIN Template.</p> <p>All capex is reported on an "as incurred" basis and as such there were no balancing items for this component</p>
<p>Energex must provide a reconciliation between the total capital and operating expenditure provided in the RIN Template 2.1 to the capital and operating expenditure recorded in Energex's RIN Accounting Statements and Audited Statutory Accounts.</p>	<p>Appendix 2 - Balancing Items contains a reconciliation of total capex and opex for SCS and ACS, from the RIN Templates to the Annual Reporting RIN to the Audited Statutory Accounts.</p>

## Sources

- Summary numbers in RIN Template 2.1 were sourced from the relevant CA RIN Templates. Details of specific sources can be found in their respective Basis of Preparations.
- Balancing items in RIN Template 2.1 were sourced from a review of individual Templates to identify items reported more than once.
- Reconciling items were identified from a review of the Annual Reporting RIN and/or supporting work papers, combined with the detailed workings for each relevant RIN Template.

Appendix 3 - Mapping Table contains mapping of the CA RIN capex categories to the Annual Reporting RIN categories.

The Annual Reporting RIN to the Statutory Accounts reconciliation is provided in Appendix 2 - Balancing Items and reconciles:

- Capex from the Annual Reporting RIN to the CAPEX reported in the audited statutory accounts. The CAPEX in the audited statutory accounts represents movements in Property, Plant and Equipment and Intangible assets Work in Progress for additions and capitalised interest; and
- Opex from the Annual Reporting RIN to total expenses from the audited statutory accounts.

## Methodology

### Balancing items

Balancing item calculations are detailed in Appendix 1 - Balancing Items.

Balancing items have been calculated for amounts that appear more than once in the summary numbers, as detailed below:

- Fleet oncosts - captured as part of the direct capex and opex amounts for SCS and ACS (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in:
  - Template 2.6 Non-network as Motor Vehicles opex and Other - Non-Network Expenditure Fleet opex; and
  - Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Fleet.
- Materials oncosts - captured as part of the direct capex and opex numbers for SCS and ACS (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER approved Cost Allocation Method) and captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Network Overhead - Project Governance and Related Functions.
- Property opex - captured in:



- Template 2.6 Non-network as Buildings & Property opex; and
- Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Property.
- IT & Communications opex - captured in:
  - Template 2.6 Non-network IT & Communications opex; and
  - Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - IT and Communications.
- Metering - the various line items within Template 4.2 Metering are duplicated as follows:
  - Meter Investigation - also captured in Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services as a Meter Inspect;
  - Special meter reading - also captured in various line items in Template 2.5 Connections and in Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services as Off-cycle Meter Reads;
  - Scheduled Meter Reading - also captured in Template 2.10 Overheads as Network Overheads - Customer Services; and
  - Other Metering - certain items also captured in Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services as Reconfigure Meter.
- Public Lighting opex - captured in:
  - Template 4.1 Public Lighting as Light Maintenance; and
  - Template 4.3 Fee Based Services and 4.4 Quoted Services.
- Connections - the various line items within Template 2.5 Connections are also captured in:
  - Template 4.3 Fee Based Services and 4.4 Quoted Services.
- There is no duplication of Public Lighting capex as the numbers reported in Template 2.2 Repex and Template 4.1 Public Lighting are for different expenditure items (refer to Basis of Preparation 4.1.3 Public Lighting - Cost Metrics for more information).

### **Reconciling items**

Where the RIN Templates summary numbers do not equal the Annual Reporting RIN numbers, differences are detailed in the reconciliation included in Appendix 2 - Reconciling Items. These reconciling items typically relate to:

- Expenditure not included in the relevant RIN Templates as there was no basis on which to allocate the expenditure to categories, but is included in the Annual Reporting RIN numbers.
- Items which are excluded from (or included in) the relevant CA RIN Templates in accordance with the CA RIN definitions, but are included in (or excluded from) the Annual Reporting RIN numbers.

## **Assumptions**

- Summary numbers are direct costs only, which are calculated as total costs less general overheads.
- General overheads are calculated in accordance with the approved Cost Allocation Method applicable for 2020.
- Summary numbers from the individual Templates are not considered hereafter in this Basis of Preparation and further details can be found in the relevant Basis of Preparations for the individual Templates.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Explanatory notes can be found in the individual Basis of Preparations for respective RIN Templates.

## **Accounting Policies**

On a regular basis a review is performed to monitor accounting standard updates and new standards issued by the Australian Accounting Standards Board to assess the impact on Energex. Changes are advised to the Audit Committee and implemented where required and the associated Energex accounting policies are updated accordingly.

There are no material impacts from changes in accounting standards for the 2020 financial year, and subsequently no accounting policy changes that may impact the RIN.

## **Appendix 1 - Balancing Items**

**Table 2.1.1 - Standard control services capex**

<b>Balancing item is made up of:</b>	<b>Actual (\$)</b>
	2020
Material oncosts - captured as part of direct capex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Network Overhead - Logistics and stores (POW Material	-3,525,935
Fleet oncosts - captured as part of direct capex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Fleet	-9,065,808
<b>Total balancing item per above</b>	<b>-12,591,743</b>

**Table 2.1.2 - Standard control services opex**

<b>Balancing item is made up of:</b>	<b>Actual (\$)</b>
	2020
Material oncosts - captured as part of direct opex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Network Overhead - Logistics and stores (POW Material	2,139,924
Fleet oncosts - captured as part of direct opex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Fleet	-6,017,959
Non-network costs - included in Template 2.6 Non-network as opex and Template 2.10 Overheads	-181,042,587
Metering double counted - reported in 2.10 Network Overheads and 4.2 Metering	0
Recast OH Over Recovery Adjustment manually adjusted in SCS Opex Corporate	0
<b>Total balancing item per above</b>	<b>-184,920,623</b>

**Table 2.1.3 - Alternative control services capex**

<b>Balancing item is made up of:</b>	<b>Actual (\$)</b>
	2020
Material oncosts - captured as part of direct capex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Network Overhead - Logistics and stores (POW Material	-199,785
Fleet oncosts - captured as part of direct capex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Fleet	-364,006
Metering Capex reported in 4.2 Metering and 4.3 Fee Based Services	189
Connection capex reported twice in 2.5 Connections as well as 4.3 Fee Based Services and 4.4 Quoted Services	-15,037
<b>Total balancing item per above</b>	<b>-578,639</b>

**Table 2.1.4 - Alternative control services opex**

<b>Balancing item is made up of:</b>	<b>Actual (\$)</b>
	2020
Material oncosts - captured as part of direct opex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Network Overhead - Logistics and stores (POW Material	-305,973
Fleet oncosts - captured as part of direct opex (as they are directly attributable in accordance with the AER-approved Cost Allocation Method) and also captured in Template 2.10 Overhead as Corporate Overhead - Fleet	-1,926,446
Metering opex - captured in Template 4.2 Metering and in the Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services	-676,247
Special meter reading double counted - reported in Template 4.2 Metering and Template 2.5 Connection	0
Public Lighting double counted - reported in 4.1 Public Lighting as well as 4.3 Fee Based Services and 4.4 Quoted Services	-1,365,285
Connections double counted - reported in 2.5 Connections as well as 4.3 Fee Based Services and 4.4 Quoted Services	-24,346,617
Metering double counted - reported in 2.10 Network Overheads as well as 4.2 Metering	-8,167,702
<b>Total balancing item per above</b>	<b>-36,788,270</b>

## Appendix 2 - Reconciling Items

	RECONCILIATION FROM CA RIN SUMMARY NUMBERS TO ANNUAL PERFORMANCE RIN TO AUDITED STATUTORY ACCOUNTS		
	2020		
	CAPEX	OPEX	TOTAL
	\$	\$	\$
Template 2.1 Summary Numbers			
SCS	492,827,401	339,052,238	831,879,639
ACS	27,398,406	108,614,423	134,012,829
<b>TOTAL from Template 2.1</b>	<b>520,225,807</b>	<b>445,666,661</b>	<b>965,892,468</b>
<b>Adjusted for:</b>			
• Relocation of assets excluded from Template 2.5 Connections in accordance with the definition of "connections expenditure" but included in the Annual Performance RIN	0	0	0
• Customer Requested Meter installation CAPEX included in Template 4.2 Metering and associated overhead in Template 2.10 Overhead in accordance with CA RIN definition but excluded in the Annual Performance RIN as they are funded by the customer and is not added to the relevant asset base for regulatory purposes	-35,731	0	-35,731
• Network Asset Rearrangement CAPEX included in Template 4.4 Quoted Services and associated overhead in Template 2.10 Overhead in accordance with CA RIN definition but excluded in the Annual Performance RIN as they are funded by the customer and is not added to the relevant asset base for regulatory purposes	-14,031,499	0	-14,031,499
• ACS Connections CAPEX (excluding gifted asset) included in Template 2.5 Connections and associated overhead in Template 2.10 Overhead in accordance with CA RIN definition but excluded in the Annual Performance RIN as they are funded by the customer and is not added to the relevant asset base for regulatory purposes	-23,600		-23,600
• Large customer connections and subdivision funded by customers which when gifted to Energex are included in SCS Capex as Capital Contributions and reported in AP RIN table 8.2.1 but excluded from CA RIN Template 2.5 Connections	40,592,965	0	40,592,965
• Adjustments made for the Annual Performance RIN that don't appear in the source information for the relevant regulatory templates	-34,801	3,274	-31,527
• A portion of non-network CAPEX (direct costs only) included in the table 2.1.1 Standard control services capex relates to non network expenditure incurred but allocated to non-regulated services per Energex's CAM. This allocation is excluded in the Annual Performance RIN	-2,718,418		-2,718,418
<b>Annual Performance RIN</b>	<b>543,974,725</b>	<b>445,669,935</b>	<b>989,644,659</b>
<b>Adjusted for:</b>			
• TUOS	0	322,894,851	322,894,851
• Finance costs	0	-1,532,741	-1,532,741
• Depreciation, amortisation & impairment	0	452,080,764	452,080,764
• Jurisdictional Scheme Payment	0	149,787,851	149,787,851
• Non-regulated services	3,193,712	36,222,023	39,415,735
• CAM recast changes	0	-28,645,127	-28,645,127
<b>Add back:</b>			
• Expenditure excluded in accordance with Annual Performance RIN requirements but included in the statutory account	19,099,082	-1,420,178	17,678,904
• Operational change - unregulated bad debts now reflected in EQLD		6,220	
<b>Audited Statutory Accounts - Consolidated</b>	<b>566,267,518</b>	<b>1,374,863,598</b>	<b>1,941,124,896</b>
<b>Adjusted for:</b>			
• Difference due to CAM recast	23,836,698		
• Unidentified variance	100,615		
<b>Audited Statutory Accounts - Consolidated Adjusted for CAM Recast</b>	<b>590,204,831</b>		
<b>CAPEX calculation from statutory account</b>			
<b>Property, Plant &amp; Equipment</b>			
- Additions (Work in Progress)	590,204,831		
	<b>590,204,831</b>		

## Appendix 3 - Mapping Table

### Mapping Table

#### CA RIN Categories vs Annual Reporting RIN Categories (Capex by Purpose)

Service Classification	Reset CA RIN Categories	Annual Reporting RIN (Capex by purpose)
<b>Network</b>		
Standard Control	Replacement	Asset Replacement
Standard Control	Connections	Connections and customer-initiated works
Standard Control	Augmentation	Augmentation
Alternative Control	Connections	ACS Connection Services
Alternative Control	Metering	ACS Metering Services
Alternative Control	Fee based services	Ancillary network services – fee based
Alternative Control	Quoted services	Ancillary network services – quoted
Alternative Control	Public lighting	ACS public lighting
<b>Non-network</b>		
Non-network excluding Control Centre - SCADA	Non-network	Non-network, ACS public lighting, ACS Metering, ACS Connections, Ancillary network services



# BOP - 2.2 Repex

## Table 2.2.1 - Replacement Expenditure, Volumes and Asset Failures by Asset Category 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Repex Expenditure

Table 3-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 2.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.</p>	<p>Not applicable as asset sub-categories have not been provided</p>
<p>In instances where Energex is reporting expenditure associated with asset refurbishments/ life extensions capex it must insert additional rows at the bottom of the Table for the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying the corresponding asset category name followed by the word "REFURBISHED".</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p>In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the subcategorisation provisions set out in (a) do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this.</p> <p>Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must ensure that the sum of the individual asset categories, including any additional sub-category, additional other asset category or asset refurbishment/ life extension asset category expenditure reconciles to the total expenditure of the asset group.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 3.7 - Explanatory notes and the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile.</p>
<p>Energex must ensure that the replacement volumes by asset group are equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in</p>	<p>Demonstrated in Step 4 - Final consistency check</p>

Table 2.2.2.	against RIN Table 2.2.2 below.
Energex must ensure that the sum of the asset group replacement expenditures is equal to the total replacement expenditure contained in RIN Template 2.1.	Demonstrated in Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.1 - Expenditure Summary & Reconciliation.

Table 3-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>The number of asset failures must be reported against the Asset Category. An asset failure is defined as the failure of an asset to perform its intended function safely and in compliance with jurisdictional regulations. It excludes external impacts such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• extreme or atypical weather events</li> <li>• third party interference, such as traffic accidents and vandalism</li> <li>• wildlife interference, but only where the wildlife interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> <li>• vegetation interference, but only where the vegetation interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> </ul> <p>It also excludes planned interruptions.</p>	Demonstrated in section Methodology

## Sources

### Repex Expenditure

The key data sources used to produce figures for replacement expenditure and asset replacement volumes through Distribution Monitoring Analytics (DMA) solution using source General Ledger (GL) Transaction Table and Planning Approval Reports.

The sources from which Energex obtained the required information is demonstrated below.

### SAP HANA

#### Expenditure dollar values

- Poles



- Pole top structures
- Overhead conductors
- Underground cables
- Service lines
- Transformers
- Switchgear
- Public lighting
- SCADA, network control and protection systems - SAP HANA and Planning Approval Reports

### Volume of asset replacements

- Poles
- Pole top structures
- Overhead conductors
- Underground cables
- Service lines
- Transformers
- Switchgear

## Methodology

### Repex Expenditure

The following approaches were applied to derive these values for replacement expenditure and replacement volumes against the Repex asset categories based on the current stage of the project:

#### *Replacement Expenditure Process*

##### Step 1 - Replacement project data extraction

- A report is run from the SAP HANA solution source Table - GL transaction which includes all replacement projects that incurred expenditure in the 2019-20 regulatory year under the replacement financial activity codes detailed in Table 3-7 below:

**Table 3-3 - Replacement financial activity codes**

Activity Code	Description	Typical Project Scope	Project Life Cycle
C2025	C20 - ART Asset	Sub-transmission replacement projects -overhead	12 months to max of 4-5

	Replacement - 11KV Network	lines and Underground Cables (=11kV).	years
C2040	C20 - ART Asset Replacement - Subtransmission	Sub-transmission replacement projects - power transformers, switchgear (>=11kV), overhead lines and Underground Cables (>11kV).	12 months to max of 4-5 years
C2065	C20 SCADA- ART Asset Replacement - SCADA / Telecoms	SCADA and Communications projects - Field Devices, various communication assets and Load Control devices	12 months to max of 4-5 years
C2540	C25 - ARD Ageing Assets	Distribution replacement projects - cross arms, transformers, switches, overhead lines and underground cables (<=11kV).	maximum 12 months
C2545	C25 - ARD Pole Reinstatement & Pole Nailing	Distribution replacement projects - poles, pole staking	maximum 12 months

- This report provides a list of all transactions incurred on replacement projects over the period.
- About SAP HANA Solution:
  - The SAP HANA Program introduced new capabilities to support the Asset Management Division to use information about Energex's assets in a way that improves network reliability, reduces network operations risks and enables proactive cost effective maintenance.
  - Previously information about our assets was housed in different repositories. SAP HANA brought the data together so it is now easier to manage and better supports effective decision making.
  - SAP HANA was designed to provide a single source of truth for asset information. Information from multiple systems brought together in two enterprise data solutions:
    - The Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW) and
    - OSI PI Historian, which currently houses SCADA information
  - The SAP HANA program supports the vision for Energex to comply with ISO55000 global standards.

## Step 2 - Stock code with Repex Asset Category code extraction

- Life to date material transaction records are used to allocate expenditure to the Repex asset categories for all projects that had expenditure in 2019-20.
- Stock code from Work orders - Every transaction happens under a work order which contains stock codes with Repex asset category and expenditure.
- Stock code from Estimates - Every project in Energex contains an Ellipse estimate which contains stock codes with Repex asset category code and estimated material amount. The process to get stock codes from these estimates is to filter 'in-progress' and 'Authorised' estimates with management phase "04 - construct" and/or "14-construction warehouse".

## Step 3 (a) - Apportionment Methodology - C20 (non-SCADA) & C25

- The apportionment process is explained with the following example (for illustration purpose only, not real data).
- From the GL Transaction Table, the following transactions were extracted for a Repex top project C0125252 DBS Replace 110kV Transformer with assumed 2019-20 financial year expenditure.

**Table 3-4 - GL Transaction 2019-20 Repex Project Transaction Example**

Transaction No	Expense Element	Transaction Amount	Repex Asset Category
67241280000	Labour	\$500,000	Unknown
71872900000	Material	\$790,000	TR Grd>66kV<=132kV<=100MVA
71872900002	Material	\$10,000	Unknown
27874220000	Contract	\$100,000	Unknown
67241280000	Other	\$31,981	Unknown
	<b>Total</b>	<b>\$1,631,981</b>	

- As shown in Table 3-8 material expenditure with Repex asset category will pass through directly to respective AER asset class. In the example, \$790,000 will be allocated to AER asset class 'TR Grd>66kV<=132kV<=100MVA' in Repex Table 2.2 expenditure Template.
- To allocate remaining unknown expenditure (\$1,631,981 - \$790,000 = \$841,981), life to date Repex asset category material transaction expenditure associated with the respective top project is extracted using step 2. The materials expenditure for Repex asset category will be

converted into weighted averages, based on the materials expenditure in each Repex asset category relative to the total Repex materials expenditure for the project.

**Table 3-5 - Life to Date Repex Material - Top Project C0125252**

Stock Code	Repex Asset Category	Transaction Amount	% Appointment = (Material Transaction amount) / (Total Material Transaction)
SC19456	SCADA Field Devices	\$214,000	2.29%
SC1256	Switchgear>22kV<=33kV;CB	\$1,500,000	16.04%
SC69856	Switchgear>66kV<=132kV;CB	\$1,440,000	15.39%
SC98647	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph	\$200,000	2.14%
SC64785	TR Grd>66kV<=132kV<=100MVA	\$6,000,000	64.14%
<b>Total cost of materials</b>	<b>Total</b>	<b>\$9,354,000</b>	<b>100%</b>

- Remaining unknown expenditure (\$1,631,981 - \$790,000 = \$841,981), will be allocated to the respective Repex asset category based on weightings shown in Table 3-9.

**Table 3-6 - Allocation of Expenditure - Top Project C0125252**

Asset Category	Apportionment	Repex Expenditure
SCADA Field Devices	= 2.29% x \$ 841,981	\$19,263
Switchgear>22kV<=33kV;CB	= 16.04% x \$ 841,981	\$135,019
Switchgear>66kV<=132kV;CB	= 15.39% x \$841,981	\$129,619
TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph	= 2.14% x \$841,981	\$18,003
TR Grd>66kV<=132kV<=100MVA	= 64.14% x \$841,981	\$540,078
<b>Total</b>	<b>100%</b>	<b>\$841,981</b>

### Step 3 (b) - Apportionment Methodology - SCADA

- Manual interpretation is required for some of the SCADA projects for the following reasons
  - Materials are sometimes provided by contractors and hence have no stock codes to use for apportionment.
  - The labour component of the SCADA/Communications projects far exceeds the material costs. The material transaction amounts for SCADA/Communications assets are also substantially less than non-communication materials (e.g. Poles). Applying the apportionment methodology based on material cost over-allocates expenditure to the non-communication assets and misrepresents the SCADA/communication costs.
- Refer manual apportionment methodology (Step 4) for SCADA manual apportionment process.

### Step 3 (c) - Apportionment Methodology - Pole Staking

- From GL Transaction top project number, identify the work orders containing the following pole staking Network Asset Management Program (NAMPs) - DF07, LF05, MS01 and SF08.
- Summation of these respective work orders' expenditure will be allocated in the RIN REPEX Template accordingly for pole staking.

### Step 4 - Manual Apportionment Methodology

- Manual apportionment is required for REPEX top projects in the following scenarios:
  - Where the data is returned from DMA as unmatched due to following reasons
- Projects with no Repex AER asset category
- Projects Repex transaction not able to produce weightings due to summation of material transaction being either zero or a negative value.
  - SCADA projects as stated in Step 3 (b)
- Manual apportionment is undertaken in accordance with the same methodology outlined in Step 3 (a) for each top project based on the scope of work. In order to determine the expenditure values and asset volumes of Repex assets replaced as part replacement projects, a detailed review of replacement projects was undertaken. Specifically, this involved reviewing individual project files and engineering specifications to identify the assets, and associated costs of the assets, which would be replaced as part of the project
- Manually apportioned information will be fed back into the DMA solution to ensure that the reporting is governed and repeatable.

## Step 5 - Template Input

- Outcome of apportionment methodology will be consolidated by Repex asset category and will be allocated accordingly in the Repex Template Table 2.2.1

## Replacement Volume Process

Step 1 and Step 2 are as illustrated in 2.3.2.1 Replacement Expenditure process

### Step 3 (a) - Replacement Volume - C25

- The lifecycle of C25 projects are typically a maximum of one year
  - In Energex for C25 projects, material transaction work orders will be closed once the transacted material has been electrically commissioned.
  - Using this material transaction work order closed date; materials commissioned in the nominated financial year go directly to the respective AER asset categories as 'replacement volumes' in REPEX Template Table 2.2.1.
- ### Step 3 (b) - Replacement Volume - C20 (non-SCADA)
- The lifecycle of C20 projects vary from one to multiple years
  - Using the 'date in service' from each sub - project or product (stage) level of each top project, respective AER asset class commissioned in the nominated financial year is obtained.
  - The validated quantities are entered into REPEX Template Table 2.2.1 accordingly.

### Step 3 (d) - Replacement Volume - Pole Staking

- The 'replacement volume' for the 'staking of a wooden pole' category is obtained from the DMA source system 'Physicals Actual' Table
  - The total 'replacement volume' is the summation of the 'actual physical' count from NAMPs DF07, LF05, MS01 and SF08 with a 'work order closed date' in the given financial year.
  - The summated quantity is entered in the REPEX Template Table 2.2.1.
- ### Step 4 - Final consistency check against RIN Table 2.2.2
- Energex ensured that the "replacement volumes by asset group" was equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in RIN Table 2.2.2.

## Assumptions

### Repex Expenditure

- At present, Energex does not report replacement expenditure according to the asset categories listed in RIN Table 2.2.1. In order to satisfy the data requirements in RIN Table

2.2.1, Energex had to develop a methodology of allocating replacement expenditure to the Repex asset categories.

- For each project that was analysed as part of RIN Table 2.2.1, Energex has calculated a value of the life-to-date materials expenditure against each of the Repex asset categories. The materials expenditure for Repex asset categories has been converted into weighted averages, based on the materials expenditure in each Repex asset category relative to the total materials expenditure for the project. The weighted average values calculated for each Repex asset category was used as a basis for allocating total non-Repex material expenditure (labour, contract and others) to respective Repex asset categories in the Repex Template.
- Asset replacement volumes for Service Lines include apportionment of Services replaced under (C2025, C2040, C2065, C2540 and C2545). These quantities have been calculated using a 25m length for each service line quantity.
- Service line expenditure and volume are split into Residential and Commercial & Industrial. The split between Residential and Commercial & Industrial service lines was based on the overall customer base, where 8% of customers are Commercial & Industrial and the balance is Residential. Refer to basis of preparation 5.2.2 Asset age profile - Service lines for more information.
- ACS Public lighting projects included in RIN Template 4.1 were excluded from RIN Table 2.2.1.
- Overhead conductor and underground cable replacement volumes were provided as "km".

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in the CA 2.2.1 table.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Repex Expenditure**

#### **General issues**

- In distribution businesses it is very common for projects to span a number of years depending on the complexity of the project. However, the CA RIN requires expenditure to be reported on an as incurred basis. This definition leads to a disconnection between replacement expenditure and replacement volumes. For example, if a project spans five years the bulk of the expenditure may occur in the third year based on the purchase of major items, however the project may not be commissioned until the fifth year.

- Only projects with a primary replacement driver have been included in this analysis. As a result, assets replaced due to condition, as part of an augmentation driven project, were not included in this analysis.

### **Asset specific issues**

- Communications Network Assets and Communications Site Infrastructure have equipment where there is a significant amount of equipment not sourced through the Energex Store systems, thus it is necessary to manually adjust a range of figures to account for this.
- In 2019-20, the Repex expenditure and volume data for asset class Switchgear<=11kV, Fuse has been allocated to the asset Switchgear<=11kV, Switch to align with 5.2.1 Asset age profile allocation.

### **Other asset categorisation**

- Energex identified expenditure in 2019-20 that could not be allocated to existing AER replacement categories. This expenditure is listed in the other (DNSP defined) at the bottom of the Template as "Other non AER Asset Categories". This expenditure covers combination of following categories:

### **Non AER assets:**

- Meter
- Miscellaneous material
- Instrument Transformer replacement
- Insulators
- NER - Neutral Earthing Resistor
- OHEW - Over Head Earth Wire
- Substation Batteries
- Earthing transformer
- >=110kV CT (Current Transformer)
- >=110kV VT (Voltage Transformer)
- >=11kV <=33kV CT (Current Transformer)
- >=1kV <= 11kV Capacitor
- >1kV <= 11kV Regulator
- Finance balancing without project detail (\$59,618)



The annual expenditure allocated to "Other Non AER Asset Categories" in the Repex model for the 2019/20 regulatory year was \$4,086,870.

## Table 2.2.1 - Replacement Expenditure, Volumes and Asset Failures by Asset Category 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### SCADA (Asset Replacement)

Table 3-7 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-7 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 2.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.</p>	<p>Not applicable as asset sub-categories have not been provided</p>
<p>In instances where Energex is reporting expenditure associated with asset refurbishments/ life extensions capex it must insert additional rows at the bottom of the Table for the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying the corresponding asset category name followed by the word "REFURBISHED".</p>	<p>Not applicable</p>
<p>In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the subcategorisation provisions set out in (a) do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this.</p> <p>Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must ensure that the sum of the individual asset categories, including any additional sub-category, additional other asset category or asset refurbishment/ life extension asset category expenditure reconciles to the total expenditure of the asset group.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 3.7 - Explanatory notes and the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile.</p>
<p>Energex must ensure that the replacement volumes by asset group are equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in Table 2.2.2.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in Step 4 - Final consistency check against RIN Table 2.2.2 below.</p>

Energex must ensure that the sum of the asset group replacement expenditures is equal to the total replacement expenditure contained in RIN Template 2.1.	Demonstrated in Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.1 - Expenditure Summary & Reconciliation.
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Table 3-8 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-8 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>The number of asset failures must be reported against the Asset Category. An asset failure is defined as the failure of an asset to perform its intended function safely and in compliance with jurisdictional regulations. It excludes external impacts such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>extreme or atypical weather events</li> <li>third party interference, such as traffic accidents and vandalism</li> <li>wildlife interference, but only where the wildlife interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> <li>vegetation interference, but only where the vegetation interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> </ul> <p>It also excludes planned interruptions.</p>	Demonstrated in section 3.4 (Methodology)

## Sources

### SCADA (Asset Replacement)

The source from which Energex obtained the required information for SCADA Replacements is SAP HANA and Planning approval reports.

## Methodology

### SCADA (Asset Replacement)

Step 1 and Step 2 are as illustrated in 2.3.2.1 Replacement Expenditure process

Step 3 (c) - Replacement Volume - SCADA

- As per Step 3 (b) C20 (non-SCADA); and

- Materials are sometimes provided by contractors and hence have no Energex stock codes with AER asset classification. These materials are added manually to ensure accuracy and completeness of the data (e.g. equipment sourced for the Matrix project)

## **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in the CA 2.2.1 table.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **SCADA (Asset Replacement)**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.2.1 - Replacement Expenditure, Volumes and Asset Failures by Asset Category 3

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### SCADA (Asset Failure)

Table 3-9 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-9 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 2.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.	Not applicable as asset sub-categories have not been provided
In instances where Energex is reporting expenditure associated with asset refurbishments/ life extensions capex it must insert additional rows at the bottom of the Table for the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying the corresponding asset category name followed by the word "REFURBISHED".	Not applicable
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the subcategorisation provisions set out in (a) do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this.  Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must ensure that the sum of the individual asset categories, including any additional sub-category, additional other asset category or asset refurbishment/ life extension asset category expenditure reconciles to the total expenditure of the asset group.	Demonstrated in section 3.7 - Explanatory notes and the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile.
Energex must ensure that the replacement volumes by asset group are equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in Table 2.2.2.	Demonstrated in Step 4 - Final consistency check against RIN Table 2.2.2 below.

Energex must ensure that the sum of the asset group replacement expenditures is equal to the total replacement expenditure contained in RIN Template 2.1.	Demonstrated in Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.1 - Expenditure Summary & Reconciliation.
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Table 3-10 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-10 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>The number of asset failures must be reported against the Asset Category. An asset failure is defined as the failure of an asset to perform its intended function safely and in compliance with jurisdictional regulations. It excludes external impacts such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>extreme or atypical weather events</li> <li>third party interference, such as traffic accidents and vandalism</li> <li>wildlife interference, but only where the wildlife interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> <li>vegetation interference, but only where the vegetation interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> </ul> <p>It also excludes planned interruptions.</p>	Demonstrated in section 3.4 (Methodology)

## Sources

### SCADA (Asset Failure)

The source from which Energex obtained the required information for SCADA Failures is Ellipse.

## Methodology

### SCADA (Asset Failure)

Failure data was extracted from the relevant source systems for each Asset Category for the current reporting period and filtered to ensure only inherent functional failures were included. This was achieved by excluding particular failure codes, using key word searches and analysing failure descriptions. Each failure event has the date recorded, enabling it to be counted in the appropriate year.

- A level of consistency in data extraction and filtering was maintained wherever practically possible throughout the reporting process.
- For each Asset Group, the failures data was extracted from the source systems into a central working folder ("AER\_CA\_RIN\_Asset Failures 2019-20"). A separate folder for each Asset Group was created beneath the central working folder, and a worksheet was created using the failures data. Each worksheet was filtered for the Asset Category to derive the number of failures. The individual worksheets contain the specific Asset Category information sorted by highest operating voltage - this ensured that any filtering criteria used were clearly visible in each worksheet.

### **SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems Failures**

- Failure rates for SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems assets were obtained by evaluating repair work orders. The process commenced by extracting a list of all work orders relating to the failure of service / equipment from Ellipse. If the work order showed there was a loss of function of an asset, this was categorised as an asset failure and allocated against an appropriate asset category in the year in which it occurred. Data at the work order level was then collated to provide the total number of asset failures for each asset category for the 2019-20 regulatory year.

### **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in the CA 2.2.1 table.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### **SCADA (Asset Failure)**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.2.1 - Replacement Expenditure, Volumes and Asset Failures by Asset Category 4

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Repex Asset Failures by Category

Table 3-11 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-11 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 2.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.	Not applicable as asset sub-categories have not been provided
In instances where Energex is reporting expenditure associated with asset refurbishments/ life extensions capex it must insert additional rows at the bottom of the Table for the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying the corresponding asset category name followed by the word "REFURBISHED".	Not applicable
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the subcategorisation provisions set out in (a) do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this.  Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must ensure that the sum of the individual asset categories, including any additional sub-category, additional other asset category or asset refurbishment/ life extension asset category expenditure reconciles to the total expenditure of the asset group.	Demonstrated in section 3.7 - Explanatory notes and the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile.
Energex must ensure that the replacement volumes by asset group are equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in Table 2.2.2.	Demonstrated in Step 4 - Final consistency check against RIN Table 2.2.2 below.



Energex must ensure that the sum of the asset group replacement expenditures is equal to the total replacement expenditure contained in RIN Template 2.1.	Demonstrated in Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.1 - Expenditure Summary & Reconciliation.
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Table 3-12 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-12 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>The number of asset failures must be reported against the Asset Category. An asset failure is defined as the failure of an asset to perform its intended function safely and in compliance with jurisdictional regulations. It excludes external impacts such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>extreme or atypical weather events</li> <li>third party interference, such as traffic accidents and vandalism</li> <li>wildlife interference, but only where the wildlife interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> <li>vegetation interference, but only where the vegetation interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> </ul> <p>It also excludes planned interruptions.</p>	Demonstrated in section 3.4 Methodology

## Sources

### Repex Asset Failures by Category

Table 3-13 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 3-13 - Information Sources**

Network Tariff Code	Customer Type
Poles Failures	In-service Pole Failure Register
Pole Top Structures Failures	EPM
Overhead Conductors Failures	EPM

Underground Cables Failures	EPM
Service Lines Failures	EPM
Transformers Failures (110kV/132kV/33kV) (Distribution Transformer)	Power Transformer Issues Register EPM
Switchgear Failures(>= 33kV Circuit Breakers) (All other types)	Network Investigation Report EPM

## Methodology

### Repex Asset Failures by Category

Failure data was extracted from the relevant source systems for each Asset Category for the current reporting period and filtered to ensure only inherent functional failures were included. This was achieved by excluding particular failure codes, using key word searches and analysing failure descriptions. Each failure event has the date recorded, enabling it to be counted in the appropriate year.

- A level of consistency in data extraction and filtering was maintained wherever practically possible throughout the reporting process.
- For each Asset Group, the failures data was extracted from the source systems into a central working folder ("AER\_CA\_RIN\_Asset Failures 2019/20"). A separate folder for each Asset Group was created beneath the central working folder, and a worksheet was created using the failures data. Each worksheet was filtered for the Asset Category to derive the number of failures. The individual worksheets contain the specific Asset Category information sorted by highest operating voltage - this ensured that any filtering criteria used were clearly visible in each worksheet.

### Poles Failures

- All in-service pole functional failures are investigated and recorded in a pole failure register by the Asset Lifecycle Management Group within Asset Management. This register is consistent with the AER requirements and definitions, enabling the data to be extracted without further analysis.
- In-service functional failure of street light poles is also recorded under Poles failures.
- The filtered spreadsheet was included in the central working folder. The data was collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in the RIN Table 2.2.1.

## **Pole Top Structures Failures**

- The major source of in-service failures for pole top structures is due to the failure of crossarms. Crossarm failures are reported in the corporate performance reporting system EPM. An EPM report was developed to provide crossarm failures by line voltage level, as required in RIN Table 2.2.1.
- The filtered spreadsheet was included in the central working folder. The data was collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in the RIN Table 2.2.1.

## **Overhead Conductors Failures**

- Overhead conductor failure outage data for the period 01/07/2019 to 30/06/2020 was extracted from the EPM report and placed in the central working folder. Failure outage data based on specific cause codes (e.g. third party, vegetation, weather, underground, substation, wildlife, etc.) was excluded. Any outage data with an underground cause code or a part code indicating underground or crossarm was also excluded.
- The data was analysed in detail by examining the 'fault' description and 'action taken' description entered by the Network Operator. All of the failure data was analysed in detail, with an additional 'FLAG' column added to the spreadsheet to indicate whether the data was to be included or excluded (any data that was erroneous was not included in the filtered spreadsheet view).
- The total asset failures were then collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.

## **Underground Cables Failures**

- Underground conductor failure outage data for the period 01/07/2019 to 30/06/2020 was extracted from the EPM report and also placed in the central working folder. Filtering techniques involved the inclusion of data containing the specific cause code for underground equipment failure (this excludes for example: third party, vegetation, weather, substation, wildlife). It must be noted that failures of pillars were not included as underground cables failures.
- The data was analysed in detail by examining the 'fault' description and 'action taken' description entered by the Network Operator. All of the failure data was analysed in detail, with an additional 'FLAG' column added to the spreadsheet to indicate whether the data was to be included or excluded (any data that was erroneous was not included in the filtered spreadsheet view).
- The total asset failures were then collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.

## Service Lines Failures

- Service line failure data for the period 01/07/2019 to 30/06/2020 was extracted from the EPM report and also placed in the central working folder. Due to the specific cause codes for Service Lines (Network - Repair Active Service Tail, Network - Repair Neutral Service Tail, Network - Replaced Service, Network - Replaced Service Fittings), additional filtering was unnecessary as this naturally excludes for example: third party, vegetation, weather, substation, and wildlife.
- The total asset failures were then collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.

## Transformers Failures

- For 11 kV distribution transformer failures; outages involving in-service failure data are identified in EPM for the period 01/07/2019 to 30/06/2020. This data was included in the central working folder. The initiating component identifier was used to filter for the relevant outages. The outages already included in previous reports were also removed from consideration. The remaining filtered failure data was analysed in detail, with an additional 'FLAG' column added to the spreadsheet to indicate whether the data was to be included or excluded. The total asset failure figures were then collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.
- Power transformer asset failures in the primary voltage range 132 kV to 33 kV are collected after investigation and recorded in the Power Transformer Issues Register by the Asset Lifecycle Management Group within Asset Management. This register is consistent with the AER requirements and definitions, enabling the data to be extracted without further analysis. This data was included in the central working spreadsheet to collate the total asset failures for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.

## Switchgear Failures

- All in-service circuit breakers failures are investigated and recorded in the Network Investigations Report Register by the Asset Lifecycle Management Group within Asset Management. This register is consistent with the AER requirements and definitions, enabling the data to be extracted without further analysis. This data was extracted into the central working folder to collate the total asset failures for each of the relevant subcategories in RIN Table 2.2.1.
- For switchgear failures, outages involving in-service failure data are identified in EPM for the period 01/07/2019 to 30/06/2020. This data was included in the central working folder. The outages already included in other categories were filtered out. All of the filtered failure data was analysed in detail, with an additional 'FLAG' column added to the spreadsheet to indicate

whether the data was to be included or excluded. The total asset failures were then collated for each of the relevant sub-categories in RIN Table 2.2.1.

## **Assumptions**

### **Repex Asset Failures by Category**

- For Overhead Conductor, Underground Cable and Service Line Asset failures, the quantity of failure events in the year is reported, not the length of failed asset.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in the CA 2.2.1 table.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Repex Asset Failures by Category**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.2.1 - Replacement Expenditure, Volumes and Asset Failures by Asset Category 5

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Public Lighting Failures

Table 3-14 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-14 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 2.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.	Not applicable as asset sub-categories have not been provided
In instances where Energex is reporting expenditure associated with asset refurbishments/ life extensions capex it must insert additional rows at the bottom of the Table for the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying the corresponding asset category name followed by the word "REFURBISHED".	Not applicable
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the subcategorisation provisions set out in (a) do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this.  Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must ensure that the sum of the individual asset categories, including any additional sub-category, additional other asset category or asset refurbishment/ life extension asset category expenditure reconciles to the total expenditure of the asset group.	Demonstrated in section 3.7 - Explanatory notes and the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile.
Energex must ensure that the replacement volumes by asset group are equal to the applicable replacement volume data provided in Table 2.2.2.	Demonstrated in Step 4 - Final consistency check against RIN Table 2.2.2 below.

Energex must ensure that the sum of the asset group replacement expenditures is equal to the total replacement expenditure contained in RIN Template 2.1.	Demonstrated in Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.1 - Expenditure Summary & Reconciliation.
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Table 3-15 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-15 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>The number of asset failures must be reported against the Asset Category. An asset failure is defined as the failure of an asset to perform its intended function safely and in compliance with jurisdictional regulations. It excludes external impacts such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• extreme or atypical weather events</li> <li>• third party interference, such as traffic accidents and vandalism</li> <li>• wildlife interference, but only where the wildlife interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> <li>• vegetation interference, but only where the vegetation interference directly, clearly and unambiguously influenced asset performance</li> </ul> <p>It also excludes planned interruptions.</p>	Demonstrated in section 3.4 Methodology

## Sources

### Public Lighting Failures

Ellipse, Report Explorer, Intrinsic Energy Activity Database

## Methodology

### Public Lighting Failures

- For public lighting luminaire failures, all replacements undertaken by streetlighting maintenance contractor Intrinsic Energy with a failure mode indicating the luminaire has been identified as no longer operational have been included. Failure data based on third party cause codes (e.g. storm, vandalism.) was excluded.

- For public lighting lamp failures, all replacements undertaken by streetlighting maintenance contractor Intrinsic Energy indicating the lamp has been replaced, and identified with the following drivers have been included:
  - a replacement driver of either end of life
  - a fault driver of either inoperative, flickering or cycling
  - did not require a luminaire replacement

Failure data based on third party cause codes (e.g. storm, vandalism.) was excluded.

- The data for actual number of failures is extracted from Streetlighting maintenance contractor Intrinsic Energy monthly Activity Report. The maintenance data is captured at site in conjunction with the completion each activity utilizing the contractors electronic work dispatching/updating device. This data is then uploaded into their database and utilized for reporting and billing purposes.
- This contract constitutes the bulk of the maintenance work on lights in the Energex network, with lighting maintenance undertaken by internal staff only for the remote towns of Boonah, Gatton & Esk.

(A failure of a street light pole is contained under Poles Failures.)

#### **Public Lighting Failures - Brackets**

- The volume of public lighting bracket failures was reported as nil for each year on the basis that Energex has not reported any brackets failures during the reporting period.

#### **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

#### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in the CA 2.2.1 table.

#### **Explanatory Notes**

##### **Public Lighting Failures**

Not applicable.



## Table 2.2.2 - Selected Asset Characteristics 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Volumes Currently in Commission

Table 3-16 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-16 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide total volume of assets currently in commission and replacement volumes of certain asset groups by specified aggregated metrics. In instances where this information is estimated Energex must explain how it has determined the volumes, detailing the process and assumptions used to allocate asset volumes to the aggregated metrics.	This requirement was addressed in the preparing RIN Table 2.2.2

### Sources

#### Asset Volumes Currently in Commission

Table 3-17 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 3-17 - Information Sources**

Network Tariff Code	Customer Type
<b>Assets Volumes Currently in Commission</b>	
Total Poles By: Feeder Type	DMA/GIS
Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length By Feeder Type	DMA
Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length Material Type	DMA
Underground Cables By: Cable Length By Feeder	DMA
Transformers By: Total MVA	DMA
<b>Asset Replacements</b>	
Transformers By: Total MVA	DMA

## Methodology

### Table 2.2.2 - Selected Asset Characteristics

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

The RIN Configuration Solution data Profiling types:

- Global Prorata - Global Prorata - This process involves taking all poles with complete information and generating a profile for all the Pole groups. Poles with missing information are allocated across the all possible groups based on the percentages generated by the profile.
- Prorata - The data is found in a particular group i.e. Poles dated pre 1920. A profile is then created based on the data found in a particular group of the Prorated data i.e. 1970 through to 1999. The data is then distributed across the range based on the Profile.
- Lookup Profile - A profile is generated and loaded in the solution which can be applied over the Data.

### Asset Volumes Currently in Commission

#### Total Poles By: Feeder Type

1. Core information was extracted from DMA Reports.
  - Current feeder categories were used to determine the feeder category.
  - LV network inherited the feeder category of the 11kV feeder delivering the supply to the network.
  - Voltages higher than 11kV were not included as they are not allocated a feeder Category.
2. The extract was from the DMA RIN Reports:
  - All sites with a grade code of W were excluded as W sites are customer owned sites.
  - Plastic Poles were also excluded (24 Poles in total).
  - Streetlight poles with a material type of Steel or Aluminum (175,261 Poles in total)
3. Results were extracted to an Excel file.
4. Overhead routes were assigned feeder categories based snapshot taken at the end of the current financial year. Where Routes had more than one feeder category, the pole inherited a category based on the following order:
  - Urban
  - Rural
  - CBD (High Density)

5. Poles from the Excel file are Spatially joined to the Routes
  - Poles and their routes were spatially mapped using GIS tool.
  - Poles were linked to the closest route and inherit the feeder category from the route.

**Overhead Conductors by: Conductor Length by Feeder Type**

1. SRC\_OVERHEAD is the source Table, which contains snapshot history.
2. A report was extracted from the RIN Configuration Solution in DMA:
  - Conductors were not allocated an ownership value, which generally means that customer owned conductors were not captured within NFM. There are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through these customer owned assets. When this occurred Energex captured these conductors. In addition, assets that were sold to customers and there are benefits in continuing to store this data the data was not removed from NFM.

To minimise the effect of captured customer conductors, it was assumed that where a conductor is connected to only customer assets then that conductor was also customer owned and excluded.

Estimated Customer Conductor	Quantity (km)
Unknown Category	
Urban	0.11
Rural	1.83

3. Within the report conductors with an unknown category (16.14 km) were pro-rated into categories CBD, Urban and Rural based on a Global Prorata.

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age Tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

**Overhead Conductor By: Conductor Length Material Type**

1. SRC\_OVERHEAD is the source Table, which contains snapshot history.
2. A report was extract from the RIN Configuration Solution in DMA
  - Conductors are not allocated a customer ownership value within NFM. However, there are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through these customer owned assets, when this occurs Energex captures these particular customer owned conductors in NFM. In addition NFM stores information for assets that have been sold to customers where Energex believes there is a benefit to continue to store this data.

To minimise the effect of captured customer conductors, it was assumed that where a conductor is connected to customer assets only the conductor is customer owned and was, therefore, excluded.

Estimated Customer Conductor	Quantity (km)
AAAC	
HDBC	0.3
ACSR	0.92
AAC	0.73

- Only overhead conductors were extracted.
  - Where different conductor types existed for a single span the material with the maximum code value was used. Generally this will result in the following preference, affecting a non-material portion of conductors:
    - OH conductor LV ABC
    - OH conductor Steel
    - OH conductor ACSR
    - OH conductor AAAC
    - OH conductor AAC
    - OH conductor HDBC
  - OH Conductor ABC was split into OH conductor HVABC and OH conductor LV ABC as Energex uses ABC for LV and 11KV. The OH Conductor HV ABC was added to the total for OH Conductor AAC.
3. The detailed conductor types were manually rolled up to OH Conductor ABC, OH conductor Steel, OH conductor ACSR, OH conductor AAAC, OH conductor AAC, OH conductor HDBC
  4. The detailed conductor types roll up allocation was then validated by the Maintenance Department to ensure data integrity.

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age Tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

### **Underground Cables by: Cable Length by Feeder Type**

1. SRC\_UNDERGROUND is the source Table, which contains snapshot history.
2. The Report was run from the RIN Configuration Solution in DMA
  - a. Conductors are not allocated an ownership value, which generally means that customer owned conductors are not captured within NFM. There are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through these customer owned assets. When this occurred Energex captured these conductors. In addition, assets that were sold to customers and there are benefits in continuing to store this data the data was not removed from NFM.

To minimise the effect of captured customer conductors, it was assumed that where a conductor is connected to only customer assets then that conductor was also customer owned and excluded.

Estimated Customer Cable	Quantity (km)
CBD	0.29
Urban	20.91
Rural	11.03

3. Within the report cables with an unknown category (22.66 km) were pro-rated into categories CBD, Urban and Rural using a global Prorata profile.

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age Tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

#### **Transformer By: Total MVA**

1. SLOT\_TR is the source Table, which contains snapshot history.
2. A report was run from the RIN Configuration Solution in DMA.
3. Current Capacity was the summation of all known Rated Outputs for the end of the financial year.

#### **Asset Replacements**

##### **Transformer By: Total MVA**

1. SLOT\_TR is the source Table, which contains snapshot history.
2. A report was run from the RIN Configuration Solution in DMA.
3. Report contained all distribution transformers installed under a Repex costing Category and all possible Power transformer candidates for the current financial year. The report contained details on current transformer capacity, previous capacity, Top Project Identifier and Cost Groupings.

- The Top Project and the Cost Grouping align with 2.2.1. This allowed the use of the same base information to identify which Transformers were installed under a Repex costing. Without this information it was not possible to identify Repex from other costing groups e.g. Augex in 2014-15.
4. Excel files were used to update power transformer details that were replaced under Repex works.
  5. Both manually entered Power Transformer Data and automated Distribution MVA data were added together for the current financial year to populate the Replaced and Previous MVA for the Disposed.

## **Assumptions**

### **Asset Volumes Currently in Commission Total Poles By: Feeder Type**

- The pole data does not include assets that are in store or held for spares.
- The pole data does not include Streetlight poles of a material of Steel or Aluminium. There are 177,236 of 626,733 poles that are Streetlights.
- This only includes poles that are In Service and Inferred In Service (poles that are nonspatial are not included).

### **Overhead Conductors by: Conductor Length by Feeder Type**

- The overhead conductor data does not include assets that were in store or held for spares.
- Feeder type will be derived from the feeder category.

### **Overhead Conductor by: Conductor Length Material Type**

- The overhead conductor data does not include assets that were in store or held for spares.
- Only one conductor type can exist per span.

### **Underground Cable by: Cable Length by Feeder Type**

- The underground cable data does not include assets that were in store or held for spares.
- Feeder type will be derived from the feeder category.

### **Transformer by: Total MVA**

- All data derived from DMA which is generally not the usual source for all capacity data. This is because the usual system, SIFT, is used for sub-transmission capacity, however this system is unable to determine replacement and disposal information.

## **Asset Replacements**

- Replacement of Power Transformers will have a material effect on the values reported.

Power Transformers (MVA)	2019-20
TOTAL MVA REPLACED	150
TOTAL MVA DISPOSED OF	80

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to Asset Volumes currently in commission.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### **Asset Volumes Currently in Commission**

Energex does not have any rural long feeders.



## Table 2.2.2 - Selected Asset Characteristics 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Replacements

Table 3-18 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 3-18 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide total volume of assets currently in commission and replacement volumes of certain asset groups by specified aggregated metrics. In instances where this information is estimated Energex must explain how it has determined the volumes, detailing the process and assumptions used to allocate asset volumes to the aggregated metrics.	This requirement was addressed in the preparing RIN Table 2.2.2

### Sources

#### Asset Replacements

The sources from which Energex obtained the required information for the following is Other variables within Tables 2.2.1 and 2.2.2.

- Total Poles By: Feeder Type
- Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length By Feeder Type
- Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length Material Type
- Underground Cables By: Cable Length By Feeder

### Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

The RIN Configuration Solution data Profiling types:

- Global Prorata - Global Prorata - This process involves taking all poles with complete information and generating a profile for all the Pole groups. Poles with missing information are allocated across the all possible groups based on the percentages generated by the profile.
- Prorata - The data is found in a particular group i.e. Poles dated pre 1920. A profile is then created based on the data found in a particular group of the Prorated data i.e. 1970 through to 1999. The data is then distributed across the range based on the Profile.

- Lookup Profile - A profile is generated and loaded in the solution which can be applied over the Data.

## **Asset Replacements**

1. The following variables were calculated from values contained in RIN Tables 2.2.1 and 2.2.2:
  - Total Poles By: Feeder Type;
  - Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length by Feeder Type;
  - Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length Material Type; and
  - Underground Cables By: Cable Length by Feeder Type.
2. Asset replacement volumes for the specific asset groups have been calculated by taking the total number of assets replaced from RIN Table 2.2.1 and apportioning the replacements based on the asset volumes currently in commission from Table 2.2.2. For example. The total number of poles of all voltages replaced in 2019-20 is spread between Urban and Rural short poles based on the volumes currently in service.

## **Assumptions**

### **Asset Replacements**

All asset replacements for the following classifications were proportioned in accordance with the "Asset Volumes Currently in Commission":

- Feeder classification and material type:
  - Total Poles By: Feeder Type;
  - Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length By Feeder Type;
  - Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length Material Type; and
  - Underground Cables By: Cable Length by Feeder.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Asset Replacements**

The following asset replacement volumes are Estimated Information:

- Total Poles By: Feeder Type
- Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length by Feeder Type;
- Overhead Conductors By: Conductor Length Material Type; and
- Underground Cables By: Cable Length by Feeder Type.

These asset replacement volumes are considered Estimated Information due to the judgements made during the categorisation of quantities.

We have also had regard to the correspondence issued to management by the Australian Energy Regulator on 21 July 2016 and 12 August 2016 clarifying the presentation requirement of information in the RIN data Templates; in particular the requirement to present information as estimated if the Energex is unable to provide actual Information.

### **Justification for Estimated Information**

Energex does not capture costs or quantities in the categories required in RIN Table 2.2.2. As such Energex was required to manually categorise each into the categories required.

Energex notes that replacement projects can be by nature have a combination of two or more of the zone attributes (CBD, Urban and rural). Energex systems and processes currently do not enable detailed zone attributes to be captured.

### **Basis of Estimated Information**

Energex has estimated the replacement volumes for the specific asset groups (Selected Asset Characteristics RIN Table 2.2.2) based on the total volume of actual assets replaced as set out in RIN Table 2.2.1 therefore it is the most reliable source of data for asset replacement volumes as per the AERs definitions. The SAP HANA developed by DEBBs team to provide a single source system (using actual source system data) transparency and repeatability. There are processes and governance for the SAP HANA to ensure integrity of data sourced via this reporting system. Previously RIN Configuration Solution and DMA report has been obsolete as EQL is working toward one EPM and ERP systems across Ergon Energy and Energex..

Asset replacement volumes for the specific asset groups and metric sets have been calculated by taking the total number of assets replaced from RIN Table 2.2.1 (reported as actuals) and then apportioning the appropriate replacement volume(s) across the categories in RIN Table 2.2.2. The actual asset volumes in commission are obtained from corporate systems which are contemporaneous and represent the best known network asset information. This same information is used by Energex for making asset lifecycle planning and investment decisions. Based on current business practice, and the fact there is no other valid alternative to source this specific metric set information, Energex's considers this represents the best estimate available as it uses actual data and disaggregates this to provide the best known asset information at the metric set (i.e. disaggregated) level.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Asset Replacements**

Energex does not have any rural long feeders.

# BOP - 2.3 Augex

## Table 2.3.1 - Augex Asset Data - Subtransmission Substations, Switching Stations and Zone Substations

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 5-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 5-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in the Basis of Preparation under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Unless otherwise indicated, 'Rating' or 'MVA added' refers to equipment's normal cyclic rating (for substations) or thermal rating (for lines and cables). As specified in the respective definitions of normal cyclic rating (for substations) and thermal rating (for lines and cables), Energex must provide its definition(s) of 'normal conditions' in the Basis of Preparation.</p>	<p>The calculations of capacity are based on normal conditions. Please refer to Section 5.5 Assumptions for the definition of normal conditions.</p>
<p>Energex must not include information for gifted assets.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Energex must enter related party and non- related party contracts expenditures in the 'All related party contracts' and 'All nonrelated party contracts' columns, respectively.</p> <p>i. Expenditure figures inputted into the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns do not contribute to the column that calculates the total direct expenditure on an Augex project ('Total direct expenditure').</p> <p>ii. Energex must record all contract expenditure for Augex projects under the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns. Energex must then allocate such contract expenditure to the appropriate 'Plant and equipment expenditure and volume' and 'Other expenditure columns. For example, if a nonrelated party contract involves expenditure on civil works, Energex must record that expenditure under the 'All non-related party contracts' and 'Other expenditure - Civil works' columns.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of party and non- related party contracts expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>

<p>Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$5 million (nominal):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time in the years specified; and</li> <li>• input the required details.</li> </ul> <p>For Table 2.3.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission line owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time during the years specified; and</li> <li>• input the required details.</li> </ul>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project less than \$5 million (nominal) (non-material projects):</p> <p>For Table 2.3.1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the years specified in the penultimate row in the Table, as indicated.</li> </ul> <p>For Table 2.3.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the years specified in the penultimate row in the Table, as indicated.</li> </ul>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Energex must record all expenditure data on a project close basis in real dollars (\$2019-20). Energex must not include data for augmentation works where project close occurs after the years specified but incurs expenditure prior to this date.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>

In relation to RIN Table 2.3.1:

- For the avoidance of doubt, this includes augmentation works on any substation in Energex 's network, including those which are notionally operating at transmission voltages. In such cases, choose 'Other - specify' in the 'Substation type' category and describe the type of substation in the basis of preparation.
 

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Voltage and Substation Type

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions
- Each row must represent data for an augmentation project for an individual substation.
 

Please refer to Table 5.5: Substation Projects with Feeder Components
- If an augmentation project applies to two substations, for example, Energex must enter data for the two substations in two rows.
 

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project Type
- Where a substation augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the Basis of Preparation.
 

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Substation ID and Project ID
- Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, it must provide details in the basis of preparation document(s).
 

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project trigger
- For 'Substation ID' and 'Project ID', put Energex's identifier for the substation and project, respectively. This may be the substation/project name, location and/or code.
 

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions
- For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the Basis of Preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the Basis of Preparation.
 

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions
- For substation voltages, enter voltages in the format xx/xx, reflecting the primary and secondary voltages. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 500/275, where 500kV is the primary voltage and 275kV is the secondary voltage.
 

Details around the reporting expenditure on materials is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.
- Where a tertiary voltage is applicable, enter voltages in the format xx/xx/xx. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 220/110/33, where 220kV, 110kV and 33kV are the primary, secondary and tertiary voltages, respectively.
- For substation ratings, 'Pre' refers to the relevant characteristic prior to the augmentation work; 'Post' refers to the relevant characteristic after the augmentation work. Where a rating metric does not undergo any change, or

where the project relates to the establishment of a new substation, input the metric only in the 'Post' column.

Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, and other plant items, include only the procurement costs of the equipment. This must not include installation

In relation to RIN Table 2.3.2:

- For the avoidance of doubt, this includes augmentation works on any subtransmission line in Energex's network. If Energex owns and operates any lines or cables notionally operating at transmission voltages, record any augmentation expenditure relating to such lines or cables in this Table.
- Each row should represent data for all circuits of a given voltage subject to augmentation works under the Project ID.
- If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of the same voltage, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in one row.
- If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of different voltages, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in two rows
- Where a subtransmission lines augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the Basis of Preparation.
- Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, provide details in the basis of preparation.
- For 'Line ID', input Energex's identifier for the circuit(s) subject to augmentation works under the Project ID. This may be the circuit name(s), location and/or code.
- For 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the project. This may be the project name, location and/or code.
- For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the basis of preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the basis of preparation.
- For length metrics, 'km added' refers to the gross addition of the relevant length measure resulting from the augmentation work
- This must not be net of line or cable removal. If the

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions

Please refer to Table 5.5 Substation Projects with Feeder Components

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project type

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Line ID

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project ID

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project trigger

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Route Line Length Added

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Route Line Length Added



augmentation project includes line or cable removal, describe the amount in Basis of Preparation.	
Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, poles/towers, lines, cables and other plant items, include only the procurement costs of the equipment.  This must not include installation costs.	Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology
Under 'Total expenditure' for civil works, do not include civil works expenditure related to poles/towers. As a guide, expenditure Energex may input under 'Other expenditure - Civil works' includes (but is not limited to) construction of access tracks, construction pads and vegetation clearance.	Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology
Expenditure inputted under the 'Land and easements' columns is mutually exclusive from expenditure that appears in the columns that sum to the 'Total direct expenditure' column. In other words, the 'Total direct expenditure' for a particular project must not include expenditure inputted into the 'Land and easements' columns.	Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology
If Energex records land and easement projects and/or expenditures as separate line items for regulatory purposes, select 'Other - specify' and note 'Land/easement expenditure' in the basis of preparation document(s).  Energex must input expenditure directly attributable to the land purchase or easement compensation payments in the 'Land purchases' and 'Easements' columns, respectively. These costs include legal, stamp duties and cost of purchase or easement compensation payments.	Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology

Table 5-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 5-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.	Only projects under augmentation financial activity codes are reported.
Unless otherwise indicated, 'Rating' or 'MVA added' refers to equipment's normal cyclic rating (for substations) or thermal rating	Details around the definition of normal conditions are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission -



<p>(for lines and cables).</p> <p>As specified in the respective definitions of normal cyclic rating (for substations) and thermal rating (for lines and cables), Energex must provide its definition(s) of 'normal conditions' in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology</p>
<p>Energex must not include information for gifted assets.</p>	<p>No gifted assets included.</p>
<p>Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template. Augmentations in relation to connections are to be inputted in the connections RIN Template (RIN Template 2.5).</p>	<p>No connection expenditure is included as stated in the connections RIN Template.</p>
<p>Energex must enter related party and non-related party contracts expenditures in the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns, respectively.</p> <p>Expenditure figures inputted into the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns do not contribute to the column that calculates the total direct expenditure on an Augex project ('Total direct expenditure').</p> <p>Energex must record all contract expenditure for Augex projects under the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns. Energex must then allocate such contract expenditure to the appropriate 'Plant and equipment expenditure and volume' and 'Other expenditure columns. For example, if a non-related party contract involves expenditure on civil works, Energex must record that expenditure under the 'All non-related party contracts' and 'Other expenditure - Civil works' columns.</p>	<p>Only the "all non-related party contract" expenditure is reported as required in RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2. There is no "related party contract" expenditure reportable.</p>
<p>Record all expenditure data on a project close basis in real dollars (\$2019-20). Energex must not include data for augmentation works where project close occurs after the years specified but incurs expenditure prior to this date.</p> <p>Energex must provide any calculations used to convert real to nominal dollars or nominal to real dollars for this purpose.</p>	<p>Expenditure data is reported on project close basis in real dollars in \$2019-20.</p>
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$5 million (nominal):</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time in the years specified; and</li> </ul>	<p>Only projects equal to or greater than \$5 million direct nominal expenditure over the life of the project is reported.</p> <p>Data is entered in accordance with the instructions.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the required details.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission line owned and operated by DNSP where project close occurred at any time during the years specified; and</li> <li>input the required details.</li> </ul>	
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project less than \$5 million (nominal) (non-material projects):</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the initial regulatory years in the penultimate row in the RIN Template, as indicated.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on subtransmission lines owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the initial regulatory years in the penultimate row in the RIN Template, as indicated</li> </ul>	<p>Projects with less than \$5 million nominal expenditure over the life of the project are consolidated into the expenditure figures shown in the penultimate row of each Table.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>Each row must represent data for an augmentation project for an individual substation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two substations, for example, Energex must enter data for the two substations in two rows.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>Each row should represent data for all circuits of a given voltage subject to augmentation works under the Project ID.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of the same voltage, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in one row.</li> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of different voltages, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in two rows</li> </ul>	<p>Data has been entered in accordance with instructions.</p>

<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For 'Substation ID' and 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the substation and project, respectively. This may be the substation/project name, location and/or code.</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>For 'Line ID', input Energex's identifier for the circuit(s) subject to augmentation works under the Project ID. This may be the circuit name(s), location and/or code. For 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the project. This may be the project name, location and/or code.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of Substation ID, Project ID and Line ID are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>For length metrics, 'km added' refers to the gross addition of the relevant length measure resulting from the augmentation work:</p> <p>This must not be net of line or cable removal. If the augmentation project includes line or cable removal, describe the amount in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of the length metrics are covered under BoP 2.3.1 for Augex Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology - Route Line Length Added</p>
<p>For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the Basis of Preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of 'Project Trigger' are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For substation voltages, enter voltages in the format xx/xx, reflecting the primary and secondary voltages. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 500/275, where 500kV is the primary voltage and 275kV is the secondary voltage.</p> <p>Where a tertiary voltage is applicable, enter voltages in the format xx/xx/xx. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 220/110/33, where 220kV, 110kV and 33kV are the primary, secondary and tertiary voltages, respectively.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of substation voltage are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For substation ratings, 'Pre' refers to the relevant characteristic prior to the augmentation work; 'Post' refers to the relevant characteristic after the augmentation work. Where a rating metric does not undergo any change, or where the project relates to the establishment of a new substation, input the metric only in the 'Post' column.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of substation ratings are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p>	<p>Installation costs are reported separately in each</p>

<p>Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, and other plant items, include only the procurement costs of the equipment.</p> <p>This must not include installation costs.</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>Under 'Total expenditure' for poles/towers, include the procurement costs of the equipment and civil works.</p> <p>This must not include installation costs.</p>	<p>Table with the material expenditure only reported for under the total expenditure for material.</p>
<p>Expenditure inputted under the 'Land and easements' columns is mutually exclusive from expenditure that appears in the columns that sum to the 'Total direct expenditure' column. In other words, the 'Total direct expenditure' for a particular project must not include expenditure inputted into the 'Land and easements' columns.</p>	<p>Total direct expenditure does not include any material type expenditure for land or easements.</p>
<p>If Energex records land and easement projects and/or expenditures as separate line items for regulatory purposes, select 'Other - specify' and note 'Land/easement expenditure' in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>No Land and easement projects greater than \$5m are included in 2015-16.</p>
<p>Energex must input expenditure directly attributable to the land purchase or easement compensation payments in the 'Land purchases' and 'Easements' columns, respectively. These costs include legal, stamp duties and cost of purchase or easement compensation payments.</p>	<p>Data has been entered in accordance with instructions.</p>
<p>Where a substation or subtransmission lines augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project descriptions are covered in the BoP 2.3.1 - Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics for further information.</p>
<p>Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, it must provide details in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project descriptions are covered in the BoP 2.3.1 - Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics for further information.</p>

## Sources

Table 5-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

### Table 5-3 - Information Sources

Variable	Source
Project Type	Project Approval Report, Engineering Specification, Feasibility Study, Project Scope Statement
Project Trigger	Project Approval Report
Substation Rating	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Route Line Length Added	Engineering Specification, Feasibility Study, Project Scope Statement, GIS, Simulation Models(verification only)
Substation ID	Project Approval Report
Substation Type	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Voltage	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Line ID	Project Approval Report

Table 5-4 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 5-4 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
All variables	Tableau report for financial transactions

## Methodology

All information is sourced based on the AER's requirements. Figures are produced through manual review and cross referencing of sources identified above. The development of each value is explained below:

### Augex Project List

- The Augex project list is compiled in line with requirements set out in the CA RIN. The development of the project lists is discussed in the Basis of Preparation for Augex expenditure figures (BoP 2.3.2).
- Only projects with total project expenditure greater or equal to \$5m are included in the detailed portion of RIN Table 2.3.1 and RIN Table 2.3.2.

- No projects were financially closed in the 2019/20 financial year that had an expenditure greater than \$5M

The following projects have been identified as having expenditure occurred greater than \$5M

Project ID	Summary
NA	NA

- The following projects are identified as subtransmission projects, however contain no expenditure that related to substations or subtransmission feeders and therefore have not been reported on:

Project ID	Summary
NA	NA

- The following project has been identified as a distribution project which was wrongly categorised, it contains no expenditure that is related to substations or sub-transmission feeders and therefore has not been reported on.

Project ID	Summary
NA	NA

### Substation ID

- The details of which substation is augmented for each project is taken from the planning approval report and verified with SIFT. The Substation IDs provided are the three letter substation acronyms of the relevant substations.

### Substation Type

- Zone Substations are classified as having a secondary voltage of 11 kV, this includes 33/11 kV, 110/11 kV and 132/11 kV substations. Bulk Supply Substations are classified as Sub-transmission Substations having a secondary voltage of 33 kV, this includes 110/33 kV and 132/33kV substations. Switching Stations are classified as substations where the substation does not transform voltage from one level to another.
- Based on the substation ID, the substation type is sourced from SIFT, where it classifies each substation to its substation type.

## Project ID

- Energex project numbers generated by its enterprise system are used as the Project ID.

## Line ID

- The Line ID is based on Energex feeder number acronyms. The ID reported is the current feeder number associated with the feeder works. Changes to feeder names are verified as per the project title and/or project scope. This is because feeder names can change as subsequent works are carried out.
- Based on the project, the line ID for each feeder works is sourced from the planning approval report and cross referenced to the current feeder ID in ERAT2.

## Voltage

- The voltage allocated under RIN Table 2.3.1 is based on the transformation voltage of the transformer. Hence, for a zone substation equipped with 110/1 kV transformers, the voltage would be entered as "110/11". For a switching station, the rated voltage of the circuit breakers is used to determine the operating voltage of the switching station. Hence, for a 33 kV switchgear switching station site, the voltage would be entered as "33".
- The voltage allocated under RIN Table 2.3.2 is based on the construction voltage of the feeders. The project approval report provides an indication of the construction voltage, and ERAT2 provides an indication of the current operating voltage.
- The voltage for feeders where "Other-Specify" is entered in RIN Table 2.3.2 is shown below:

Project ID	Voltage (kV)
NA	NA

## Project Trigger

- Project trigger is identified from the project approval report under the section 'Limitations of the Existing Network' which gives a detailed description of the type of network limitations such as demand growth or voltage issue as well as including secondary drivers such as refurbishment or reliability improvement. It also provides further details such as the load forecast graph and network utilisation. Apart from that, 'Impact of Doing Nothing' in the PAR summarises all the network limitations not complying with the applied service standards on the basis that no work is undertaken.

## Project Type

- The 'Recommended Development' section of the Project Approval Report provides a high level scope of the project. The Project Scope Statement and Feasibility Study documents contain early drafts of the project scope. The Engineering Specification document produced by the design team contains the highest level of detail of the project scope. All of the documents above contain information that allows the determination of the Project Type.
- The Project Approval Report is the primary source in determining the project type. Other sources of information are also used where the Project Approval Report does not contain sufficient information, including Engineering Specification, Project Scope Statements and Feasibility Studies.

## Route Line Length Added

- Route line length added for a feeder augmentation project is first obtained through the Engineering Specification under any 'MAINS' works, which included overhead feeders and underground cable work descriptions. When going through each project, important key words such as 'feeder', 'mains', 'cable' are searched through the whole document to ensure that no feeder works in the project is overlooked. The engineering specification however only reports the amount of cable/conductor length per core. The total route length would need to be equally proportioned based on a 3 core configuration and a single circuit (SCCT) or double circuit (DCCT) type arrangement. This provides a reference of how much conductor or cable is required for the augmentation.
- Other sources of information for the circuit/route length may include the 'Scope of work' in Project Scope Statement and Project Approval Report. The collated source of length data is then verified against Energex 33kV SINCAL model, and the Energex corporate GIS systems.
- If the information differ between all sourced systems, the GIS model is used as the final result as it is based on corporate data for "as constructed" feeder works.
- There are instances where substation type projects consist of feeder augmentation works. These feeder components of these projects are also documented as a separate entry under RIN Table 2.3.2.
- The substation projects which have feeder components entered in RIN Table 2.3.2 is shown below:

Project ID	Augmentation
NA	NA



## Substation Rating

- Substation Rating can be identified from the Project Approval Report under section 'Limitations of the Existing Network' which gives a detailed description of the type of network limitations, this includes the Pre-Project Rating. The Post-Project Rating are obtained from the current corporate databases ERAT2 and SIFT.
- SIFT substation ratings are based on the current rating methodology, and this takes into account of the load sharing capability between transformers to work out the true substation rating capability.
- The details projects which did not result in a change in capacity is shown below:

Project ID	Augmentation
NA	NA

## Assumptions

Energex obtained the required information based on actual data as follows:

- Normal conditions is described as the system state where all plant are configured in its intended operational state, without planned or forced outages on any plant item.
- Zone substations include 110/11kV, 33/11kV substations and 33kV regulator stations.
- Sub-transmission feeders include 132kV, 110kV and 33kV feeders.
- Pre-project rating information is based on information obtained from planning approval reports, which may have been calculated based on previous plant rating methodologies.
- Post-project rating information is based on current plant rating methodologies.
- All ratings are based on Summer season.
- All newly established zone substations have no pre-project ratings.
- Substation projects consisting of subtransmission feeder works with less than a route length of 500m are not part of RIN Table 2.3.2 for sub-transmission lines.
- Regulators and switchgear installation works are defined as part of substation works even if it does not contribute to an increase or decrease in substation capacity. These projects are included in RIN Table 2.3.1. A full list of projects that did not result in a change in capacity is shown in Table 5-7.
- Feeder works documented is based on the operated voltage of the feeder.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

There have been very few sub-transmission projects in the Energex network over the past few years, and as such no major projects have been identified as being greater than \$5M and closed in the 2019/20 financial year. Given the low volume of projects, this is to be expected.

## Table 2.3.2 - Augex Asset Data - Subtransmission Lines

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 5-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 5-5 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in the Basis of Preparation under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Unless otherwise indicated, 'Rating' or 'MVA added' refers to equipment's normal cyclic rating (for substations) or thermal rating (for lines and cables). As specified in the respective definitions of normal cyclic rating (for substations) and thermal rating (for lines and cables), Energex must provide its definition(s) of 'normal conditions' in the Basis of Preparation.</p>	<p>The calculations of capacity are based on normal conditions. Please refer to Section 5.5 Assumptions for the definition of normal conditions.</p>
<p>Energex must not include information for gifted assets.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Energex must enter related party and non- related party contracts expenditures in the 'All related party contracts' and 'All nonrelated party contracts' columns, respectively.</p> <p>i. Expenditure figures inputted into the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns do not contribute to the column that calculates the total direct expenditure on an Augex project ('Total direct expenditure').</p> <p>ii. Energex must record all contract expenditure for Augex projects under the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns. Energex must then allocate such contract expenditure to the appropriate 'Plant and equipment expenditure and volume' and 'Other expenditure columns. For example, if a nonrelated party contract involves expenditure on civil works, Energex must record that expenditure under the 'All non-related party contracts' and 'Other expenditure - Civil works' columns.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of party and non- related party contracts expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>
<p>Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>

<p>For Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$5 million (nominal):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time in the years specified; and</li> <li>• input the required details.</li> </ul> <p>For Table 2.3.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission line owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time during the years specified; and</li> <li>• input the required details.</li> </ul>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project less than \$5 million (nominal) (non-material projects):</p> <p>For Table 2.3.1</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the years specified in the penultimate row in the Table, as indicated.</li> </ul> <p>For Table 2.3.2</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the years specified in the penultimate row in the Table, as indicated.</li> </ul>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>Energex must record all expenditure data on a project close basis in real dollars (\$2019-20). Energex must not include data for augmentation works where project close occurs after the years specified but incurs expenditure prior to this date.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project list are covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>In relation to RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• For the avoidance of doubt, this includes augmentation works on any substation in Energex 's network, including those which are notionally operating at transmission</li> </ul>	<p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Voltage and Substation Type</p>

voltages. In such cases, choose 'Other - specify' in the 'Substation type' category and describe the type of substation in the basis of preparation.

- Each row must represent data for an augmentation project for an individual substation.
- If an augmentation project applies to two substations, for example, Energex must enter data for the two substations in two rows.
- Where a substation augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the Basis of Preparation.
- Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, it must provide details in the basis of preparation document(s).
- For 'Substation ID' and 'Project ID', put Energex's identifier for the substation and project, respectively. This may be the substation/project name, location and/or code.
- For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the Basis of Preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the Basis of Preparation.
- For substation voltages, enter voltages in the format xx/xx, reflecting the primary and secondary voltages. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 500/275, where 500kV is the primary voltage and 275kV is the secondary voltage.
- Where a tertiary voltage is applicable, enter voltages in the format xx/xx/xx. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 220/110/33, where 220kV, 110kV and 33kV are the primary, secondary and tertiary voltages, respectively.
- For substation ratings, 'Pre' refers to the relevant characteristic prior to the augmentation work; 'Post' refers to the relevant characteristic after the augmentation work. Where a rating metric does not undergo any change, or where the project relates to the establishment of a new substation, input the metric only in the 'Post' column.

Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, and other plant items, include only the procurement costs of the

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions

Please refer to Table 5.5: Substation

Projects with Feeder Components

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project Type

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Substation ID and Project ID

Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project trigger

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions

Data has been entered in accordance with instructions

Details around the reporting expenditure on materials is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology.

equipment. This must not include installation	
<p>In relation to RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>For the avoidance of doubt, this includes augmentation works on any subtransmission line in Energex's network. If Energex owns and operates any lines or cables notionally operating at transmission voltages, record any augmentation expenditure relating to such lines or cables in this Table.</li> <li>Each row should represent data for all circuits of a given voltage subject to augmentation works under the Project ID.</li> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of the same voltage, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in one row.</li> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of different voltages, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in two rows</li> <li>Where a subtransmission lines augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the Basis of Preparation.</li> <li>Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, provide details in the basis of preparation.</li> <li>For 'Line ID', input Energex's identifier for the circuit(s) subject to augmentation works under the Project ID. This may be the circuit name(s), location and/or code.</li> <li>For 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the project. This may be the project name, location and/or code.</li> <li>For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the basis of preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the basis of preparation.</li> <li>For length metrics, 'km added' refers to the gross addition of the relevant length measure resulting from the augmentation work</li> <li>This must not be net of line or cable removal. If the augmentation project includes line or cable removal, describe the amount in Basis of Preparation.</li> </ul>	<p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology</p> <p>Data has been entered in accordance with instructions</p> <p>Please refer to Table 5.5 Substation Projects with Feeder Components</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project type</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Line ID</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project ID</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Project trigger</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Route Line Length Added</p> <p>Please refer to section 5.4 Methodology - Route Line Length Added</p>
Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, poles/towers, lines, cables and other plant items, include only the	Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex -

<p>procurement costs of the equipment.</p> <p>This must not include installation costs.</p>	<p>Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>
<p>Under 'Total expenditure' for civil works, do not include civil works expenditure related to poles/towers. As a guide, expenditure Energex may input under 'Other expenditure - Civil works' includes (but is not limited to) construction of access tracks, construction pads and vegetation clearance.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>
<p>Expenditure inputted under the 'Land and easements' columns is mutually exclusive from expenditure that appears in the columns that sum to the 'Total direct expenditure' column. In other words, the 'Total direct expenditure' for a particular project must not include expenditure inputted into the 'Land and easements' columns.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>
<p>If Energex records land and easement projects and/or expenditures as separate line items for regulatory purposes, select 'Other - specify' and note 'Land/easement expenditure' in the basis of preparation document(s).</p> <p>Energex must input expenditure directly attributable to the land purchase or easement compensation payments in the 'Land purchases' and 'Easements' columns, respectively. These costs include legal, stamp duties and cost of purchase or easement compensation payments.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of material total expenditure is covered in BoP 2.3.2 for Augex - Subtransmission - Cost Metrics under Section 6.4 Methodology</p>

Table 5-6 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 5-6 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.</p>	<p>Only projects under augmentation financial activity codes are reported.</p>
<p>Unless otherwise indicated, 'Rating' or 'MVA added' refers to equipment's normal cyclic rating (for substations) or thermal rating (for lines and cables).</p> <p>As specified in the respective definitions of normal cyclic rating (for substations) and thermal rating (for lines and cables), Energex must provide its definition(s) of 'normal</p>	<p>Details around the definition of normal conditions are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology</p>

conditions' in the basis of preparation document(s).	
Energex must not include information for gifted assets.	No gifted assets included.
Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template. Augmentations in relation to connections are to be inputted in the connections RIN Template (RIN Template 2.5).	No connection expenditure is included as stated in the connections RIN Template.
<p>Energex must enter related party and non-related party contracts expenditures in the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns, respectively.</p> <p>Expenditure figures inputted into the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns do not contribute to the column that calculates the total direct expenditure on an Augex project ('Total direct expenditure').</p> <p>Energex must record all contract expenditure for Augex projects under the 'All related party contracts' and 'All non-related party contracts' columns. Energex must then allocate such contract expenditure to the appropriate 'Plant and equipment expenditure and volume' and 'Other expenditure columns. For example, if a non-related party contract involves expenditure on civil works, Energex must record that expenditure under the 'All non-related party contracts' and 'Other expenditure - Civil works' columns.</p>	Only the "all non-related party contract" expenditure is reported as required in RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2. There is no "related party contract" expenditure reportable.
<p>Record all expenditure data on a project close basis in real dollars (\$2019-20). Energex must not include data for augmentation works where project close occurs after the years specified but incurs expenditure prior to this date.</p> <p>Energex must provide any calculations used to convert real to nominal dollars or nominal to real dollars for this purpose.</p>	Expenditure data is reported on project close basis in real dollars in \$2019-20.
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$5 million (nominal):</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred at any time in the years specified; and</li> <li>input the required details.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>insert a row for each augmentation project on a subtransmission line owned and operated by DNSP where</li> </ul>	<p>Only projects equal to or greater than \$5 million direct nominal expenditure over the life of the project is reported.</p> <p>Data is entered in accordance with the instructions.</p>



<p>project close occurred at any time during the years specified; and</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the required details.</li> </ul>	
<p>For projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project less than \$5 million (nominal) (non-material projects):</p> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on a subtransmission substation, switching station and zone substation owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the initial regulatory years in the penultimate row in the RIN Template, as indicated.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>input the total expenditure for all non-material augmentation projects on subtransmission lines owned and operated by Energex where project close occurred in the initial regulatory years in the penultimate row in the RIN Template, as indicated</li> </ul>	<p>Projects with less than \$5 million nominal expenditure over the life of the project are consolidated into the expenditure figures shown in the penultimate row of each Table.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>Each row must represent data for an augmentation project for an individual substation.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two substations, for example, Energex must enter data for the two substations in two rows.</li> </ul> <p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>Each row should represent data for all circuits of a given voltage subject to augmentation works under the Project ID.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of the same voltage, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in one row.</li> <li>If an augmentation project applies to two circuits of different voltages, for example, Energex must enter data for the two circuits in two rows</li> </ul>	<p>Data has been entered in accordance with instructions.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For 'Substation ID' and 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the substation and project, respectively. This may be the substation/project name, location and/or code.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of Substation ID, Project ID and Line ID are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>

<p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>For 'Line ID', input Energex's identifier for the circuit(s) subject to augmentation works under the Project ID. This may be the circuit name(s), location and/or code. For 'Project ID', input Energex's identifier for the project. This may be the project name, location and/or code.</p>	
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>For length metrics, 'km added' refers to the gross addition of the relevant length measure resulting from the augmentation work:</p> <p>This must not be net of line or cable removal. If the augmentation project includes line or cable removal, describe the amount in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of the length metrics are covered under BoP 2.3.1 for Augex Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4</p> <p>Methodology - Route Line Length Added</p>
<p>For 'Project trigger', choose the primary trigger for the project from the drop down list. Describe secondary triggers in the Basis of Preparation. Where there is no primary trigger (among multiple triggers), choose 'Other - specify' and describe the triggers in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of 'Project Trigger' are covered in BoP 2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For substation voltages, enter voltages in the format xx/xx, reflecting the primary and secondary voltages. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 500/275, where 500kV is the primary voltage and 275kV is the secondary voltage.</p> <p>Where a tertiary voltage is applicable, enter voltages in the format xx/xx/xx. For example, a transformer may have its voltage recorded as 220/110/33, where 220kV, 110kV and 33kV are the primary, secondary and tertiary voltages, respectively.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of substation voltage are covered in BoP</p> <p>2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>For substation ratings, 'Pre' refers to the relevant characteristic prior to the augmentation work; 'Post' refers to the relevant characteristic after the augmentation work. Where a rating metric does not undergo any change, or where the project relates to the establishment of a new substation, input the metric only in the 'Post' column.</p>	<p>Details around the reporting of substation ratings are covered in BoP</p> <p>2.3.1 for Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics under Section 5.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.1:</p> <p>Under 'Total expenditure' for transformers, switchgear, capacitors, and other plant items, include only the procurement costs of the equipment.</p> <p>This must not include installation costs.</p>	<p>Installation costs are reported separately in each Table with the material expenditure only reported for under the total expenditure for material.</p>

<p>For RIN Table 2.3.2:</p> <p>Under 'Total expenditure' for poles/towers, include the procurement costs of the equipment and civil works.</p> <p>This must not include installation costs.</p>	
<p>Expenditure inputted under the 'Land and easements' columns is mutually exclusive from expenditure that appears in the columns that sum to the 'Total direct expenditure' column. In other words, the 'Total direct expenditure' for a particular project must not include expenditure inputted into the 'Land and easements' columns.</p>	<p>Total direct expenditure does not include any material type expenditure for land or easements.</p>
<p>If Energex records land and easement projects and/or expenditures as separate line items for regulatory purposes, select 'Other - specify' and note 'Land/easement expenditure' in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>No Land and easement projects greater than \$5m are included in 2015-16.</p>
<p>Energex must input expenditure directly attributable to the land purchase or easement compensation payments in the 'Land purchases' and 'Easements' columns, respectively. These costs include legal, stamp duties and cost of purchase or easement compensation payments.</p>	<p>Data has been entered in accordance with instructions.</p>
<p>Where a substation or subtransmission lines augmentation project in this Table is related to other projects (including those in other Tables in RIN Template 2.3), describe this relationship in the BoP.</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project descriptions are covered in the BoP 2.3.1 - Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics for further information.</p>
<p>Where Energex chooses 'Other - specify' in a drop down list, it must provide details in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>Details around the development of the project descriptions are covered in the BoP 2.3.1 - Augex - Subtransmission - Descriptor Metrics for further information.</p>

## Sources

Table 5-7 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 5-7 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Project Type	Project Approval Report, Engineering Specification, Feasibility Study, Project Scope Statement
Project Trigger	Project Approval Report

Substation Rating	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Route Line Length Added	Engineering Specification, Feasibility Study, Project Scope Statement, GIS, Simulation Models(verification only)
Substation ID	Project Approval Report
Substation Type	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Voltage	Project Approval Report, ERAT2
Line ID	Project Approval Report

Table 5-8 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 5-8 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
All variables	Tableau report for financial transactions.

## Methodology

All figures for RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 are calculated by identifying the Energex projects that fit the criteria related to subtransmission Augex. Each of these projects is then classified as either material or non-material based on the expenditure threshold as per the instructions. The transactions against each material project are then analysed in order to report against the required categories in RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2.

## Project List Development

1. A report is run from DMA RIN which lists all projects closed within the regulatory year 2019-20, under the Augex financial activity codes in Table 5-8.

**Table 5-9 - Augex Financial Activity Codes for Projects Transactions in 2019-20**

Activity Code	Description
C2020	Augmentation - Sub Transmission & 11kV Network
C2030	Reliability Improvement & Power Quality

C2050	Demand Primary Reliability Secondary
C2055	Augmentation - SCADA/Telecomms
C2060	Augmentation - 11kV Network
C2070	Land & Right of Way
C2075	Easements
C2090	Engineering and Admin
C2095	Infrastructure Projects
C2099	Transmission PoW Efficiency
C2530	External Business Income
C2565	Augmentation - Distribution
C2566	Power Quality
C2580	Control & Metering
C2585	Load Control
C2590	Engineering and Admin
C2595	Infrastructure Projects
C2599	Distribution PoW Efficiency

2. This report includes all Energex augmentation type projects based on its subtransmission plant items; excluding any gifted assets to Energex.
3. This list is then filtered for a cumulative nominal direct expenditure over the life of the project equal or greater than \$5,000,000, and is reported as a separate project entry in the RIN Template.
4. The filtered list provides a breakdown of the expenditure in the different Augex categories; "subtransmission" or "subtransmission lines" to assist with the segregation of projects into its respective project type; a substation type project (for input into RIN Table 2.1) or a subtransmission line project (for input into RIN Table 2.3.2). Based on the breakdown, the

material project could be reported within both Tables if it incorporates both substation and line construction works.

5. Projects which have a total cumulative nominal direct project expenditure less than \$5,000,000 are labelled as non-material projects and will be consolidated into a single substation line item in the RIN Table 2.3.1 and a single subtransmission line item in RIN Table 2.3.2.
6. This then gives the list of subtransmission projects reported.

### Plant and Equipment Expenditure and Volumes

1. The measured cost expenditure for each project reported in RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 is calculated based on the yearly costs for each project extracted from DMA RIN. In accordance with the AER's RIN instructions, all closed project related expenditure data is to be reported in real dollars (\$2019-20). Specifically, values must not include data for augmentation works where projects are to close after the specified years but incurs expenditure prior to this date. These yearly costs are multiplied by an escalation factor to convert the figures to a 2019-20 basis. The escalation factors are derived from the ABS CPI values that is based on the eight capital cities average and is shown in Table 5-9:

**Table 5-10 - Escalation Factors**

Financial Year	Escalation Factor
2019-20	1.000
2018-19	1.013
2017-18	1.030
2016-17	1.050
2015-16	1.068
2014-15	1.082
2013-14	1.101
2012-13	1.131
2011-12	1.156
2010-11	1.183
2009-10	1.220

2008-09	1.249
2007-08	1.288
2006-07	1.331
2005-06	1.370
2004-05	1.414

2. DMA RIN is set up to provide detail expenses and quantities against each augmentation project to be used for the population of RIN Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 Template.
3. Expenditure and volume data obtained from DMA RIN is based on the materials costs against each project. Each material expense is classified by a Stock Item Group Class (SIGC) which is mapped to a REPEX asset category and classified under its corresponding AUGEX group.
4. As every individual stock item is assigned to an Augex asset category classification, the DMA RIN system is able to extract expenditure and volume information for every project for the required subtransmission material components (transformer, switchgear, capacitor, underground cables, overhead lines, and poles). Table 5-10 and Table 5-11 outline the grouping of asset categories as required for RIN Table 2.1 and Table 2.3.2 respectively.

**Table 5-11 - Grouping of asset categories for RIN Table 2.3.1**

CA RIN Category - Table 2.3.1	Asset Categories
Transformers Units Added	<p>Material quantity values within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&gt;100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&gt;100MVA</li> </ul>
Transformers MVA Added	<p>The summation of the material quantity value multiplied by the name plate rating within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&gt;100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&gt;100MVA</li> </ul>
Transformers	<p>The summation of the material expenses within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;=22kV&lt;=33kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&lt;=15MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;15MVA&lt;=40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV&gt;40MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV&gt;100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&lt;=100MVA</li> <li>• TR Grd&gt;132kV&gt;100MVA</li> </ul>
Switchgear Units Added	<p>Material quantity values within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Switchgear&lt;=11kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Switch</li> </ul>



	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Switchgear&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;132kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;132kV;Switch</li> </ul>
Switchgear	<p>The summation of the material expenses within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Switchgear&lt;=11kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Switch</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;132kV;CB</li> <li>• Switchgear&gt;132kV;Switch</li> </ul>
Capacitors Units Added	<p>Material quantity values within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;= 110kV Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;11kV &lt;= 33kV Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;1kV &lt;= 11kV Capacitor</li> </ul>
Capacitors MVAR Added	<p>The summation of material quantity multiplied by the rating within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;= 110kV Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;11kV &lt;= 33kV Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material &gt;1kV &lt;= 11kV Capacitor</li> </ul>

Capacitors	<p>The summation of expenses within:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Non AER Material <math>\geq 110\text{kV}</math> Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material <math>&gt;11\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV}</math> Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material <math>&gt;1\text{kV} \leq 11\text{kV}</math> Capacitor</li> </ul>
Other Plant Item	<p>The summation of material expenses for all other asset categories excluding:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• TR Grd <math>\geq 22\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV} \leq 15\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>\geq 22\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV} &gt; 15\text{MVA} \leq 40\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>\geq 22\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV} &gt; 40\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 33\text{kV} \leq 66\text{kV} \leq 15\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 33\text{kV} \leq 66\text{kV} &gt; 15\text{MVA} \leq 40\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 33\text{kV} \leq 66\text{kV} &gt; 40\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 66\text{kV} \leq 132\text{kV} \leq 100\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 66\text{kV} \leq 132\text{kV} &gt; 100\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 132\text{kV} \leq 100\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• TR Grd <math>&gt; 132\text{kV} &gt; 100\text{MVA}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>\leq 11\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 11\text{kV} \leq 22\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 11\text{kV} \leq 22\text{kV}; \text{Switch}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 22\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 22\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV}; \text{Switch}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 33\text{kV} \leq 66\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 33\text{kV} \leq 66\text{kV}; \text{Switch}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 66\text{kV} \leq 132\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 66\text{kV} \leq 132\text{kV}; \text{Switch}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 132\text{kV}; \text{CB}</math></li> <li>• Switchgear <math>&gt; 132\text{kV}; \text{Switch}</math></li> <li>• Non AER Material <math>\geq 110\text{kV}</math> Capacitor</li> <li>• Non AER Material <math>&gt;11\text{kV} \leq 33\text{kV}</math> Capacitor</li> </ul>

- Non AER Material >1kV <= 11kV Capacitor

**Table 5-12 - Grouping of asset categories for RIN Table 2.3.2**

CA RIN Category - Table 2.3.1	Asset Categories
Poles / Towers Added	Material quantity values within: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Wood</li> </ul>
Poles / Towers Upgraded	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Steel</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Steel</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Steel</li> <li>• Poles are allocated as either added or upgraded based on the main driver of the project</li> </ul>
Poles/Towers Expenditure	The summation of material expenses within: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Concrete</li> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Steel</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Steel</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Steel</li> </ul>
Overhead Lines Circuit KM Added	Material quantity values within: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OH Conductor&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV</li> </ul>
Overhead Lines Circuit KM	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OH Conductor&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</li> </ul>

Upgraded	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• OH Conductor&gt;132kV</li> <li>• Overhead lines are allocated as either added or upgraded based</li> </ul>
Underground Cables Circuit KM Added	Material quantity values within: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UG Cable&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV</li> </ul>
Underground Cables Circuit KM Upgraded	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UG Cable&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV</li> <li>• UG Cable&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</li> <li>• UG Cable&gt;132kV</li> </ul> <p>Underground cables are allocated as either added or upgraded based on the main driver of the project</p>
Underground Cables Expenditure	The summation of material expenses within: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• UG Cable&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV</li> <li>• UG Cable&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV</li> <li>• UG Cable&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</li> <li>• UG Cable&gt;132kV</li> </ul>
Other Plant Item Expenditure	The summation of material expenses for all other asset categories excluding: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;132kV;Wood</li> <li>• Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Concrete</li> </ul>

5. The remaining material and equipment expenditure which are not specified in RIN Table 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 are then allocated under the "Other Plant Item - Expenditure" column.
6. The non-material expenditure of a project is then filtered within DMA RIN into its respective expenditure categories; installation labour, civil, contract and other direct expenditures. Table 5-12 below outlines the logic applied to the group of expenses and volumes into their intermediate expense categories.

**Table 5-13 - Logic applied to group expenses**

CA RIN Category	Logic Filter Applied
Installation Labour Expenditure and Volume	<p>The summation of expenses related to project equipment installation and a third of the project's non-related party contract expenditure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• The Expenditure Element Cost Category ID is 'INTLAB'</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The work order Maintenance Type ID is not 'PL,DE,LE'</li> </ul>
Civil	<p>The summation of expenses related to project civil works and a third of the project's nonrelated party contract expenditure.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The text 'civil' appears in the Work Order Description</li> <li>The text 'pit' appears in the Work Order Description</li> </ul> <p>The text 'CV' appears in the Work Order Description</p>
Other Direct Expenditure	<p>The summation of all other expenditure, not relating to project civil works and equipment installation, and a third of the project's nonrelated party contracts.</p> <p>All Other Non-Material cost that does not fall under the installation labour, civil and all non-related party contracts categories.</p>
All Non-Related Party Contracts	<p>The summation of expenses related to the project's non-related party contract expenditure.</p> <p>The Expenditure Element Cost Category is "Contracts"</p>
Land and Easement	<p>The summation of expenses related land and easements.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>The Expenditure Element Cost Category is "Materials"</li> </ul> <p>The work order Maintenance Type ID is 'LE'</p>

- Consistent with AER's RIN instruction, contract expenditures have been allocated to the appropriate 'Plant and equipment expenditure and volume' and 'Other expenditure' columns. The contract expenditures are also separately reported under the 'All non-related party contracts' column. The formula for the total direct expenditure column within the RIN Template does not include the data inputted under the 'All non-related party contracts' column, hence the contract expenditures are not double counted.
- All other directly attributable land and easement expenditure (where applicable) are included under the 'Land and easements' column, other associated expenditure such as town planning or environmental assessment costs are included under 'other direct expenditure' column. Consistent with AER's instructions, expenditure inputted under the 'Land and easements' columns is mutually exclusive from expenditure that appears in the columns that sum to the 'Total direct expenditure' column.
- As there are no transparency for Energex to breakdown the cost of turn-key design and construct contracts into civil, installation labour and other direct cost, the contract cost is allocated equally among the three categories in order for the cost to be reflected in the 'total direct expenditure' column of a project.

10. The total amount of subtransmission feeder materials (poles/tower, overhead lines and underground cables) of a project are extracted from actual financial transaction data. The classification of them into Addition or Upgraded has been done through analysis of feasibility study reports or engineering specifications - whichever represents the most recent information for the project. The units added or upgraded for each subtransmission feeder components of a project are apportioned based on the spread of subtransmission feeder materials outlined in the feasibility study report or engineering specification.

## **Assumptions**

Energex obtained the required information based on actual data as follows:

- Normal conditions is described as the system state where all plant are configured in its intended operational state, without planned or forced outages on any plant item.
- Zone substations include 110/11kV, 33/11kV substations and 33kV regulator stations.
- Sub-transmission feeders include 132kV, 110kV and 33kV feeders.
- Pre-project rating information is based on information obtained from planning approval reports, which may have been calculated based on previous plant rating methodologies.
- Post-project rating information is based on current plant rating methodologies.
- All ratings are based on Summer season.
- All newly established zone substations have no pre-project ratings.
- Substation projects consisting of subtransmission feeder works with less than a route length of 500m are not part of RIN Table 2.3.2 for sub-transmission lines.
- Regulators and switchgear installation works are defined as part of substation works even if it does not contribute to an increase or decrease in substation capacity. These projects are included in RIN Table 2.3.1. A full list of projects that did not result in a change in capacity is shown in Table 5-7.
- Feeder works documented is based on the operated voltage of the feeder.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Energex has not undertaken many sub-transmission augmentation projects, and as such no projects have been closed in the 2019/20 financial year with expenditure greater than \$5M. This is to be expected.

# BOP - 2.3 Augex B

## Table 2.3.3 - Augex Data - Hv/lv Feeders and Distribution Substations

### Table 2.3.3.1 Descriptor Metrics

#### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 6-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 6-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.	Only projects under augmentation financial activity codes are reported.
Energex must not include information for gifted assets.	No gifted assets are included.
Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template. Augmentations in relation to connections are to be inputted in the connections RIN Template (RIN Template 2.5).	No connection expenditure is included and it is stated in the connections RIN Template.
For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:  the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$0.5 million (nominal); and the row that summarises all augmentation works on HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$0.5 million (nominal)"	HV feeder projects with greater than \$0.5 million nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$0.5 million are input in the summary row.
For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:  the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to	LV feeder projects with greater than \$50,000 nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$50,000 are input in the summary row.

\$50,000 (nominal); and  the row that summarises all augmentation works on LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$50,000 (nominal).	
Record all expenditure data on an 'as incurred' basis in nominal dollars.	All project costs are stated in nominal dollars in the year incurred.
For projects that span across regulatory years, input figures for the 'Circuit km added' and 'Circuit km upgraded' columns according to the final year in which expenditure is incurred for the project.	Circuit km added and upgraded figures are input for projects closed in 2019-20
Energex must not include expenditure related to land purchases and easements in the 'Total direct expenditure' column. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex must be inputted in Table 2.3.6.	Expenditure figures do not include any expenditure for land or easements. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex are inputted in Table 2.3.4.

## Sources

### Table 2.3.3 - Augex Distribution

Table 6-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

#### Table 6-2 - Information Sources

Variable	Source
All variables	DMA RIN
Classification of projects as Addition or Upgrade	Project Scope Statements, Planning Approval Reports, Feasibility Study, Engineering Specifications, Total Outturn Cost Approval, Construction Drawings. Ellipse reference codes.

## Methodology

All figures for RIN Table 2.3.3.1 were sourced from the financial transactions recorded against all augmentation projects that were closed during the 2019-20 financial year. The materials booked to these projects were then used to calculate the number of units. A final logic is applied to determine if the units were added or upgraded based on the project description.



All figures for RIN Table 2.3.3.2 were calculated based on the financial transactions recorded in the financial year. The transactions were filtered to obtain only augmentation related activities. The cumulative project costs of each of the relevant projects were then obtained and compared to the thresholds specified for each project type.

The population of RIN Table 2.3.3.2 was completed by grouping the expenditure into the required project types as per the Table.

1. A report is run from DMA RIN which lists all projects closed within the regulatory year 2019-20, under the Augex financial activity codes in Table 6-5:

**Table 6-3 - Augex Financial Activity Codes for Project Transactions 2019-20**

Activity Code	Description
C2020	Augmentation - Sub Transmission & 11kV Network
C2030	Reliability Improvement & Power Quality
C2050	Demand Primary Reliability Secondary
C2055	Augmentation - SCADA/Telecoms
C2060	Augmentation - 11kV Network
C2070	Land & Right of Way
C2075	Easements
C2090	Engineering and Admin
C2095	Infrastructure Projects
C2099	Transmission PoW Efficiency
C2530	External Business Income
C2565	Augmentation - Distribution
C2566	Power Quality
C2580	Control & Metering
C2585	Load Control

C2590	Engineering and Admin
C2595	Infrastructure Projects
C2599	Distribution PoW Efficiency

2. This report includes all Energex augmentation type projects with financial transactions in 2019-20. Gifted assets and connection assets are not included in the financial activity codes above.
3. The financial transactions are filtered to exclude any overheads applied to give the direct expenditure for each project.

Only projects with expenditure against HV feeder augmentations, LV feeder augmentations and distribution substation augmentations are selected.

### Project Data Allocation

1. The mapping of assets to AER Augex asset categories is based on the analysis of stock items group class (SIGC) which are mapped to corresponding Repex asset categories classifications.
2. Entries of the AER asset category are then mapped to AUGEX categories in order to group and evaluate metrics for overhead cable, underground cable, and distribution transformer materials.

**Table 6-4 - Grouping of asset categories for RIN Table 2.3.3**

Augmentation Capex Category	REPEX asset category
HV Feeders Augmentations - Overhead Lines	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Wood
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Wood
	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Concrete
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Concrete
	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Steel
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Steel
	Pole Top>1kV<=11kV
	Pole Top>11kV<=22kV
	OH Conductor>1kV<=11kV
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;SWER
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;Single-Phase
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;Multiple-Phase
	Services<=11kV;C&I;Simple Type

	<p>Services&lt;=11kV;C&amp;I;Complex Type</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Subdivision;Complex Type</p> <p>Services&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;C&amp;I</p> <p>Services&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Switchgear&lt;=11kV;Fuse</p> <p>Switchgear&lt;=11kV;Switch</p> <p>Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Switch</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;1kV &lt;=11kV Regulator</p>
HV Feeders Augmentations - Underground Cables	<p>UG Cable&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV</p>
LV Feeders Augmentations - Overhead Lines	<p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole Top&lt;=1kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&lt;=1kV</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Residential;Simple Type</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Residential;Complex Type</p>
LV Feeders Augmentations - Underground Cables	<p>UG Cable&lt;=1kV</p>
Distribution Substations Augmentations - Pole Mounted	<p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=60kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;Multi P</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;600kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&lt;=60kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;Multi Ph</p>

	TR Pole<=22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
Distribution Substations Augmentations - Ground Mounted	TR Grd<22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph

### For RIN Table 2.3.3.1 Descriptor Metrics

3. The project close date is used to determine if a project is closed or open. If a project is closed in this financial year then this is the final year in which expenditure is incurred for the project.
4. The quantity of materials booked over the life of the project are used to calculate the units installed.
5. Each project is assessed to determine whether the augmentation is an upgrade of an existing asset or an addition to the network. This is based on reviewing available documentations (Project Scope Statements, Planning Approval Reports, Feasibility Study, Engineering Specifications, Total Outturn Cost Approval or Construction Drawings) of each project. These documents contain details that allow the determination of the nature of the augmentation.
6. For projects with distribution substations, the review process also identifies the number of distribution substations located indoor. The quantities are then deducted from the "Distribution Substations Augmentations - Ground Mounted" category and added to "Distribution Substations Augmentations - Indoor".

### Assumptions

Energex applied the following criteria to obtain the required information:

- Expenditure not relating to materials is apportioned across the augmentation capex categories based on the expenditure on materials for each project.

- Certain types of equipment that cannot be associated with a specific voltage are classified as Other Assets.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

Energex is required to explain how the sum of the asset group expenditure reconciles with data in RIN Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.5<sup>[1]</sup>. The AER gave further guidance through the CA RIN Issues Register:

*The explanation should include a general description of the link between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4, including any assumptions and calculations utilised in the relationships between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4. Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 require expenditure (and other) data on a project close basis. While Ergon is not required to provide this data on an as incurred basis in the Tables, it may choose to do so in demonstrating reconciliation if it finds this convenient/ efficient.*

*We would expect expenditure information reported in Table 2.3.3 to reconcile with the corresponding line items in Table 2.3.4. Where this is not the case, Energex must provide reasons.*

- There is a small discrepancy between RIN Table 2.3.3 cost metrics and the HV feeder, LV feeder and distribution substation elements in RIN Table 2.3.4. The discrepancy is small and is due to rounding that the DMA system applies to the data during the apportionment calculations. The differences between the two tables are immaterial and are shown below:
  - Distribution Substations: \$0.01
  - HV Feeders: \$0.01
  - LV Feeders: \$0.03
- RIN Table 2.3.4 is unable to be reconciled with RIN Table 2.3.1 and Table 2.3.2. The differences are:
  - Expenditure in RIN Table 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 are given in real \$2019-20.
  - Expenditure in RIN Table 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 contains expenditure across multiple financial years, whereas RIN Table 2.3.4 contains only expenditure incurred in 2019-20.
  - RIN Table 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 only included closed projects, where RIN Table 2.3.4 included open and closed projects.

## Table 2.3.3.2 Cost Metrics

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 6-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 6-5 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.	Only projects under augmentation financial activity codes are reported.
Energex must not include information for gifted assets.	No gifted assets are included.
Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template. Augmentations in relation to connections are to be inputted in the connections RIN Template (RIN Template 2.5).	No connection expenditure is included and it is stated in the connections RIN Template.
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$0.5 million (nominal); and the row that summarises all augmentation works on HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$0.5 million (nominal)"</li> </ul>	<p>HV feeder projects with greater than \$0.5 million nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$0.5 million are input in the summary row.</p>
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$50,000 (nominal); and</li> <li>the row that summarises all augmentation works on LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total</li> </ul>	<p>LV feeder projects with greater than \$50,000 nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$50,000 are input in the summary row.</p>

cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$50,000 (nominal).	
Record all expenditure data on an 'as incurred' basis in nominal dollars.	All project costs are stated in nominal dollars in the year incurred.
For projects that span across regulatory years, input figures for the 'Circuit km added' and 'Circuit km upgraded' columns according to the final year in which expenditure is incurred for the project.	Circuit km added and upgraded figures are input for projects closed in 2019-20
Energex must not include expenditure related to land purchases and easements in the 'Total direct expenditure' column. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex must be inputted in Table 2.3.6.	Expenditure figures do not include any expenditure for land or easements. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex are inputted in Table 2.3.4.

## Sources

Table 6-6 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 6-6 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
All variables	Tableau report for financial transactions

## Methodology

### **Table 2.3.3 - Augex Distribution**

All figures for RIN Table 2.3.3.1 were sourced from the financial transactions recorded against all augmentation projects that were closed during the 2019-20 financial year. The materials booked to these projects were then used to calculate the number of units. A final logic is applied to determine if the units were added or upgraded based on the project description.

All figures for RIN Table 2.3.3.2 were calculated based on the financial transactions recorded in the financial year. The transactions were filtered to obtain only augmentation related activities. The cumulative project costs of each of the relevant projects were then obtained and compared to the thresholds specified for each project type.

The population of RIN Table 2.3.3.2 was completed by grouping the expenditure into the required project types as per the Table.

1. A report is run from DMA RIN which lists all projects closed within the regulatory year 2019-20, under the Augex financial activity codes in Table 6-5:

**Table 6-7 - Augex Financial Activity Codes for Project Transactions 2019-20**

Activity Code	Description
C2020	Augmentation - Sub Transmission & 11kV Network
C2030	Reliability Improvement & Power Quality
C2050	Demand Primary Reliability Secondary
C2055	Augmentation - SCADA/Telecoms
C2060	Augmentation - 11kV Network
C2070	Land & Right of Way
C2075	Easements
C2090	Engineering and Admin
C2095	Infrastructure Projects
C2099	Transmission PoW Efficiency
C2530	External Business Income
C2565	Augmentation - Distribution
C2566	Power Quality
C2580	Control & Metering
C2585	Load Control
C2590	Engineering and Admin
C2595	Infrastructure Projects
C2599	Distribution PoW Efficiency



2. This report includes all Energex augmentation type projects with financial transactions in 2019-20. Gifted assets and connection assets are not included in the financial activity codes above.
3. The financial transactions are filtered to exclude any overheads applied to give the direct expenditure for each project.
4. Only projects with expenditure against HV feeder augmentations, LV feeder augmentations and distribution substation augmentations are selected.

### Project Data Allocation

1. The mapping of assets to AER Augex asset categories is based on the analysis of stock items group class (SIGC) which are mapped to corresponding Repex asset categories classifications.
2. Entries of the AER asset category are then mapped to AUGEX categories in order to group and evaluate metrics for overhead cable, underground cable, and distribution transformer materials.

**Table 6-7 - Grouping of asset categories for RIN Table 2.3.3**

Augmentation Capex Category	REPEX asset category
HV Feeders Augmentations - Overhead Lines	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Wood
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Wood
	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Concrete
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Concrete
	Pole>1kV<=11kV;Steel
	Pole>11kV<=22kV;Steel
	Pole Top>1kV<=11kV
	Pole Top>11kV<=22kV
	OH Conductor>1kV<=11kV
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;SWER
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;Single-Phase
	OH Conductor?11kV<=22kV;Multiple-Phase
	Services<=11kV;C&I;Simple Type
	Services<=11kV;C&I;Complex Type
	Services<=11kV;Subdivision;Complex Type
	Services>11kV<=22kV;C&I
	Services>11kV<=22kV;Subdivision
	Switchgear<=11kV;Fuse

	<p>Switchgear&lt;=11kV;Switch</p> <p>Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Switch</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;1kV &lt;=11kV Regulator</p>
HV Feeders Augmentations - Underground Cables	<p>UG Cable&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV</p>
LV Feeders Augmentations - Overhead Lines	<p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&lt;=1kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole Top&lt;=1kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&lt;=1kV</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Residential;Simple Type</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Residential;Complex Type</p>
LV Feeders Augmentations - Underground Cables	<p>UG Cable&lt;=1kV</p>
Distribution Substations Augmentations - Pole Mounted	<p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=60kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;Multi P</p> <p>Other TR Pole&gt;22kV&gt;600kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;600kVA;One Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&lt;=60kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;Multi Ph</p> <p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&gt;600kVA;Multi Ph</p>
Distribution Substations Augmentations -	<p>TR Grd&lt;22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p> <p>TR Grd&lt;22kV&gt;60kVA&lt;=600kVA;One Ph</p>

Ground Mounted	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph

### For Table 2.3.3.2 Cost Metrics

3. All expenditure data are report on an 'as incurred' basis within 2019-20.
4. The cumulative nominal expenditure for each project are obtained from DMA. Filters are applied to identify distribution expenses for projects with accumulated costs greater than or equal to the thresholds defined by the AER. The cost thresholds are \$500k for HV feeder projects, \$50k for LV feeder projects and no thresholds for distribution transformer projects.
5. Based on the expenditure on materials for each project, the costs are allocated to the augmentation capex categories in Table 6-7. Labour costs are apportioned across the augmentation capex categories using the same proportions as the expenditure on materials.
6. For projects that are in early phase where no materials-related bookings are recorded in the DMA RIN system, the project expenditure is not apportioned to any of the HV, LV and Distribution Substation categories..
7. The total direct expenditure is then reported against each category.

### Assumptions

Energex applied the following criteria to obtain the required information:

1. Expenditure not relating to materials is apportioned across the augmentation capex categories based on the expenditure on materials for each project.
2. Certain types of equipment that cannot be associated with a specific voltage are classified as Other Assets.
3. Strategic land and easement purchases for subtransmission lines and subtransmission substations, switching stations, zone substations categories are included as Other Assets in RIN Table 2.4.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

Energex is required to explain how the sum of the asset group expenditure reconciles with data in RIN Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.5<sup>[1]</sup>. The AER gave further guidance through the CA RIN Issues Register<sup>[2]</sup>:

*The explanation should include a general description of the link between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4, including any assumptions and calculations utilised in the relationships between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4. Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 require expenditure (and other) data on a project close basis. While Ergon is not required to provide this data on an as incurred basis in the Tables, it may choose to do so in demonstrating reconciliation if it finds this convenient/ efficient.*

*We would expect expenditure information reported in Table 2.3.3 to reconcile with the corresponding line items in Table 2.3.4. Where this is not the case, Energex must provide reasons.*

There are no differences between Table 2.3.3 and 2.3.4 Financial parameters.

## Table 2.3.4 - Augex Data - Total Expenditure

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 6-8 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 6-8 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must include only projects and expenditure related to augmentation of the network.	Only projects under augmentation financial activity codes are reported.
Energex must not include information for gifted assets.	No gifted assets are included.
Energex must not include augmentation information relating to connections in this RIN Template. Augmentations in relation to connections are to be inputted in the connections RIN Template (RIN Template 2.5).	No connection expenditure is included and it is stated in the connections RIN Template.
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$0.5 million (nominal); and the row that summarises all augmentation works on HV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$0.5 million (nominal)"</li> </ul>	HV feeder projects with greater than \$0.5 million nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$0.5 million are input in the summary row.
<p>For RIN Table 2.3.3.2 - "Complete the Table by inputting the required details for:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the rows that summarise all augmentation works on the specified types of LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of greater than or equal to \$50,000 (nominal); and</li> <li>the row that summarises all augmentation works on LV feeders owned and operated by Energex undertaken at any time during the years specified for projects with a total</li> </ul>	LV feeder projects with greater than \$50,000 nominal expenditure over the life of the project are reported separately. Those with less than \$50,000 are input in the summary row.

cumulative expenditure over the life of the project of less than \$50,000 (nominal).	
Record all expenditure data on an 'as incurred' basis in nominal dollars.	All project costs are stated in nominal dollars in the year incurred.
For projects that span across regulatory years, input figures for the 'Circuit km added' and 'Circuit km upgraded' columns according to the final year in which expenditure is incurred for the project.	Circuit km added and upgraded figures are input for projects closed in 2019-20
Energex must not include expenditure related to land purchases and easements in the 'Total direct expenditure' column. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex must be inputted in Table 2.3.6.	Expenditure figures do not include any expenditure for land or easements. Land purchases and easements expenditure related to augmentation works on all LV feeders owned and operated by Energex are inputted in Table 2.3.4.

## Sources

### Table 2.3.4 - Augex Summary Table

Table 6-9 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

#### Table 6-9 - Information Sources

Variable	Source
All variables	Tableau report for financial transactions

## Methodology

All figures for RIN Table 2.3.4 were calculated based on the financial transactions recorded in the financial year. The transactions were filtered to obtain only augmentation related activities.

The population of RIN Table 2.3.4 was completed by grouping the expenditure into the required project types as per the Table.

### Project List Development

1. A report is run from Tableau which listed all projects with transactions within the 2019-20 regulatory year under the following Augex financial activity codes in Table 6-7:

Activity Code	Description
C2020	Augmentation - Sub Transmission & 11kV Network

C2030	Reliability Improvement & Power Quality
C2050	Demand Primary Reliability Secondary
C2055	Augmentation - SCADA/Telecomms
C2060	Augmentation - 11kV Network
C2070	Land & Right of Way
C2075	Easements
C2090	Engineering and Admin
C2095	Infrastructure Projects
C2099	Transmission PoW Efficiency
C2530	External Business Income
C2565	Augmentation - Distribution
C2566	Power Quality
C2580	Control & Metering
C2585	Load Control
C2590	Engineering and Admin
C2595	Infrastructure Projects
C2599	Distribution PoW Efficiency

2. This report includes all Energex augmentation type projects with financial transactions in 2019-20. Gifted assets and connection assets are not included in the financial activity codes above.
3. The financial transactions are then filtered to exclude any overheads applied to give the direct expenditure for each project.

### **Project Data Allocation**

1. Each material expense is classified by a Stock Item Group Class (SIGC) which is mapped to a REPEX asset category and classified under its corresponding AUGEX group. This is listed under Table 6-8.

**Table 6-10 - Grouping of asset categories for RIN Table 2.3.4**

Augmentation Capex Category	REPEX asset category
Subtransmission	SCADA Local Network Wiring Assets
Substations, Switching Stations, Zone	SCADA Master Station Assets
Substations	SCADA AFLC
	TR Grd>=22kV<=33kV<=15MVA
	TR Grd>=22kV<=33kV>15MVA<=40MVA
	TR Grd>=22kV<=33kV>40MVA TR Grd>33kV<=66kV<=15MVA
	TR Grd>33kV<=66kV>15MVA<=40MVA
	TR Grd>33kV<=66kV>40MVA
	TR Grd>66kV<=132kV<=100MVA
	TR Grd>66kV<=132kV>100MVA
	TR Grd>132kV<=100MVA
	TR Grd>132kV>100MVA
	TR Other
	Other Instrument Transformer
	Other NER
	Switchgear<=11kV;CB
	Switchgear>11kV<=22kV;CB
	Switchgear>22kV<=33kV;Switch
	Switchgear>22kV<=33kV;CB
	Switchgear>33kV<=66kV;Switch
	Switchgear>33kV<=66kV;CB
	Switchgear>66kV<=132kV;Switch
	Switchgear>66kV<=132kV;CB
	Switchgear>132kV;Switch
	Switchgear>132kV;CB



	<p>Switchgear Other</p> <p>Other OHEW</p> <p>Other Planned Batteries</p> <p>Non REPEX Category - Earthing Transformer</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;= 110kV Capacitor</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;= 110kV CT</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;= 110kV VT</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;11kV &lt;= 33kV Capacitor</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;11kV &lt;= 33kV VT</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;11kV &lt;=33kV CT</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;1kV &lt;= 11kV Capacitor</p>
Subtransmission Lines	<p>Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&gt;132 kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&gt;132kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole&gt;132kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole Top&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV</p> <p>Pole Top&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</p> <p>Pole Top&gt;132kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&gt;22kV&lt;=66kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&gt;132kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV UG Cable&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;132kV</p> <p>Services&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;C&amp;I</p> <p>Services&gt;22kV&lt;=33kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Services&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;C&amp;I</p>

	<p>Services&gt;33kV&lt;=66kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Services&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;C&amp;I</p> <p>Services&gt;66kV&lt;=132kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Services&gt;132kV;C&amp;I</p> <p>Services&gt;132kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Other Insulators</p>
HV Feeders	<p>Pole&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole?11kV&lt;=22kV;Wood</p> <p>Pole&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole?11kV&lt;=22kV;Concrete</p> <p>Pole&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole?11kV&lt;=22kV;Steel</p> <p>Pole Top&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV</p> <p>Pole Top&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV</p> <p>OH Conductor&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV</p> <p>OH Conductor?11kV&lt;=22kV;SWER</p> <p>OH Conductor?11kV&lt;=22kV;Single-Phase</p> <p>OH Conductor?11kV&lt;=22kV;Multiple-Phase</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;1kV&lt;=11kV</p> <p>UG Cable&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;C&amp;I;Simple Type</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;C&amp;I;Complex Type</p> <p>Services&lt;=11kV;Subdivision;Complex Type</p> <p>Services&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;C&amp;I</p> <p>Services&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Subdivision</p> <p>Switchgear&lt;=11kV;Fuse</p> <p>Switchgear&lt;=11kV;Switch</p> <p>Switchgear&gt;11kV&lt;=22kV;Switch</p> <p>Non REPEX Category &gt;1kV &lt;=11kV Regulator</p>
Distribution Substations	<p>TR Pole&lt;=22kV&lt;=60kVA;One Ph</p>

	Other TR Pole>22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	Other TR Pole>22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	Other TR Pole>22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	Other TR Pole>22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	Other TR Pole>22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi P
	Other TR Pole>22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Pole<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Pole<=22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Pole<=22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Pole<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Pole<=22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Kiosk<=22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV<=60kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;One Ph
	TR Grd<22kV<=60kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>60kVA<=600kVA;Multi Ph
	TR Grd<22kV>600kVA;Multi Ph
LV Feeders	Pole<=1kV;Wood
	Pole<=1kV;Concrete
	Pole<=1kV;Steel
	Pole Top<=1kV
	OH Conductor<=1kV
	UG Cable<=1kV
	Services<=11kV;Residential;Simple Type
	Services<=11kV;Residential;Complex Type

Other Assets	Public Lighting Luminaires; Major Road Public Lighting Luminaires; Minor Road
	Public Lighting Lamps; Minor Road
	Public Lighting Poles/Columns; Major Road Public Lighting Poles/Columns; Minor Road
	PUBLIC LIGHTING OTHER
	POLE OTHER
	Public Lighting Brackets; Major Road Public Lighting Brackets; Minor Road
	Public Lighting Lamps; Major Road
	SCADA Field Devices
	SCADA Communications Network Assets
	SCADA Communications Site Infrastructure
	SCADA Communications Linear Assets
	Pole Top Other
	SCADA Other
	OH Conductor Other
	UG Cable Other
	Other Meter1
	Other Meter2
Services Other	
Other Material	

2. Based on the expenditure on materials for each project, the costs are allocated across the augmentation capex categories in Table 6-8 Labour and other non materials-related costs are apportioned across the augmentation capex categories using the same proportions as the expenditure on materials. Land and easements expenditure are excluded from the apportionment.
3. For projects that are in early phase where no materials-related bookings are recorded in the Tableau system, these costs have been categorised as "Other".
4. Expenditure on land and easements are reported separately under the HV feeders - land Purchase and easements, Distribution substation - land purchase and easements and LV Feeders - land purchase and easements categories accordingly. There were no land and easements transactions in relation to HV feeders, LV feeders or Distribution substations identified in 2019-20.

## Other Assets

1. In addition to the grouping of asset categories as described on Table 6-8 above, the following costs are also reported under this category:
  - Land and easements expenditure for Subtransmission lines and Subtransmission substations, switching stations, zone substations are reported under Other Assets. There is a land and easements expenditure for the 2019-20 financial year of \$0.00.
  - Adjustments due to under or over allocations of labour, fleet oncosts and materials oncosts are also reported under Other Assets. This reflects adjustments to actual costs, posted as an accrual at a high level only. Detailed entries are posted to projects in the following financial year. These amounts represent adjustments to the standard labour rates or oncost rates posted to projects throughout the year based on expected spend, with the adjustment reflecting the actual costs incurred. The total amount of adjustments included in 2019-20 for Augex is \$77,506.21.

## Assumptions

Energex applied the following criteria to obtain the required information:

- Expenditure not relating to materials is apportioned across the augmentation capex categories based on the expenditure on materials for each project.
- Certain types of equipment that cannot be associated with a specific voltage are classified as Other Assets.
- Strategic land and easement purchases for subtransmission lines and subtransmission substations, switching stations, zone substations categories are included as Other Assets in RIN Table 2.4.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

Energex is required to explain how the sum of the asset group expenditure reconciles with data in RIN Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.5[1]. The AER gave further guidance through the CA RIN Issues Register:

*The explanation should include a general description of the link between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4, including any assumptions and calculations utilised in the relationships between Tables 2.3.1 to 2.3.3 and Table 2.3.4. Tables 2.3.1 and 2.3.2 require expenditure (and other) data on a project close basis. While Ergon is not required to provide this data on an as incurred basis in the Tables, it may choose to do so in demonstrating reconciliation if it finds this convenient/ efficient.*

*We would expect expenditure information reported in Table 2.3.3 to reconcile with the corresponding line items in Table 2.3.4. Where this is not the case, Energex must provide reasons.*

- There is a nodiscrepancy between RIN Table 2.3.3 cost metrics and the HV feeder, LV feeder and distribution substation elements in RIN Table 2.3.4.
- RIN Table 2.3.4 reconciles with RIN Table 2.3.1 and Table 2.3.2.

# BOP - 2.5 Connections

## Table 2.5.1 Descriptor Metrics 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Underground, Overhead and Simple Connections

Table 7-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 7-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide information within the relevant reportable year for the volumes of connections for residential, commercial and industrial customers	Energex provides information for the relevant reportable year for the volumes of connections for residential, commercial and industrial customers sourced from EPM data
GSL payments made to residential customers	Connection GSLs with a small NMI classification
Volume of complaints relating to connection services	Volumes of complaints are provided based upon categorisation in the Energex Complaint Management System that relate to connection services
Connection means a physical link between a distribution system and a retail customers premises to allow the flow of electricity.	Connections volumes are either new connections or alterations of existing connections of a physical nature between the distribution network and the customer's premises
Simple connection low voltage is defined as a single/multiphase customer service connection.	Simple connection low voltage follow the definition of single or multiphase customer service connections
Complaint is defined as a written or verbal expression of dissatisfaction about an action, or failure to act, or in respect of a product or service offered or provided by an electricity network distributor.	Complaints recorded in the Energex Customer Management System follow this definition as per the Customer Service Standards.

### Sources

#### Underground, Overhead and Simple Connections

Table 7-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 7-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Connections, Embedded Generation Volumes & Mean Days to Connect residential customer with LV single phase connection	EPM Report CUS044 sourced from PEACE
Embedded Generation (<30kW) OH/UG connections	SQL Query sourced from the Enterprise Data Warehouse (EDW), from PEACE
Complaints	Cherwell sourced via SQL query of the EDW
GSL Breaches & GSL Payment	EPM Report CUS002 sourced from Cherwell

## Methodology

### Underground, Overhead and Simple Connections

1. Total volumes of connections to the network are established by summing the total volume of connection service orders where the market outcome status was "complete" for the financial year.
2. As connection data is based upon business to business (B2B) information, the connection type taken from the service order is used to determine the total number of underground and overhead connections. Where a connection type was not able to be attained these reflect instances where a retailer has not supplied this information within the B2B. Where there was insufficient data Energex has adopted an apportionment approach. That is, of the total connections where a connection type was supplied, the percentage of these connection types within the relevant year was applied to the instances where insufficient connection type information was available. This approach has been used as it represents a fair and valid calculation for those occasions where a connection type cannot be identified.
3. When using the above approach, the percentage of each unknown connection type (Residential, Commercial & Industrial and Embedded Generation) was less than 1 percent of the total connections which is considered immaterial and therefore reported as actual information.
4. Validation of the data is carried out by cross checking the detailed data against yearly reports such as CUS015.

### Embedded Generation Connections

Since the implementation of Power of Choice the volume of regulated service orders for Solar PV (PV) has reduced significantly, as this work is now contestable if a meter needs to be replaced. To ensure we provide accurate volumes of solar connections to the Energex Network a change in methodology was implemented.



When a customer connects solar, both a Connection Agreement and an Electrical Work request are received by Energex. Once these are received our source system PEACE is updated with the details of when the system was connected and the size of the system. This allows a query to be run to extract all solar connections that occurred within the Financial Year along with their supply type. This figure was used to populate the Embedded Generation Underground and Overhead connection volumes.

### **Mean Days to Connect**

Mean days to connect residential customer with LV single phase connection has been determined by calculating the average days between the earliest work start date and the actual completion date (field worker completes work in field) for a connection associated with the same NMI.

### **Complaints**

1. Exclusion of complaints not categorised as the following:
  - New connection/Establish supply
  - Existing connection/Additions and Alterations
2. Total volumes of complaints relating to connections are established by summing the total volume of the above complaint categories for the financial year.

### **GSLs**

1. Collation of quarterly reports for financial year
2. Cross checked with a yearly report
3. Exclusions of GSLs not categorised as the following
  - New Connection
4. Total volumes of GSL breaches are established by summing the total volume of the New Connection GSLs paid for each financial year
5. GSL payments are established by summing the total financial amount of New Connection GSLs paid for each financial year

### **Assumptions**

#### **Underground, Overhead and Simple Connections**

- Data provided includes New Connections, Connection Alterations and Basic Embedded Generation Connection as defined by the National Electricity Rules.
- New connection service orders include both permanent and temporary connections thereby making it possible for more than one new connection service to occur for the same premises (NMI) within the reportable period.

- GSLs are payable to small NMI class customers only therefore data provided has been based on the assumption that a small NMI classification is that of a residential customer.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Underground, Overhead and Simple Connections**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

No additional comments.

## Table 2.5.1 Descriptor Metrics 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Connections

Table 7-3 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 7-3 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for connection services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for connection services between standard or ACS in RIN Template 2.5.	No distinction was made between SCS and ACS.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for connection services as either capex or opex in RIN Template 2.5.	No distinction was made between opex and capex.
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	No cash contributions were included in these tables
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated connection services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	Only data for regulated services was reported.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated connection services or connection services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	No contestable data was reported and no gifted assets were included.
For augmentation metrics, 'km added' refers to the net addition of circuit line length resulting from the augmentation work of complex connections.	Km added takes into account the effect of multiple circuits.
The definitions of complex connections in appendix F provide guidance on the types of augmentation works which must be reported as connection services, as descriptor metrics for RIN Table 2.5.1 and as cost metrics for RIN Table 2.5.2.	Complex connections were reported in line with the AER's definitions.
Energex must only report augmentation for connections in RIN Template 2.5 relating to customer connection requests, as per the definition of connection expenditure in appendix F. Energex must not double count augmentation requirements by twice reporting	Connection data has not been duplicated across the RIN Templates 2.3 and 2.5.

augmentation data in RIN Templates 2.3 and 2.5.	
Energex must report the MVA added for distribution substations installed for connection services. Where MVA added must be calculated by Energex as the sum of the nameplate rating of all the distribution substations installed for the relevant year.	MVA was calculated as the sum of the nameplate ratings.

## Sources

### Connections

Table 7-4 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 7-4 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Table 2.5.1 - Descriptor Metrics	
Residential	
Distribution Substation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM recast data extract EGX CA RIN 2_5_2 Connections.
Augmentation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data extract EGX CA RIN 2_5_2 Connections.
Commercial/Industrial	
Distribution Substation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data recast model .
Augmentation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data recast model .
Subdivision	
Underground and Overhead Connections	EPM Solution
Distribution Substation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data recast model .
Augmentation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data recast model .
Cost per Lot	Calculated field (Total cost / no. of lots)
Embedded Generation	
Underground and Overhead Connections	PEACE, Sales Force Customer Management system

Distribution Substation Metrics	Sales Force Customer Management system
Augmentation Metrics	DMA Solution & CAM data recast model .

## Methodology

### Connections

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

- All individual projects undertaken by Energex within the 2019-20 regulatory year were extracted using the DMA Solution from the source Table - GL transaction. This report detailed all projects along with the following items:
  - Project description
  - Financial activity code
  - Expenditure
- The DMA solution identified material transactions broken down by stock codes which were used to categorise projects into the individual connection classifications. These material transactions were also used to calculate the MVA added and net circuit kilometres added.
- A number of projects were excluded from the project list to ensure only projects consistent with the connections definition specified by the AER were reported. Table 7-5 provides the details of the project types excluded:

**Table 7-5 - Projects Excluded from Connections calculations**

Exclusions	Reason
Public Lighting	Street lighting projects were not to be included within the connections RIN Template.
Projects with gifted assets	Gifted assets were excluded in accordance with the CA RIN by removing projects with any transaction in expense code 6270 (Capital Contributions Non-Cash Expenses).
Relocation of connection assets	Any projects that were deemed to be relocating connection assets were excluded as they were alterations to the network rather than connections. This included beautification projects. (i.e. C2596, C2096)

## RIN Table 2.5.1 - Descriptor Metrics

- Once the project list was defined, each project was assigned to be either a distribution substation, augmentation HV or augmentation LV classification by analysing the stock codes charged to each project. The following logic was applied:
  - A project was deemed to be a distribution substation project if a transformer was transacted against that project in 2019-20.
  - A project was deemed to be a HV or LV project based on the highest proportion of cable (based on expenditure) booked to the project (where a transformer was not booked to the project). If a project had a higher quantity HV cable then it would be classified as a HV project and vice versa. If there was no material to indicate voltage, then the project was assumed to be HV.

### Residential

- Distribution Substation Installed Metrics:
  - Residential connections with distribution substations were determined to be those projects with an activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" where the project code did not start with 'S' and distribution transformers were transacted against the project. The MVA added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning an MVA added for each stock code transaction based on the stock item description and quantity and then summing each figure to give the total.
  - The number of distribution substations was calculated as the frequency of projects that were classified as distribution substation.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the cost incurred for each project in the 2019-20 regulatory year, for projects where there was a transformer transaction.
- Augmentation HV Metrics:
  - Residential connections with HV augmentation were determined to be those projects with an activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S'. The circuit length added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning a circuit length added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and length of cable, adjusting for cables with multiple circuits and then each figure was summated to give the total.

- The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year, where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more HV cable than LV cable transacted against the project.
- **Augmentation LV Metrics:**
  - Residential connections with LV augmentation were determined to be those projects with an activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S' Added to this was also an apportionment of projects with the activity code "C2570 - Service Connections". The projects under C2570 were allocated between Residential and Commercial/Industrial customers based on the proportional amount of connection volumes for the 2019-20 regulatory year.
  - The circuit length added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning a circuit length added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and length of cable, adjusting for cables with multiple circuits and then each figure was summated to give the total.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year for projects under C2510, where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more LV cable than HV cable transacted against the project, as well as the apportionment of project cost to the residential classification from C2570.

## **Commercial/Industrial**

- **Distribution Substation Installed Metrics:**
  - Commercial/Industrial connections with distribution substations were determined to be those projects with an activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S', or has a funding type of C20 or C35 that had distribution substations transacted against the project. The MVA added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning an MVA added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and quantity and then each figure was summated to give the total MVA.
  - The number of distribution substations was calculated as the frequency of projects that were classified as distribution substation.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year, for projects where there was a transformer transaction.

- Augmentation HV Metrics:
  - Commercial/Industrial connections with HV augmentation were determined to be those projects with an activity "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S' or has a funding type of C20 or C35 that had a majority of HV cable transacted against the project. The circuit length added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning a circuit length added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and length of cable, adjusting for cables with multiple circuits and then each figure was summated to give the total.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for 2019-20 regulatory year, where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more HV cable than LV cable transacted against the project.
- Augmentation LV Metrics:
  - Commercial/Industrial connections with LV augmentation were determined to be those projects with an activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S' or a funding type of C20 that had a majority of LV cable transacted against the project. Added to this was also an apportionment of projects with the activity code "C2570 - Service Connections". The projects under C2570 were allocated between Residential and Commercial/Industrial customers based on the proportional amount of connection volumes in the 2019-20 regulatory year.
  - The circuit length added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning a circuit length added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and length of cable, adjusting for cables with multiple circuits and then each figure was summated to give the total.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year for projects under C2550 where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more LV cable than HV cable transacted against the project as well as the apportionment of project costs to the Commercial/Industrial classification from C2570.

## Subdivision

- Underground and Overhead Connections
  - This information is captured in Ellipse for each subdivision project contracted. It has been retrieved based on the Date in Service for the financial year.



- Distribution Substation Installed Metrics
  - Subdivision connections with distribution substations were determined to be those projects with a project code beginning with 'S' that had distribution substations transacted against the project. The MVA added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning an MVA added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and quantity and then each figure was summated to give the total MVA.
  - The number of distribution substations was calculated as the frequency of projects that were classified as distribution substation.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year, for projects where there was a transformer transaction.
- Augmentation HV Metrics
  - Subdivision connections with HV Augmentation were determined to be those projects with a project code beginning with 'S' that had the majority of HV cable transacted against the project. The circuit length added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning a circuit length added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and length of cable, adjusting for cables with multiple circuits and then each figure was summated to give the total.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year, where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more HV cable than LV cable transacted against the project, also where there was a payment made towards the development (ie future use conduits, network augmentation).
- Augmentation LV Metrics
  - Subdivision connections with LV Augmentation were determined to be those projects with a project code beginning with 'S'. The MVA added was calculated by analysing the stock code transactions against each applicable project. This involved assigning an MVA added for each stock code transaction based on the item description and quantity and then each figure was summated to give the total MVA.
  - The total spend figure was calculated as the total project cost for the 2019-20 regulatory year, where there was not a transformer transaction and there was more LV cable than HV cable transacted against the project.

- Cost per Lot

- To obtain the cost per lot, Energex used the total cost reported in RIN Table 2.5.1 for subdivisions divided by the number connections reported in overhead and underground connections for Subdivisions for the year.

## **Embedded Generation**

- Underground and Overhead Connections
  - Small solar PV system connections (<30 kW) were extracted from the PEACE customer Information System through report FRC213.
  - The split of connections into the underground and overhead categories was done using the connection type found in the FRC213 report. Where connections did not have a connection type the residual connections were allocated to underground and overhead based on the proportions of known connection types.
  - The number of large connections (>30 kW) were determined by extracting data from the Sales Force Customer Management system.
  - The total number of connections reported was the sum of connections >30kW and <30kW.
  - No augmentation costs or volumes were allocated to embedded generation. The main costs of solar PV relate to metering works to enable to connection. Metering costs relating to solar PV were included in RIN Template 4.2.

## **Assumptions**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

### **Connections**

#### **General**

- HV was defined as anything over 1 kV and LV is defined as anything equal or less than 1 kV.

#### **All Residential Variables**

- Residential connections were assumed to be equivalent to the Energex financial activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" less any projects where the project number begins with 'S' (this is considered a subdivision project). Residential variables also include an apportionment of activity code "C2570 - OH Service
- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, it is assumed that each top project represents one connection.

## All Commercial/Industrial Variables

- Commercial and Industrial connections were assumed to be equivalent to the Energex financial activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Work" less any projects where the project number that begins with 'S' (this is considered a subdivision project). Commercial/Industrial variables also include an apportionment of activity code "C2570 - OH Service Connections" based on the ratio of simple LV connection volumes to total Residential and Commercial and Industrial connections.
- Commercial and Industrial also includes any projects with a C20 or a C35 activity code. Any projects with a customer requested activity, i.e. C2596 or C2096, are removed as per the reset RIN definition.
- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, it is assumed that each top project represents one connection.

## All Subdivision Variables

- Subdivision connections were assumed to be any project that has a project number beginning with 'S'.
- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, a query was run from Ellipse to extract the lots commissioned for each project. The percentage of lots for each category was obtained from the subdivision agreements register and applied to the total figure reported in RIN Template 2.5.1.
- Complex connection HV (upstream works) were assumed to be HV connection projects with Energex expenditure greater than \$250k. The assumption is based on the definition of Complex subdivision connection high voltage (with upstream asset works). The definition states that the connection may contain: extension or augmentation of HV feeders including major upstream works; and is intended to capture the cost of developing the network to serve new estates and possible upstream shared asset alterations that may be required.
- As "major upstream works" were not defined in the RIN a financial value for Energex expenditure of \$250K was used to distinguish these projects.

## Embedded Generation

- Connection expenditure for large embedded generation projects were excluded as these assets were either gifted, or don't involve any works. Connection volumes were included.

- Connections expenditure for PV connections is excluded as it is included in RIN Template 4.2 (metering). Connection volumes were included.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Connections**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Connections**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.5.2 Cost Metrics by Connection Classification

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Connections

Table 7-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 7-5 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for connection services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for connection services between standard or ACS in RIN Template 2.5.	No distinction was made between SCS and ACS.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for connection services as either capex or opex in RIN Template 2.5.	No distinction was made between opex and capex.
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	No cash contributions were included in these tables
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated connection services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	Only data for regulated services was reported.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated connection services or connection services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	No contestable data was reported and no gifted assets were included.
For augmentation metrics, 'km added' refers to the net addition of circuit line length resulting from the augmentation work of complex connections.	Km added takes into account the effect of multiple circuits.
The definitions of complex connections in appendix F provide guidance on the types of augmentation works which must be reported as connection services, as descriptor metrics for RIN Table 2.5.1 and as cost metrics for RIN Table 2.5.2.	Complex connections were reported in line with the AER's definitions.
Energex must only report augmentation for connections in RIN Template 2.5 relating to customer connection requests, as per the definition of connection expenditure in appendix F. Energex must not double count augmentation requirements by twice reporting	Connection data has not been duplicated across the RIN Templates 2.3 and 2.5.

augmentation data in RIN Templates 2.3 and 2.5.	
Energex must report the MVA added for distribution substations installed for connection services. Where MVA added must be calculated by Energex as the sum of the nameplate rating of all the distribution substations installed for the relevant year.	MVA was calculated as the sum of the nameplate ratings.

## Sources

### Connections

Table 7-6 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 7-6 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Table 2.5.2 - Cost Metrics	
Residential	
Simple Connection LV	DMA Solution
Complex Connection LV	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV	DMA Solution
Commercial/Industrial	
Simple Connection LV	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At LV, Minor HV Works)	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At LV, Upstream Asset Works)	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At HV)	DMA Solution
Complex Connection Sub-Transmission	DMA Solution
Subdivision	

Complex Connection LV	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV (No Upstream Asset Works)	DMA Solution
Complex Connection HV (With Upstream Asset Works)	DMA Solution
Embedded Generation	
Simple Connection LV	PEACE, Sales Force Customer Management system
Complex Connection HV (Small Capacity)	Sales Force Customer Management system
Complex Connection HV (Large Capacity)	Sales Force Customer Management system

## Methodology

Once the project list was defined the variables required with RIN Table 2.5.2 were calculated as follows:

### Residential

- Simple Connection LV (expenditure only)
  - All expenditure for projects under the activity code "C2570 - Service Connections" was extracted. The total expenditure figure was then allocated between Residential and Commercial/Industrial customers based on the proportional amount of connection volumes for the 2019-20 regulatory year.
- Complex Connection LV
  - Residential complex connections were defined as being those projects under the activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S'. The split between LV and HV was made using an analysis of stock codes transacted against each project. LV was defined as any project that did not include a transformer and had cable installed that was less than or equal to 1kV. Where a project included both LV and HV cables the project was allocated based on the cable type with the highest volume

- The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses in the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects in the 2019-20 regulatory year.
- **Complex Connection HV**
  - Complex connection HV was defined as those projects under activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S' and that included a transformer, or more HV cable than LV cable transacted against the project. For projects in activity C2510 where there were no materials to indicate voltage, these projects were assumed to be HV.
  - The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses in the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects in the 2019-20 regulatory year.
- **Volumes**
  - The sum total of underground and overhead connections from RIN Table 2.5.1 are allocated across the 3 categories of Simple Connection LV, Complex Connection LV and Complex Connection HV. Volumes are determined by the project counts in the 2 Complex categories as described above. The balance of the total volumes is then allocated to Simple LV.

## **Commercial/Industrial**

- **Simple Connection LV (expenditure only)**
  - All expenditure for projects under the activity code "C2570 - Service Connections" was extracted. The total expenditure figure was then allocated between Residential and Commercial/Industrial customers based on the proportional amount of connection volumes in the 2019-20 regulatory year. Added to this was expenditure for selected projects under the activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S'. These projects were identified as being LV projects by analysis of the project description.
- **Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At LV, Minor HV Works)**
  - This classification was determined to be the remainder of projects under the activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Works" where the project code does not start with 'S'.
  - The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses for the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects for the year.



- Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At LV, Upstream Asset Works)
  - This classification was determined to be the remainder of projects under the C20 or C35 funding type.
  - The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses in the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects for the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects for the year.
- Complex Connection HV (Customer Connected At HV)
  - This classification was determined to be projects under the C20 or C35 funding type that were identified as HV projects. The projects were identified as being HV by having an understanding of the project. This was obtained by asking staff which were their projects where the Customer Connected at HV).
  - The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses in the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects for the year.
- Complex Connection Sub-Transmission
  - This classification was determined to be projects under the C20 funding type that were identified as sub-transmission projects. The projects were identified as being sub-transmission by analysis of the project description, and by asking staff which were their projects were sub-transmission projects.
  - The expense values were calculated as the total project expenses in the 2019-20 regulatory year. The volumes of connections were calculated by using the frequency of projects for the 2019-20 regulatory year.
- Volumes
  - The sum total of underground and overhead connections from RIN Table 2.5.1 are allocated across the 5 categories of Simple Connection LV, Complex Connection HV (customer LV, minor HV works), Complex Connection HV (customer LV, upstream asset works), Complex Connection HV (customer HV) and Complex Connection subtransmission. Volumes are determined by the project counts in the 4 Complex categories as described above. The balance of the total volumes is then allocated to Simple LV.

## Subdivision

- Complex Connection LV

- This classification was determined to be projects with a project number starting with 'S'. The split between LV and HV was made using an analysis of stock codes transacted against each project. LV was defined as any project that did not include a transformer and had cable installed that was less than or equal to 1kV. Where a project included both LV and HV cables the project was allocated based on the cable type with the highest expense value.
- Complex Connection HV (No Upstream Works)
  - This classification was determined to be projects with a project number starting with 'S' and that included a transformer, high voltage cable (>1kV) or both. For projects that start with an 'S' where there were no materials to indicate voltage, these projects were assumed to be HV.
- Complex Connection HV (Upstream Works)
  - This classification was determined to be projects with a project number starting with 'S' where the expense was greater than \$250,000.
- Volumes
  - The sum total of underground and overhead connections from RIN Table 2.5.1 is allocated across the 3 categories of Complex Connection LV, Complex Connection HV (No upstream asset works) and Complex Connection HV (with upstream asset works). Volumes are determined by the project counts in subdivisions as described above. The balance of the total volumes is then allocated to Complex Connection HV (No upstream asset works).

## **Embedded Generation**

- Simple Connection LV
  - No expenditure data was supplied in this category as per assumptions stated above.
  - Volume data was based on Small solar PV system connections (<30 kW) plus volumes extracted from Sales Force Customer Management system.
- Complex Connection HV (Small Capacity)
  - No expenditure data was supplied in this category, as per assumptions.
  - Volume data was based on network connection contracts.
- Complex Connection HV (Large Capacity)
  - No expenditure data was supplied in this category, as per assumptions.
  - Volume data was based on network connection contracts.

## Assumptions

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

### Connections

#### General

- HV was defined as anything over 1 kV and LV is defined as anything equal or less than 1 kV.

#### All Residential Variables

- Residential connections were assumed to be equivalent to the Energex financial activity code "C2510 - Domestic and Rural Customer Requested Works" less any projects where the project number begins with 'S' (this is considered a subdivision project). Residential variables also include an apportionment of activity code "C2570 - OH Service

Connections" based on the ratio of volumes of simple LV connections to total Residential and Commercial and Industrial connections.

- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, it is assumed that each top project represents one connection.

#### All Commercial/Industrial Variables

- Commercial and Industrial connections were assumed to be equivalent to the Energex financial activity code "C2550 - Commercial and Industrial Customer Requested Work" less any projects where the project number that begins with 'S' (this is considered a subdivision project). Commercial/Industrial variables also include an apportionment of activity code "C2570 - OH Service Connections" based on the ratio of simple LV connection volumes to total Residential and Commercial and Industrial connections.
- Commercial and Industrial also includes any projects with a C20 or a C35 activity code. Any projects with a customer requested activity, i.e. C2596 or C2096, are removed as per the reset RIN definition.
- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, it is assumed that each top project represents one connection.

#### All Subdivision Variables

- Subdivision connections were assumed to be any project that has a project number beginning with 'S'.
- Any project with a transaction against the Energex expense element "6270 - Capital Contributions Non-cash" was excluded based on the AER's instructions to exclude gifted assets.
- For the volume of connections, a query was run from Ellipse to extract the lots commissioned for each project. The percentage of lots for each category was obtained from the subdivision agreements register and applied to the total figure reported in RIN Template 2.5.1.
- Complex connection HV (upstream works) were assumed to be HV connection projects with Energex expenditure greater than \$250k. The assumption is based on the definition of Complex subdivision connection high voltage (with upstream asset works). The definition states that the connection may contain: extension or augmentation of HV feeders including major upstream works; and is intended to capture the cost of developing the network to serve new estates and possible upstream shared asset alterations that may be required.
- As "major upstream works" were not defined in the RIN a financial value for Energex expenditure of \$250K was used to distinguish these projects.

### **Embedded Generation**

- Connection expenditure for large embedded generation projects were excluded as these assets were either gifted, or don't involve any works. Connection volumes were included.
- Connections expenditure for PV connections is excluded as it is included in RIN Template 4.2 (metering). Connection volumes were included.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 2.6 Non Network

## Table 2.6.1 - Non-network Expenditure 1

### Table CAPEX 1

### Table OPEX 1

#### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

##### IT & Communications

Table 8-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 8-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>If expenditure is directly attributable to an expenditure category in this RIN Template 2.6 it is a Direct Cost for the purposes of this RIN Template. Report all capex and/or opex Direct Costs as required, irrespective of whether any Direct Costs are also classified as Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads or other capex or opex categories. To the extent this results in multiple reporting of expenditures, identify this in accordance with instructions at paragraph 2.3 above.</p>	<p>Energex has reported figures excluding overheads.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-network IT &amp; Communications - Non Recurrent Expenditure as T &amp; Communications - Non Recurrent is all IT &amp; Communications Expenditure that is Nonrecurrent Expenditure excluding any expenditure reported under IT &amp; Communications Expenditure - Client Devices Expenditure.</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.1 is in line with this definition.</p>
<p>Non-network IT &amp; Communications Expenditure is all non-network expenditure directly attributable to IT and communications assets including replacement, installation, operation, maintenance, licensing, and leasing costs but excluding all costs associated with SCADA and Network Control Expenditure that exist beyond gateway devices (routers, bridges etc.) at corporate offices.</p> <p>IT &amp; Communications Expenditure includes:</p> <p>costs associated with SCADA and Network Control that exist at the Corporate office side of gateway devices (routers, bridges etc.). For example, this would include cost associated with SCADA master systems/control room and directly</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.1 is in line with this definition.</p>

<p>related equipment</p> <p>IT &amp; Communications Expenditure related to management, dispatching and coordination, etc. of network work crews (e.g. phones, radios etc.).</p> <p>any common costs shared between the SCADA and Network Control Expenditure and IT &amp; Communications Expenditure categories with no</p> <p>dominant driver related to either of these expenditure categories. For example, a dedicated communications link used for both corporate office communications and network data communications with no dominant driver for incurring the expenditure attributable to either expenditure category should be reported as IT &amp; Communications Expenditure.</p> <p>expenditure related to network metering recording and storage at non network sites (i.e. corporate offices/sites)</p> <p>Sub categories of Non-network IT &amp; Communications Expenditure are:</p> <p>Client Devices Expenditure</p> <p>Recurrent Expenditure (excluding any client devices expenditure)</p> <p>Non-Recurrent Expenditure (excluding any client devices expenditure).</p>	
<p>The AER defines Non-network IT &amp; Communications Expenditure - Client Devices Expenditure as expenditure related to a hardware device that accesses services made available by a server. Client Devices Expenditure includes hardware involved in providing desktop computers, laptops, tablets and thin client interfaces and handheld end user computing devices including smart phones.</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN table 2.6.1 is in line with this definition.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-network IT &amp; Communications Expenditure - Recurrent Expenditure as all IT &amp; Communications Expenditure that is Recurrent Expenditure excluding any expenditure reported as IT &amp; Communications Expenditure - Client Devices Expenditure.</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.1 is in line with this definition.</p>

## Sources

### IT & Communications

The following sources were used:

- The financial data provided in RIN table 2.6.1 was extracted from the Energy Queensland finance system in relation to ICT services rendered across Energy Queensland to through the

outsourced Managed Service Desk contract with Data#3 and telecommunication account costs in relation to iphones and ipads.

- Non-financial data provided in RIN table 2.6.2 was sourced as follows:
  - Employee numbers - Monthly Performance Report for June 2020 adjusted to reflect SCS employees based on the approved Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM) Non Network allocation methodology.
  - User numbers - advised by Digital Platforms & Services - Microsoft Active Directory reports adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM methodology. Active Directory is a Directory Service product produced by Microsoft and used by Digital Platforms & Services to manage network user accounts and computer objects. All employees were given a user account within Active Directory. Underpinning the directory service is a database which contains unique identifiers for each object as well as various attributes associate with those objects. Reports were run against this database to determine the number of employees, active computers etc.
  - Number of devices - advised by Digital Platforms & Services - the data reported was sourced from reports used for demonstrating compliance to Microsoft for the licensing obligations associated with the Microsoft applications used by these devices. These counts were determined using System Centre Configuration Manager (SCCM) and Microsoft Active Directory reports adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM methodology. SCCM is a Microsoft product used for systems management which has the ability to auto discover devices on the network and determine what software is running installed.

The following sources were use in the generation of the ICT figures:

- CAM Recast data extract EPM - FIN032 Divisional Profit and Loss of SPARQ
- CAM Recast data extract ECA90W Accounting Entry Report - incl Proj & WO Desc.

Table 8-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 8-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Client Device Expenditure - OPEX (\$000's)	Accounting Entry Report per Ellipse
Client Device Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000's)	Accounting Entry Report per Ellipse - CAM Recast data extract
Recurrent Expenditure - OPEX (\$000s)	CAM Recast data extract - Profit and Loss for SPARQ Solutions division from EPM for Cost of Sales, labour costs,

	Telecommunications, Asset Usage Fee, Contractors and Consultant and Telco and passthrough costs and SLA
Recurrent Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000s)	CAM Recast data extract - Capex expenditure per Accounting Entry Report less Client Device
Non-Recurrent Expenditure - OPEX (\$000s)	Profit and Loss MOPEX RC 1020, element 4940 for 2019-20
Non-Recurrent Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000s)	Not applicable

## Methodology

### IT & Communications

- The cost information provided in RIN Table 2.6.1 is as sourced from the Energy QLD financial system relating to ICT services rendered, including expenditure is based on Managed service desk costs provided by Data #3 (relating to desktops, laptops) and Telstra account costs for iPhones and iPads.
- The treatment of these costs as operating or capital expenditure is determined by the Cost Allocation Model.
- ICT Costs were not allocated to specific business operations as this is dealt with internally by using the Cost Allocation Model. In providing the sub-category financial data, Energy Qld applied the definitions provided by the AER on the following basis:
  - Non recurrent expenditure comprises costs incurred for Energex projects which may be reported as either operating or capital costs in Energex (this allocation was determined by Energex).
  - Client device expenditure reflects costs of supporting the operation and use of the Energex end user device fleet, including service desk support.
  - Recurrent expenditure comprises all other IT & communications costs incurred with SPARQ Solutions by Energex. Following recent clarification of changes in treatment provided by Energex of Network ICT costs, this sub-category includes the cost of supporting the Energex Network Control and Distribution Management Systems.

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

### **OPEX**



1. Client Devices OPEX - the OPEX component relates to ICT services rendered including the outsourced Managed Service Desk contract with Data#3 and communication services.
2. Recurrent OPEX - Calculated as the total of the Cost of Sales, Telecommunications Costs, Asset Usage Fee, labour related charges, Contractors and Consultant, Telco passthrough costs and SLA from Energex EPM reports. The "Cost of Sales" expenditure relates to the purchase for small ICT equipment. The telecommunications costs relates to reclass of telecommunication costs for Metering Dynamics and some small item CAPEX purchases sent through the SLA.
3. Inventory is capitalised in Energex accounts and as such it was excluded from the recurrent expenditure charge.
4. Non-recurrent OPEX, as per the definition, is deemed to be the Energex MOPEX payments. MOPEX costs were Energex project related costs which were expensed in the Energex Profit and Loss. These costs relate to project scoping and development costs which in accordance with Energex Finance Policy cannot be capitalised. MOPEX costs were costed to separate responsibility centres and were sourced from the relevant EPM report for that RC (1020 and 1030).

### **CAPEX**

1. Client devices Capex - Client devices capex was identified from the Accounting Entry Report for 2019-20, as extracted from Ellipse.
2. Recurrent Capex - Recurrent CAPEX is calculated as the difference between total Energex ICT Capex as recorded in the Regulatory accounts less the client devices calculated above.
3. Non-recurrent Capex - in accordance with the RIN definitions there is no nonrecurrent ICT Capex for Energex

### **Assumptions**

#### **IT & Communications**

No assumptions were made.

### **Estimated Information**

#### **IT & Communications**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### **IT & Communications**

Not applicable.

### **Accounting Policies**

The Accounting Policies adopted by Energex have not materially changed in nature.

## Table 2.6.1 - Non-network Expenditure 2

### Table CAPEX 2

### Table OPEX 2

#### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

##### Motor Vehicles

Table 8-3 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 8-3 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
If expenditure is directly attributable to an expenditure category in this RIN Template 2.6 it is a Direct Cost for the purposes of this RIN Template 2.6. Report all capex and/or Opex Direct Costs as required, irrespective of whether any Direct Costs are also classified as Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads or other capex or Opex categories. To the extent this results in multiple reporting of expenditures, identify this in accordance with instructions at paragraph 2.3 above.	All Direct Costs have been reported as required. Any instances of multiple reporting of expenditure have been identified in accordance with paragraph 2.3 and recorded as a balancing item.
In RIN Table 2.6.1, in relation to the Non-network Other expenditure category, if Energex has incurred \$1 million or more (nominal) in capital expenditure for a given type or class of assets (e.g. mobile cranes), Energex must insert a row in the RIN Template and report that item separately.	Energex has nominated, and reported separately, expenditure for the following Service Subcategories and Asset Categories <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Other</li> <li>• Other Fleet: Mobile Generator</li> <li>• Other: Tools &amp; Equipment</li> <li>• Other Non-Network Expenditure Fleet</li> </ul>
The AER defines a Car as Motor Vehicles other than those that comply with the definition of Light commercial vehicle, Heavy commercial vehicle, and Elevated work platform (LCV) or Elevated work platform (HCV).	This definition has been applied.
The AER defines Light commercial vehicles (LCVs) as Motor Vehicles that are registered for use on public roads excluding elevated work platforms that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• are rigid trucks or load carrying vans or utilities having a gross vehicle mass greater than 1.5 tonnes but not</li> </ul>	This definition has been applied.

<p>exceeding 4.5 tonnes;</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• or have cab-chassis construction, and a gross vehicle mass greater than 1.5 tonnes but not exceeding 4.5 tonnes; or are buses with a gross vehicle mass not exceeding 4.5 tonnes.</li> </ul>	
<p>The AER defines Heavy commercial vehicles (HCVs) as Motor Vehicles that are registered for use on public roads excluding Elevated Work Platform (HCV)s that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• have a gross vehicle mass greater than 4.5 tonnes; or</li> <li>• are articulated Vehicles; or are buses with a gross vehicle mass exceeding 4.5 tonnes</li> </ul>	This definition has been applied.
<p>The AER defines Elevated work platforms (HCV) as Motor Vehicles that have permanently attached elevating work platforms that would be HCVs but for the exclusion of elevated work platforms from the definition of HCV.</p>	This definition has been applied.
<p>The AER defines Elevated work platforms (LCV) as Motor Vehicles that have permanently attached elevating work platforms that are not Elevated work platform (HCV).</p>	This definition has been applied.
<p>The AER defines Non-Network Other Expenditure as all expenditure directly attributable to the replacement, installation, maintenance and operation of Non-network assets, excluding Motor Vehicle assets, Building and Property assets and IT and Communications assets and includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• non road registered motor vehicles; non road motor vehicles (e.g. forklifts, boats etc.);</li> <li>• mobile plant and equipment; tools; trailers (road registered or not); and</li> <li>• elevating work platforms not permanently mounted on motor vehicles; and mobile generators.</li> </ul>	This definition has been applied.

## Sources

### Motor Vehicles

The sources from which Energex obtained the required information for Non-Network Descriptor Metrics - Motor Vehicles:

- CAM Recast data extracts for Ellipse Financial Reports:
  - CAM Recast data extracts for detailed Transaction Reports for Capex Purchases

- Fleet List including Terminations to cross reference Ellipse Capex reports into Asset Categories
- Average kms per vehicle category & Units held at end of year data

## Methodology

### Motor Vehicles

The below approach was taken to report the Non-Network Motor Vehicle and Other Expenditure into the Categories as outlined in the CA RIN.

- Obtained the CAM recast data extract relating to the Profit and Loss report for all Departments within Motor Vehicles, Tools and Equipment and the CAM recast data extract relating to the detailed transaction report for Generator Services, Plant Workshops, Equipment Testing and Laboratory Services.
- Discussed reports and transactions with Department Managers for Generator Services, Plant Workshops, Equipment Testing and Laboratory Services to determine their nature, i.e. Tools & Equipment Testing vs Plant Testing.
- Obtained the annual expenditure report by Asset Category by Expense type e.g. Repairs, Maintenance, Fuel & Registration. This information was used as the basis for the asset category allocation using the data in the Profit and Loss reports. Any additional costs that could not be attributed to an individual asset category were allocated across the asset categories based on spend.

1. Specific spend that could be allocated to individual asset categories is detailed as follows:

- Generator Services Department operate and maintain Energex mobile generator fleet. Costs associated with Energex Unregulated Mobile generator fleet are excluded. Costs were allocated 100% to Non-Network Other.
- Plant Workshops Department repair, test and maintain Energex's plant e.g. Heavy Commercial Vehicles (HCV) with Elevated Work Platforms, HCV Crane Borers & HCV with Cranes. Work orders were used to determine costs relating to HCV - EWP and Heavy Commercial. Where there was insufficient detail the costs were allocated based on the known HCV - EWP and Heavy Commercial costs. This translated to approximately an 72/28 allocation.
- The Laboratory Services Department test and maintain the Energex meter assets as well as some of Energex's Tools and Equipment. The costs for this department were allocated using detailed transaction reports based on an analysis of work orders.
- The Equipment Testing Department electrically test and maintain Energex's tool and equipment assets as well as electrically test Heavy Commercial Vehicles (HCV) with

Elevated Work Platforms. The costs for this department were allocated between Motor Vehicles and tools & equipment using detailed transaction reports based on an analysis of work orders.

- Fringe Benefits Tax (FBT) was allocated 100% to Network Expenditure Car, as all other Motor Vehicle and Other Assets are excluded from FBT.
  - Employee Contributions were allocated 100% to Non-Network Operating Expenditure Car. Some employment positions within Energex require the employee to have a vehicle. This vehicle is also available for the employee's private use. For this privilege, the employee pays a contribution to Energex to offset the value of this private use, via salary sacrifice. (Contributions are deducted from operating expenditure)
2. In all instances, depreciation was excluded from the reported Opex costs.
  3. In all instances, only indirect costs were reported.
  4. Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information for Non-Network Motor Vehicles & Other Capex Expenditure:
    1. Obtained the CAM recast data extract for Capital Summary report and Detailed Capital Transaction Report for Motor Vehicles, Tools and Equipment. These reports were used to identify the total of the financial purchases in the 2019-20 year.
    2. The CAM recast data extract for detailed Capital Transaction report was used to report the capital purchases, using the unique fleet number to identify the applicable asset categories. As a result of a requirement to make progress payments on certain assets due to the length of time that these assets take to build (in order to mitigate some of the suppliers' financial risk), transactions are recorded over several months. Assets that fall into this category were Elevated Work Platforms.
    3. Per Clause 10.5 of the CA RIN, Energex has incurred \$1 million or more in capital expenditure for one class of assets and this is therefore reported separately. The additional asset class is Tools & Equipment. Mobile Generator expenditure is also reported separately. All other Non-Network Other Capital Expenditure is reported as Other Non-Network Expenditure Fleet.
    4. The Complete Fleet list was obtained, including historical fleet terminations (sales). This report was used to determine the number of fleet in each category as at 30 June 2020.
    5. The Annual Performance (AP) RIN report was obtained to reconcile Motor Vehicles, Tools and Equipment Capital Expenditure.

## **Assumptions**

### **Motor Vehicles**

No assumptions were made.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Motor Vehicles**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Motor Vehicles**

Not applicable.

### ***Accounting Policies***

The Accounting Policies adopted by Energex have not materially changed.

## Table 2.6.1 - Non-network Expenditure 3

### Table CAPEX 3

### Table OPEX 3

#### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

##### Non-Network Property

Table 8-4 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 8-4 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
If expenditure is directly attributable to an expenditure category in this RIN Template 2.6 it is a Direct Cost for the purposes of this RIN Template. Report all capex and/or Opex Direct Costs as required, irrespective of whether any Direct Costs are also classified as Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads or other capex or Opex categories. To the extent this results in multiple reporting of expenditures, identify this in accordance with instructions at paragraph 2.3 above.	Energex has reported all figures inclusive of Direct costs and on-costs but excluding overheads as per the Energex CAM approved by the AER.
In relation to the Non-network Other expenditure category, if Energex has incurred \$1 million or more (nominal) in capital expenditure over the last five regulatory years for a given type or class of assets (e.g. mobile cranes), Energex must insert a row in the RIN Template and report that item separately.	Energex has stated values "Other - Office Furniture" as their totals are greater than \$1 million over the last five regulatory years.
Non-network Buildings and Property Expenditure - Expenditure directly attributable to non-network buildings and property assets including: the replacement, installation, operation and maintenance of non-network buildings, fittings and fixtures. It includes expenditure related to real chattels (e.g. interests in land such as a lease) but excludes expenditure related personal chattels (e.g. furniture) that should be reported under Non-network Other expenditure.	Energex now records furniture separately from fixtures and fittings, thereby enabling their reporting as "Other - Office Furniture" to align to the AER requirements.

#### Sources

##### Non-Network Property

- CAM Recast data extracts for the BPC FIN032 Divisional Profit and Loss
- CAM Recast data extracts got the BPC FIN077 Transaction Report

- Regulatory Accounts

Table 8-5 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 8-5 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Building & Property Expenditure - OPEX (\$0's)	CAM recast data extracts Accounting Entry Report (FIN077) for Property Services Group
Building & Property Expenditure - CAPEX (\$0's)	Regulatory Accounts & FIN077 for C3010 CW Land, C3015 CW Buildings, C3040 Fixtures & Fittings
Other - Office Furniture - CAPEX (\$0's)	Regulatory Accounts & FIN077 for C3041 PA Furniture & Office Equipment

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information for **Non Network Buildings and Property Expenditure (OPEX and CAPEX)** and **Non Network Other - Office Equipment CAPEX** for 2019-20:

### OPEX

1. The CAM recast data extracts for financial transaction report (FIN077) was run for the financial year for the responsibility centres under Property Services Group and filtered to include all indirect activities (any activities beginning with the number 6).
2. Non-regulated activities were identified using the activity code 62010 and excluded from the transaction report.
3. Network related Property costs were identified using the activity code 62025 and excluded from the transaction report.
4. Merger related Property costs were identified using the activity code 62960 and excluded from the transaction report as these are included in another RIN Template.
5. The remaining dollar value was used to report the 2019-20 OPEX spend for Non Network Property.
6. Overheads and depreciation have not been included in the CA RIN as per the AER approved CAM.

### CAPEX

1. The total figure reported for Buildings and Property Capex was obtained from amounts sourced from the regulatory accounts. These figures included direct expenditure and oncosts but excluded **general overheads** in accordance with Energex AER approved CAM. These figures also include



non-system land purchases (C3010 - Constructed Assets - Land) and fixtures and fittings to the buildings (C3040 - Constructed Assets - Fixtures & Fittings).

2. Energex previously recorded furniture as part of fixtures and fittings but is now able to separately capture these costs (C3041 - Purchased Assets - Furniture & Office Equipment). Consequently, in accordance with the AER definition of Buildings and Property, personal chattels (e.g. furniture) expenditure is not included in the stated numbers for Buildings and Property and is reported as Other Non-Network Expenditure - Office Furniture

## **Assumptions**

### **Non-Network Property**

No assumptions were made.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Non-Network Property**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Non-Network Property**

Not applicable.

### **Accounting Policies**

The Accounting Policies adopted by Energex have not materially changed in nature.

## Table 2.6.2 - Annual Descriptor Metrics - It & Communications Expenditure

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 8-6 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 8-6 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>If expenditure is directly attributable to an expenditure category in this RIN Template 2.6 it is a Direct Cost for the purposes of this RIN Template. Report all capex and/or opex Direct Costs as required, irrespective of whether any Direct Costs are also classified as Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads or other capex or opex categories. To the extent this results in multiple reporting of expenditures, identify this in accordance with instructions at paragraph 2.3 above.</p>	<p>Energex has reported figures excluding overheads.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-network IT &amp; Communication - user numbers as Active IT system log in accounts used for standard control services work scaled for standard control services use (i.e. an account used 50% of the time for standard control services work equals 0.5 active IT log in accounts)</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.2 is in line with this definition.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-network It &amp; Communications - device numbers as the number of client devices used to provide standard control services scaled for standard control services use (i.e. a device used 50% of the time for standard control services work equals 0.5 devices). Client Devices are hardware devices that accesses services made available by a server and may include desktop computers, laptops, tablets and thin client interfaces and handheld end user computing devices including smart phones.</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.2 is in line with this definition.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-network IT &amp; Communications Expenditure - Descriptor Metric - employee numbers as the average number of employees engaged in standard control services work over the year scaled for time spent on standard control services work (i.e. an employee spending 50% of their time on standard control services work equating to 0.5ASLs for the purposes of the labour metrics would be 0.5 employees). This metric does not include labour engaged under labour hire agreements.</p>	<p>Information reported in RIN Table 2.6.2 is in line with this definition.</p>

## Sources

The following sources were used:

- The financial data provided in RIN table 2.6.1 was extracted from the SPARQ Solutions finance system in relation to ICT services rendered to Energex, including Desktop Support teams and the outsourced Managed Service Desk contract with Data#3.
- Non-financial data provided in RIN table 2.6.2 was sourced as follows:
  - Employee numbers - Monthly Performance Report for June 2020 adjusted to reflect SCS employees based on the approved Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM) Non Network allocation methodology.
  - User numbers - advised by Digital Support & Operations - Microsoft Active Directory reports adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM methodology. Active Directory is a Directory Service product produced by Microsoft and used by Digital Support & Operations to manage network user accounts and computer objects. All employees were given a user account within Active Directory. Underpinning the directory service is a database which contains unique identifiers for each object as well as various attributes associate with those objects. Reports were run against this database to determine the number of employees, active computers etc.
  - Number of devices - advised by Digital Support & Operations - the data reported was sourced from reports used for demonstrating compliance to Microsoft for the licensing obligations associated with the Microsoft applications used by these devices. These counts were determined using System Centre Configuration Manager (SCCM) and Microsoft Active Directory reports adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM methodology. SCCM is a Microsoft product used for systems management which has the ability to auto discover devices on the network and determine what software is running installed.

The following sources were use in the generation of the ICT figures:

- CAM Recast data extract EPM - FIN032 Divisional Profit and Loss of SPARQ
- CAM Recast data extract "Accounting Entry Report - incl Proj & WO Desc (ECA90W)".

**Table 8-7 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Client Device Expenditure - OPEX (\$000's)	SPARQ Solutions Ellipse reporting relating to ICT services rendered to Energex, including Desktop Support teams and the outsourced Managed Service Desk contract with Data#3.

Client Device Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000's)	CAM Recast data extract Accounting Entry Report per Ellipse
Recurrent Expenditure - OPEX (\$000s)	CAM Recast data extract Profit and Loss for SPARQ Solutions division from EPM for Cost of Sales, labour costs, Telecommunications, Asset Usage Fee, Contractors and Consultant and Telco and passthrough costs and SLA
Recurrent Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000s)	CAM Recast data extract Capex expenditure per Accounting Entry Report less Client Device
Non-Recurrent Expenditure - OPEX (\$000s)	Profit and Loss MOPEX RC 1020, element 4940 for 201920
Non-Recurrent Expenditure - CAPEX (\$000s)	Not applicable
Employee numbers	Sourced from the Monthly Performance Report for June 2020 adjusted by the CAM set percentage for SCS employees
User numbers	Digital Support & Operations information provided for Active IT system log in account used in the year adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM set percentage
Number of devices	Digital Support & Operations information for Client devices used as provided IT services adjusted for SCS employees in line with the CAM set percentage

## Methodology

1. Employee Numbers - The employee numbers were extracted directly from the Monthly Performance Report for June 2020. They have been scaled to reflect SCS employees as per the approved CAM Non Network allocation methodology. On the 1 July 2018, employees of the distribution network service providers Ergon Energy and Energex were transferred to Energy Queensland Limited (EQL) as the parent entity of the Energy Queensland Limited corporate group. EQL has entered into the Service agreement with Ergon Energy and Energex which effectively provides Energex and Ergons with a labour resource and this is subject to the direction and management of the DNSPs, although paid from EQL. Therefore, labour provided under the EQL service agreement is reported as in-house/internal labour, and not reported as outsourced labour. The employee numbers reported in this RIN are reflecting EQL employees whose payroll was processed in Energex ERP system plus 50% of the EQL and SPARQ employees.

2. User Numbers - The number of users was extracted at a point in time from Digital Support & Operations Information and represents as the number of active IT system log-in accounts used during each year. They have been scaled to reflect SCS employees per the CAM methodology. The number of active IT system log-in accounts is made up of the following:
  - Standard users including FTEs, Contractors accounts
  - Generic, test and other accounts required to operate or run the systems
  - FFA Users accounts
  - Field Workers accounts
  - Accounts for Users on extended leave (Maternity leave)
  - External users accounts e.g. Consultants
  - 50% of SPARQ users accounts (Assumed Energex portion)
3. Number of Devices - The number of devices was extracted as the number of client devices used as provided by Digital Support & Operations. They have been scaled to reflect SCS employees as per the CAM methodology.

### **Assumptions**

No assumptions were made.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

### **Accounting Policies**

The Accounting Policies adopted by Energex have not materially changed in nature.

## Table 2.6.3 - Annual Descriptor Metrics - Motor Vehicles

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 8-8 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 8-8 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>If expenditure is directly attributable to an expenditure category in this RIN Template 2.6 it is a Direct Cost for the purposes of this RIN Template 2.6. Report all capex and/or Opex Direct Costs as required, irrespective of whether any</p> <p>Direct Costs are also classified as Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads or other Capex or Opex categories. To the extent this results in multiple reporting of expenditures, identify this in accordance with instructions at paragraph 2.3 above.</p>	<p>All Direct Costs have been reported as required. Any instances of multiple reporting of expenditure have been identified in accordance with paragraph 2.3 and recorded as a balancing item.</p>
<p>In RIN Table 2.6.1, in relation to the Non-network Other expenditure category, if Energex has incurred \$1 million or more (nominal) in capital expenditure for a given type or class of assets (e.g. mobile cranes), Energex must insert a row in the RIN Template and report that item separately.</p>	<p>Energex has nominated, and reported separately, expenditure for the following Service Subcategories and Asset Categories</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Other</li> <li>• Other Fleet: Mobile Generator</li> <li>• Other: Tools &amp; Equipment</li> <li>• Other Non-Network Expenditure Fleet</li> </ul>
<p>The AER defines a Car as Motor Vehicles other than those that comply with the definition of Light commercial vehicle, Heavy commercial vehicle, and Elevated work platform (LCV) or Elevated work platform (HCV).</p>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>
<p>The AER defines Light commercial vehicles (LCVs&lt;) as Motor Vehicles that are registered for use on public roads excluding elevated work platforms that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• are rigid trucks or load carrying vans or utilities having a gross vehicle mass greater than 1.5 tonnes but not exceeding 4.5 tonnes;</li> <li>• or have cab-chassis construction, and a gross vehicle mass greater than 1.5 tonnes but not exceeding 4.5 tonnes; or are buses with a gross vehicle mass not exceeding 4.5 tonnes.</li> </ul>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>

<p>The AER defines Heavy commercial vehicles (HCVs) as Motor Vehicles that are registered for use on public roads excluding Elevated Work Platform (HCV)s that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• have a gross vehicle mass greater than 4.5 tonnes; or</li> <li>• are articulated Vehicles; or are buses with a gross vehicle mass exceeding 4.5 tonnes</li> </ul>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>
<p>The AER defines Elevated work platforms (HCV) as Motor Vehicles that have permanently attached elevating work platforms that would be HCVs but for the exclusion of elevated work platforms from the definition of HCV.</p>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>
<p>The AER defines Elevated work platforms (LCV) as Motor Vehicles that have permanently attached elevating work platforms that are not Elevated work platform (HCV).</p>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>
<p>The AER defines Non-Network Other Expenditure as all expenditure directly attributable to the replacement, installation, maintenance and operation of Non-network assets, excluding Motor Vehicle assets, Building and Property assets and IT and Communications assets and includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• non road registered motor vehicles; non road motor vehicles (e.g. forklifts, boats etc.);</li> <li>• mobile plant and equipment; tools; trailers (road registered or not); and</li> <li>• elevating work platforms not permanently mounted on motor vehicles; and mobile generators.</li> </ul>	<p>This definition has been applied.</p>

## Sources

Table 8-9 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 8-9 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
<p>Non-Network Opex Expenditure Motor Vehicles &amp; Other</p>	<p>Ellipse Financial Reports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Profit &amp; Loss Reports</li> <li>• Detailed Transaction Reports</li> <li>• Discussions with Department Managers</li> </ul>

	Operating Expenditure Reports to allocate cost per Asset Category
Non-Network Capex Expenditure Motor Vehicles & Other	<p>Ellipse Financial Reports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Capex Summary Reports</li> <li>• Detailed Transaction Reports</li> <li>• Fleet List including Terminations to cross reference Ellipse</li> <li>• Capex reports into Asset Categories Previous Annual</li> </ul> <p>Performance RIN Capex reports provided by Energex External Reporting team</p>
Non-Network Descriptor Metrics Motor Vehicles	<p>Ellipse Financial Reports:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Detailed Transaction Reports for Capex Purchases</li> <li>• Fleet List including Terminations to cross reference Ellipse Capex reports into Asset Categories</li> </ul> <p>Average kms per vehicle category &amp; Units held at end of year end data</p>

### Non-Network Property

- BPC - FIN004 Divisional Profit and Loss
- EPM - FIN077 Transaction Report
- Regulatory Accounts

Table 8-10 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 8-10 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Building & Property Expenditure - OPEX (\$0's)	Accounting Entry Report (FIN077) for Property Services Group
Building & Property Expenditure - CAPEX (\$0's)	Regulatory Accounts & FIN077for C3010 CW Land, C3015 CW Buildings, C3040 Fixtures & Fittings
Other - Office Furniture - CAPEX (\$0's)	Regulatory Accounts & FIN077for C3041 PA Furniture & Office Equipment



## **Methodology**

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information for Non-Network Motor Vehicle Annual Descriptor Metrics

### **Annual kilometres:**

1. Annual kilometres were calculated using the reported kilometres of all active vehicles during the financial year sourced from the EQL Fleet listing Report.
2. If the vehicle was purchased or sold during the financial year, the kilometres were annualised and the unit included in the average, as being active for the full year.
3. The vehicles were split into the asset categories and the kilometres totalled. The average was obtained from dividing the total kilometres by the number of vehicles.

### **Units Purchased:**

1. The units purchased were based on vehicles delivered in 2019-20. This was sourced from the EQL Fleet listing Report. This file is managed by the Fleet and Plant Operations team.
2. Vehicles that were paid and delivered to Energex in 2019-20 but not commissioned as at 30 June 2020 have been included in the numbers reported.

### **Leased Units:**

1. Energex does not lease any Motor Vehicles.

### **Number in Fleet:**

1. Obtained the Fleet Units on a month by month basis and have averaged over the FY as per appendix F of the CA RIN (Definitions) which outlines that the Number in Fleet should be the average of the units across the financial year.

### **Proportion of total fleet expenditure allocated as regulatory expenditure (%)**

1. The percentage was determined by calculating the fleet on-costs allocated to each activity within the Energex Chart of Accounts using the Account Balances Report. Every activity was mapped to one of three service classification - Standard Control Service (SCS), Alternative Control Services (ACS) or Unregulated Services.
2. Each vehicle category was assigned the same percentage, as the actual fleet data could not be allocated to the individual service classification.

## **Assumptions**

No assumptions were made.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## ***Accounting Policies***

The Accounting Policies adopted by Energex have not materially changed in nature.

# BOP - 2.7 Vegetation Management

## Table 2.7.1 - Descriptor Metrics by Zone

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 9-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 9-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Identify one or more vegetation management zones across the geographical area of Energex's network. To do so consider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• areas where bushfire mitigation costs are imposed by legislation, regulation or ministerial order; and</li> <li>• areas of the network where other recognised drivers affect the costs of performing vegetation management work.</li> </ul>	<p>Vegetation management zones have been defined as one area as legislation and cutting profiles are consistent across the Energex area. Energex fits inside one Bioregion</p>
<p>Provide, on separate A4 sheets, maps showing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• each vegetation management zone; and</li> <li>• the total network area with the borders of each vegetation management zone.</li> </ul>	<p>KML file provided</p>
<p>For each vegetation management zone identified in 9.1 above, provide in the basis of preparation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a list of regulations that impose a material cost on performing vegetation management works (including, but is not limited to, bushfire mitigation regulations);</li> <li>• a list of self-imposed standards from Energex's vegetation management program which apply to that zone; and</li> <li>• an explanation of the cost impact of regulations and self-imposed standards on performing vegetation management work.</li> </ul>	<p>Please refer to section 9.4.</p>
<p>If Energex does not record the average number of trees per maintenance span, estimate this variable using one or a combination of the following data sources.</p> <p>Field surveys using a sample of maintenance spans within each vegetation management zone to assess the number of mature trees</p>	<p>Please refer to section 9.4.</p>

within the maintenance corridor. Sampling must provide a reasonable estimate and consider the nature of maintenance spans in urban versus rural environments in determining reasonable sample sizes.	
A vegetation maintenance span is a span in DNSP's network that is subject to active vegetation management practices in the relevant year. Active vegetation management practices do not include Inspection of vegetation Maintenance Spans	Please refer to section 9.4.
For the purposes of calculating the average number of trees per maintenance span, a tree is a perennial plant (of any species including shrubs) that is: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• equal to or greater in height than 3 metres (measured from the ground) in the relevant reporting period; and</li> <li>• of a species which could grow to a height such that it may impinge on the vegetation clearance space of power lines.</li> </ul>	Energex has counted trees based solely on the AER's definition.

## Sources

Table 9-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 9-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Route Line Length Within Zone (Km)	ArcGIS
Number Of Maintenance Spans (0's)	Contractors Database ArcGIS
Total Length Of Maintenance Spans (Km)	Contractors Database ArcGIS
Length Of Vegetation Corridors (Km)	ArcGIS Contractors Database
Average Number Of Trees Per Maintenance Span (0's)	Contractors Database
Average Frequency Of Cutting Cycle (Years)	Ellipse

## **Methodology**

### **Descriptor Metrics**

Route line length was able to be extracted from the Energex ArcGIS.

### **Definition of Vegetation Management Zones**

1. Vegetation management zones have been defined as one area due to legislation and cutting profiles being consistent across the Energex area. Energex vegetation contracts are based around postcode areas which are modified to create suitable work packages. .
2. For the map of each zone is provided separately as a KML file for use in google earth and ARCGis.

### **Route Line Length within each Zone**

1. The route line length has been extracted from ArcGIS as the point to point line length within each zone (not taking into account multiple circuits). Each Vegetation Zone (VZ) are allocated as Urban or Rural and Urban/CBD proportions were broken up by the demand on each section of the network in each zone. Energex identifies Vegetation Zones inspected within that year and this descriptor represents the collation of total length of respective portions (Urban or Rural) that are inspected within that year.

### **Number of Maintenance Spans, Average Number of Trees per Maintenance Span and Total Length of Maintenance Spans**

These numbers are determined by the information reported from the contractors' databases.

### **Length of Vegetation Corridors**

The total length of Vegetation Corridors is equal to the total length of Rural maintenance spans.

### **Average Frequency of Cutting Cycle**

Average maintenance span cycle was calculated based on data sourced from the June monthly report for the Annual Vegetation Management Program taken from the Ellipse database (i.e. data was found in the June report of the current financial year).

A methodology was employed whereby:

Average urban vegetation maintenance span cycle = (Sum of treated Urban vegetation zones cycle duration [Maintenance Schedule Task]/total number of Urban Vegetation Zones treated during regulatory (financial) year;

Average rural vegetation maintenance span cycle = (Sum or treated Rural vegetation zones cycle duration [Maintenance Schedule Task]/total number of Rural Vegetation Zones treated during regulatory (financial) year.

## **Legislation and self-imposed standards applicable to Vegetation Management**

- Electrical Safety Act 2002
- Electrical Safety (Codes of Practice) Notice 2013
- Electrical Safety Regulation 2013
- Electricity Act 1994
- Electricity Regulation 2006
- Electrical Safety Code of Practice for Working Near Exposed Live Parts
- OS119 Vegetation Worker Clearance
- Energex Health and Safety Risk Management (RED 554)

### **Assumptions**

A rural area is defined as a span in a rural vegetation zone.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.7.2 - Expenditure Metrics by Zone

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 9-3 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 9-3 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Identify one or more vegetation management zones across the geographical area of Energex's network. To do so consider:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• areas where bushfire mitigation costs are imposed by legislation, regulation or ministerial order; and</li> <li>• areas of the network where other recognised drivers affect the costs of performing vegetation management work.</li> </ul>	Vegetation management zones have been defined as one area as legislation and cutting profiles are consistent across the Energex area.
<p>Provide, on separate A4 sheets, maps showing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• each vegetation management zone; and</li> <li>• the total network area with the borders of each vegetation management zone.</li> </ul>	KML file provided
<p>For each vegetation management zone identified in 8.2 above, provide in the Basis of Preparation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• a list of regulations that impose a material cost on performing vegetation management works (including, but is not limited to, bushfire mitigation regulations);</li> <li>• a list of self-imposed standards from Energex's vegetation management program which apply to that zone; and</li> </ul>	Please refer to section 9.4 (Methodology)
<p>If hazard tree clearance expenditures are not recorded separately, include these expenditures within tree trimming expenditure and shade the cells for hazard tree clearance black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015, Energex must provide data on hazard tree clearance expenditure</p>	Hazard tree cutting expenditure is captured separately and has been reported in RIN Table 2.7.2
<p>If ground clearance works are not recorded separately, include these expenditures within tree trimming expenditure and shade the cells for ground clearance black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015 Energex must provide data on ground clearance expenditure</p>	Ground clearance expenditure is not recorded separately
<p>Only include expenditure on inspections where Energex inspects solely for the purpose of assessing vegetation. Include inspection expenditure for inspections assessing both Energex's assets and</p>	Inspection is captured separately and has been reported in RIN Table 2.7.2

vegetation under maintenance (Regulatory Template 2.8). If Energex does not record expenditure on inspections of vegetation separately, Energex may shade the cells black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015, Energex must provide data on inspection expenditure.	
If auditing of vegetation management work is not recorded separately, include these expenditures within inspection expenditure. If Energex does not record expenditure on audits of vegetation management work separately, Energex may shade the cells black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015, Energex must provide data on auditing expenditure.	Audit expenditure is captured separately and has been reported in RIN Table 2.7.2
Annual vegetation management expenditure across all categories and zones must sum up to the total vegetation management expenditure each year. In Table 2.7.2, add any other vegetation management expenditure not requested in any other part of Regulatory Template 2.7 (or added in Regulatory Template 2.8) in total annual vegetation management expenditure. In the Basis of Preparation, explain the expenditures that have been included in this table.	

## Sources

Table 9-4 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 9-4 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
All Variables	EPM FIN077 General Ledger Transactions

## Methodology

### Cost Metrics

#### Tree trimming & Vegetation Corridor Clearance

- these costs were captured under NAMP lines VG02 (11kV - Vegetation Sector Based Distribution) and less inspection and audit costs.

#### Hazard tree cutting

- These costs were captured under NAMP lines VG03 (33kV VTA) and VG04 (11kV VTA).



## **Ground Clearance**

- These costs are not recorded

## **Inspection & Audit Costs**

- Vegetation Contractors have provided Inspection and Audit Costs as a percentage of NAMP VG02 which has been deducted and included here have been recorded from monthly reports provided by the vegetation contractor.

## **Tree replacement costs**

- This is captured under work orders linked to NAMP line VG06 (Vegetation - Tree Replacement MOU's).

## **Contractor Liaison Expenditure**

- Energex captures these costs as an indirect cost and therefore has not included them in this RIN Template.

## **Other vegetation management costs not specified in sheet**

- These are costs captured under NAMP lines VG05 (Customer Requested Vegetation) and VG07 (Transmission Vegetation Spots)
- Energex captures these costs that are not applied to a vegetation NAMP line. Costs are shown for completeness in respect to the FIN077 report reconciliation.

## **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.7.3 - Descriptor Metrics Across All Zones - Unplanned Vegetation Events

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 9-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 9-5 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
In Table 2.7.3, fill out the unplanned vegetation events Table once, providing the requested information across Energex's entire network.	The variables supplied are across the entirety of the Energex network for the regulatory year.
Energex is not required to provide information requested in Table 2.7.3 for Initial Regulatory Years where it does not currently have it, and may shade the cells black. For Regulatory Years 2015 and thereafter, Energex must provide this information.	Data was available and has been supplied for the regulatory year.

### Sources

Table 9-6 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 9-6 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
No. of fire starts	Focal Point Database
	Esafe
	Sap Fiori

### Methodology

#### Unplanned Events

The number of fire starts was determined from service calls logged in the Focal Point system also from field crew creating incidents in Esafe which was then replaced by Sap Fiori. These outages were then analysed to determine how many fire starts there were in each category.

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

1. Energex's Focal Point records incoming calls from the public, fire brigade, police, Energex field staff and emergency services. These incoming calls become Incidents. All Incidents were filtered and extracted from Focal Point to obtain the jobs involving fire.
2. Each fire Incident was then further disseminated to see if vegetation was involved.
3. These Incidents are then filtered manually to identify actual fire starts

## **Assumptions**

### **Unplanned Events**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

Under Queensland legislation Energex is responsible for all vegetation that can affect the electricity network. Consequently there will be zero "other party responsibility" number for all years.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 2.8 Maintenance

## Table 2.8.1 - Descriptor Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Quantity - At Year End

Table 10-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
For each of the maintenance subcategories prescribed in the Template, add rows for additional subcategories if these are material and necessary to disaggregate financial or non-financial data, for example, to disaggregate asset groups according to voltage levels or to specify inspection/ maintenance cycles.	Additional rows have been added.
For each maintenance subcategory, provide in separate columns the data for inspection cycles and maintenance cycles.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement.
For the inspection cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the inspection cycle is 'every 6 years', put '6' in the inspection cycle column.  Similarly, for the maintenance cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the maintenance cycle is 'every 3 years', put '3' in the maintenance cycle column.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For inspection and maintenance cycles, asset quantity, and average age of the asset group, use the highest-value (i.e. highest replacement cost) asset type in the asset group as the basis.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
Where there are multiple inspection and maintenance activities, report the cycle that reflects the highest cost activity.	This approach has been used to provide cycle time information. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  The total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category	Both sets of figures have been provided.

The number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category

Table 10-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 as per its respective instructions.	Corresponding age profiles were reported in RIN Template 5.2
When Energex must make an estimate because it cannot populate the input cell with actual information, Energex must demonstrate that it has provided the best estimate it can.	Demonstrated in section 10.6 (Estimated Information) below
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  the total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  the number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	RIN Table 2.8.1 has been completed in accordance with this requirement

## Sources

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

Table 10-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Asset quantity - At Year End	DMA
Average age of asset group	DMA
Service Cable - Asset quantity - At Year End	MARS

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

## **Asset Quantity - At Year End**

### **Pole Tops and Pole Inspection - Number of Poles:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that detailed the poles in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - The pole material
  - The original installation year
  - The number of poles.
  - Poles that have a material type of plastic have been excluded.
  - Poles with a site grade code of W have been excluded as this site grade code indicates that the pole is customer owned.
  - Streetlight Poles have been excluded.
  - The pole quantity was calculated as the sum of poles installed up to and including the end of the current year.

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age Tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

### **Overhead Assets - Line Patrolled (Route km):**

1. A report was run from DMA that gave the Energex overhead conductor values broken down by:
  - Conductor sizing category (Imperial, Metric or Other)
  - The circuit for each conductor
  - The Line Length

All lengths extracted exclude any vertical components to the conductor, such as sag.

2. Excluded from this report were conductors known to be owned by customers. Conductors are not allocated an ownership value, which generally means that customer owned conductors are not captured within NFM. There are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through these customer owned assets. When this occurs Energex has captured these conductors. In addition, where Energex believes that there is a benefit to continue to store data related to assets that have been sold to customers, the data has not be removed from NFM.
3. To minimise the effect of captured customer conductors, it has been assumed that where a conductor is connected to only customer assets then that conductor is also customer owned.

### **Table 10-4 - Apportionment between CBD and non-CBD underground cable**

Customer Conductor	2019-20
Length (km, 000's)	1.94

4. Lengths have been reported in Kilometres (km)

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

#### Underground Cable Length (Route km):

1. A report was run from DMA that gave the Energex underground cables broken down by:

- Snapshot year
- Cables constructed voltage is equal to or less than 22kV or greater than 22kV
- The cable length
- Feeder Category (CBD or Non-CBD)

All lengths stated exclude any vertical components to the cable, such as vertical tails.

2. Excluded from this report were cables known to be owned by customers. Cables are not allocated an ownership value, which generally means that customer owned conductors are not captured within NFM. There are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through these customer owned assets, when this occurs Energex has captured these conductors. In addition, where Energex believes that there is a benefit to continue to store data related to assets that have been sold to customers, the data has not be removed from NFM.

3. To minimise the effect of captured customer cables, it has been assumed that where a cable is connected to only customer assets then that cable is also customer owned.

**Table 10-5 Customer owned cable**

Customer Cable	2019-20
Length (km, 000's)	25.46

4. Lengths have been reported in Kilometres (km)

Note: Numbers may vary from 5.2 Asset age tables as methodologies differ between Templates which results in the exclusion of some data.

### **Distribution Substation - Number of Installed Transformers:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Distribution
  - Transformer Type - Distribution
  - Has Customers - Yes or No
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at the point in time the data cut was obtained.

This report also excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

### **Distribution Substation - Number of Switches:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained an extract for the current financial year detailing the circuit breakers, reclosers and ring main units in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot date
  - Equipment type
  - Install date

This report includes all circuit breakers, reclosers and ring main units that were commissioned at that point in time. RMU's were added to the RIN in FY15-16.

This report excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

### **Distribution Substation - Other Equipment:**

1. The other equipment for distribution substations has been defined as all low voltage circuit breakers
2. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing all circuit breakers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Rating of low voltage
  - Snapshot date
  - First recorded install date

### **Distribution Substation - Number of Distribution Substation Properties Maintained:**



1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing all sites in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Sites System Unique Number
  - First recorded install date

This report includes all sites that contained a transformer at that point in time and was filtered for distribution transformers only.

This report excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of Zone Substation Transformers:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type - Power
  - Has Customers - Yes or No
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that time.

This report also excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of Distribution Transformers within Zone Substations:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type -Distribution
  - Has Customers - Yes
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that time. This report also excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

In 2019/20 Data quality work took place removing five transformers, item were removed because they no longer matched the above description.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of HV Transformers:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type -Distribution
  - Has Customers - No
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that time.

This report also excludes all assets indicated as customer owned.

### **Zone Substation - Other Equipment:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing Connectivity Assets and Non Connectivity Assets:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity
2. The Assets report excluded all assets that are not In Service or Inferred In Service, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.
3. Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned. Items that are excluded either exist in other Maintenance categories or are not part of the maintenance program. The Assets report also excluded the following assets:
  - Transformers
  - Tee Offs
  - Cable Boxes
  - Current Transformers
  - Cable Joints
  - Fault Indicators
  - Switch Fuses
  - Fuse Units
  - Poles and Towers

- Earthing
- Cross Arms
- Metering
- Communication and SCADA

Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned.

1. The reports were combined to establish total Zone Substation - Other Equipment volumes.

### **Zone Substation - Number of Zone Substation Properties Maintained**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year for Bulk and Zone substations that detailed the number of Zone Substations properties that Energex maintains.

### **Zone Substation Inspection - All Zone Substation Assets - Number of Zone Substation Properties Maintained**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing Connectivity Assets and Non Connectivity Assets:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity
2. The Assets report excluded all assets that are not In Service or Inferred In Service, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.
3. Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned. Items that are excluded either exist in other Maintenance categories or are not part of the maintenance program. Asset report also excluded the following assets:
  - a. Tee Offs
    - Cable Boxes
    - Current Transformers
    - Cable Joints
    - Fault Indicators
    - Switch Fuses
    - Fuse Units
    - Poles and Towers

- Earthing
- Cross Arms
- Metering
- Communication and SCADA

Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned.

4. The reports were combined to establish total Zone Substation - Equipment volumes.

### **Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained**

1. A report was extracted from DMA for the current financial year detailing the streetlights in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Light Category - Major or Minor

This report also excludes all asset indicated as customer owned.

2. Reports were combined and had filters applied to the following category
  - Light Category

### **Number of Distribution Pole Mounted Plant (Transformers, Regulators, Sectionalisers and Reclosers)**

1. A report was extracted from NFM for the current financial year detailing the distribution pole mounted plant (transformers, regulators, sectionalisers and reclosers) in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity - Major or Minor

This report excluded all equipment that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.

This report also excluded all assets indicated as customer owned.

### **Distribution Asset Inspection - Distribution Substations - Number of Distribution Substation Properties**

1. Data reported was the same as stated for "Distribution Substation - Number of Distribution Substation Properties Maintained" above. For the details of the methodology refer to the relevant section above.

### **All Underground Feeder Assets**

1. Data reported was the total underground feeder length. This was the sum of "Underground Cable Length (Route km)" stated above. For the methodology refer to the relevant section above.

### **Average Age of Asset Group**

#### **Pole Tops and Pole Inspection - Number of Poles:**

1. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.2.1 (RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.2.1 for aging calculations.
2. The average age of assets in current financial year is the average of assets from 1910-11 to current financial year.

#### **Overhead Assets - Line Patrolled (Route km):**

1. Energex produces conductor age based on pole age which is the best data available. Poles were chosen because there is a correlation between poles and conductors and pole data is extremely accurate.
2. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.1 (RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.1 for aging calculations.
3. The average age of assets in current financial year is the average of assets from 1910-11 to current financial year.

#### **Underground Cable Length (Route km):**

1. Energex produces cable age based on equipment age which is the best data available. Equipment was chosen because there is a correlation between equipment and cable. Equipment data is extremely accurate.
2. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.1 (RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.1 for aging calculations.
3. The average age of assets in current financial year is the average of assets from 1910-11 to current financial year.

#### **Distribution Substation - Number of Installed Transformers:**

1. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.2.1 (RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.2.1 for aging calculations.
2. The average age of assets in current financial year is the average of assets from 1910-11 to current financial year.

#### **Distribution Substation - Number of Switches:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained an extract for the end the 2019-20 financial year detailing the circuit breakers and reclosers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:

- Snapshot date
- Equipment type
- Install date

This report includes all circuit breakers, reclosers and Ring Main Unit that were commissioned, at that point in time. This report excludes all assets indicated as customer owned. RMU's were added to the RIN in FY15-16.

2. The average age was then calculated using the installation dates of the assets.
3. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age. This is due to the asset age of 1901 being used when the age cannot be determined for an asset.

#### **Distribution Substation - Other Equipment:**

1. The other equipment for distribution substations has been defined as all low voltage circuit breakers.
2. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current financial year detailing all circuit breakers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
- Rating of low voltage
  - Snapshot date
  - First recorded install date
3. Average age was calculated from the first recorded install date.
4. There has been an increase in this category based on data quality work which will continue into 2019-20.

#### **Distribution Substation - Number of Distribution Substation Properties Maintained:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current financial year detailing all sites in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
- Snapshot Date
  - Sites System Unique Number
  - First recorded install date

This report includes all sites that contained a transformer at that point in time. This report excludes all asset indicated as customer owned.

2. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age.
3. Average age was calculated from the first recorded install date.
4. Zone Substation - Number of Zone Substation Transformers:
5. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type - Power
  - Has Customers - Yes or No
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that point in time. This report also excludes all asset indicated as customer owned.

6. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age.
7. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of Distribution Transformers Within Zone Substations:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type -Distribution
  - Has Customers - Yes
  - Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.

This report also excludes all asset indicated as customer owned.

2. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age.
3. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of HV Transformers:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current<sup>8</sup> financial year detailing the transformers in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Location - Zone
  - Transformer Type -Distribution
  - Has Customers - No

- Installation Date

This report excluded all transformers that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.

This report also excludes all asset indicated as customer owned.

2. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age.
3. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

#### **Zone Substation - Other Equipment:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the current financial year detailing Connectivity Assets and Non Connectivity Assets with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity
2. The Assets report excluded all assets that are not In Service or Inferred In Service, as these assets were not currently in use at that time.
3. Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned. Items that are excluded either exist in other Maintenance categories or are not part of the maintenance program. The Assets report excluded the following assets:
  - Transformers
  - Tee Offs
  - Cable Boxes
  - Current Transformers
  - Cable Joints
  - Fault Indicators
  - Switch Fuses
  - Fuse Units
  - Poles and Towers
  - Earthing
  - Cross Arms



- Metering
- Communication and SCADA

Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report.

These reports also excluded all assets indicated as customer owned.

4. All assets with an installation date of 1901 have been ignored in the calculation of average age.
5. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

#### **Zone Substation - Number of Zone Substation Properties Maintained:**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the current financial year for Bulk and Zone substations detailing the installation date of Zone Substations properties that Energex maintains based on the first event associated with a power transformer at the site.
2. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

#### **Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained:**

1. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.2.1 (RIN Template 2.5 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.2.1 for aging calculations.
2. The average age of assets in 2019-20 is the average of assets from 1910-11 to 2019-20.

#### **Zone Substation Inspection - All Zone Substation Assets - Number of Zone Substation Properties Maintained**

1. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the end the 2019-20 financial year detailing Connectivity Assets and Non Connectivity Assets:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity
2. The Assets report excluded all assets that are not In Service or Inferred In Service, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.
3. Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report. These reports also exclude all assets indicated as customer owned. Items that are excluded either exist in other Maintenance categories or are not part of the maintenance program. The Assets report excluded the following assets:
  - Tee Offs
  - Cable Boxes
  - Current Transformers
  - Cable Joints

- Fault Indicators
- Switch Fuses
- Fuse Units
- Poles and Towers
- Earthing
- Cross Arms
- Metering
- Communication and SCADA

Only assets within a Zone or Bulk supply substation have been included in either report.

These reports also excluded all assets indicated as customer owned.

### **Distribution Asset Inspection - Distribution Substations - Number of Distribution Substation Properties**

1. Data reported is the same as stated for "Distribution Substation - Number of Distribution Substation Properties Maintained" above. For the details of the methodology refer to the relevant section above.

### **All Underground Feeder Assets**

1. Reports produced for RIN Table 5.1 (RIN Template 2.5 - Asset Age Profile) were used to determine average age. Please refer to RIN Table 5.2.1 for aging calculations.
2. The average age of assets in current financial year is the average of assets from 1910-11 to current financial year.

### **Assumptions**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

#### **Asset Quantities - At Year End**

##### **Number of Poles**

- Customer Poles were excluded

All poles are reported excluding streetlight poles

##### **Line Patrolled (Route km)**

- Total quantities were reported in Kilometres.
- The conductor data excludes conductors in store or held for spares.

- All lengths stated exclude any vertical components to the conductor, such as sag.
- The length of each conductor category is the total conductor route length and not each individual phase conductor length, noting:
  - 11kV routes predominately consist of 3 conductors. 11kV routes also includes some single phase (2 conductors) in its total length.
  - LV routes predominately consist of 4 conductors: 3 phases plus neutral; however lengths provided includes all variations.

### Underground Cable Length (Route km)

- Total quantities are reported in Kilometres.
- The cable data does not include cables that are in store or held for spares.
- All lengths stated exclude any vertical components to the cable, such as vertical tails.
- The length of each cable category is the total cable route length and not each individual phase.

## Estimated Information

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

Energex has significant amount of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

## Explanatory Notes

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

In the prior Category Analysis (CA) RINs, submitted in 2015 and 2016. Energex added and reported data for the below additional variables in Table 2.8.1. Variables added are included in the Table below:

Maintenance Activity	Maintenance Asset Category	Unit of Measure - Asset Quantity
Zone Substation Inspection	All Zone Substation Assets	Per individual item
Distribution Asset	Distribution Substations	Per individual item

Inspection		
Distribution Pole Mounted Plant Maintenance	All Distribution PMP (Transformers, Regulators, Sectionalisers and Reclosers)	Per individual item
Underground Feeder Asset Inspection	All underground Feeder Assets	Length (Meters)
Pilot Cable Inspection and Maintenance	All Pilot Cables (Copper & Fibre)	Length (Meters)

- Energex has retained these categories for 2019-20 CA RIN.
- Energex has added a new "Other" Maintenance Activity to separately reflect adjustments to actual costs, posted as an accrual at a high level only. Detailed entries are posted to projects in the following financial year. These amounts represent adjustments to the standard labour rates or oncost rates posted to projects throughout the year based on expected spend, with the adjustment reflecting the actual costs incurred.

## Table 2.8.1 - Descriptor Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance 2

## Table 2.8.2 - Cost Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained & Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

Table 10-6 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-6 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
For each of the maintenance subcategories prescribed in the Template, add rows for additional subcategories if these are material and necessary to disaggregate financial or non-financial data, for example, to disaggregate asset groups according to voltage levels or to specify inspection/ maintenance cycles.	Additional rows have been added.
For each maintenance subcategory, provide in separate columns the data for inspection cycles and maintenance cycles.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement.
For the inspection cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the inspection cycle is 'every 6 years', put '6' in the inspection cycle column.  Similarly, for the maintenance cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the maintenance cycle is 'every 3 years', put '3' in the maintenance cycle column.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For inspection and maintenance cycles, asset quantity, and average age of the asset group, use the highest-value (i.e. highest replacement cost) asset type in the asset group as the basis.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
Where there are multiple inspection and maintenance activities, report the cycle that reflects the highest cost activity.	This approach has been used to provide cycle time information. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  The total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory	Both sets of figures have been provided.

year, for each asset category	
The number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	

Table 10-7 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-7 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 as per its respective instructions.	Corresponding age profiles were reported in RIN Template 5.2
When Energex must make an estimate because it cannot populate the input cell with actual information, Energex must demonstrate that it has provided the best estimate it can.	Demonstrated in section 10.6 (Estimated Information) below
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  the total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  the number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	RIN Table 2.8.1 has been completed in accordance with this requirement

## Sources

### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained & Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

Table 10-8 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-8 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Asset quantity inspected/maintained	DMA
Inspection Cycle	Joint Workings Network Maintenance Framework DMA
Maintenance Cycle	Joint Workings Network

## Methodology

### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained

DMA report RIN001 was used to identify asset quantities inspected / maintained against each of the maintenance activity / categories, with the exception of public lighting.

### Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

1. The cyclic frequencies that Energex have reported are based on the current Joint Workings Maintenance Activity Frequency (MAF) document.
2. The DMA report RIN001 was used to identify cycle frequencies against each of the maintenance activity / categories on the following basis:
  - o NAMP's mapped to Asset Categories recorded in Ellipse (+NA2 Table). Established as data source in DMA Solution from Ellipse.
  - o These Inspection and Maintenance Cycle Times are applied to Maintenance Scheduled Tasks (MST's) against a unique Standard Job in Ellipse. These Standard Jobs align to the MAF and established as a data source in RIN Configuration Solution from Ellipse as a "Data Source".
  - o NAMP's are unique to either an Inspection (41100) or Maintenance (41200) financial activity.
  - o Step 1 - Highest actual expenditure Inspection/Maintenance NAMP selected for each Asset Category using financial data sourced in the DMA Solution from Ellipse.
  - o Step 2 - As there could be multiple Standard Jobs per NAMP (with different cycle times), the highest actual Standard Job physical quantities was selected for the highest expenditure Inspection/Maintenance NAMP as per Step 1 (excludes non-cyclic Standard Jobs g. reactive) for each applicable Asset Category. Only one inspection/maintenance cycle time per asset category was populated in "Actual" CA RIN Template.

### Total Assets per financial year

1. Age profile data was obtained.
2. Total assets were calculated by adding up totals identified in the age profile.

## **Average Age of Assets per financial year**

- Using the age profiles generated above, the average age of the asset base was calculated.

## **Asset Age profiles**

The assumptions and Estimated Information used for creating the age profiles are also reported in other Basis of Preparation documents but are reproduced here for continuity.

- Various different methods were used to obtain the required data, below is an explanation for each of the sub-asset categories. These age profiles were then added up to obtain the asset category age profile:
  - Protection relays - IPS data was utilised.
  - RTUs - a review of SCADA control scheme design documentation was performed identifying when hardware was changed. Results were collated into a spread sheet.
  - IEDs - Commissioned records from SCADA Base (via DMA) were utilised.
  - Microwave links - The CBMD application was queried to determine the commissioning dates for each link.
  - DSS Head end, radios and repeaters - The ROSS application database was queried to provide an installed / commissioning date.
  - Multiplex - No history information is available in management or finance system for these assets, the total population as at end of 18-19 was estimated and was spread based on when fibre optic cable was installed.
  - Total number of commissioned Multi-protocol label switching (MPLS) nodes as based on project documentation.
  - Pilot Cables - The CBMD application database was queried to determine commissioning dates for each point to point link, links without a commissioning date were apportioned across the known age profile.

## **Assumptions**

### **Asset Quantities - Inspected / Maintained**

Asset quantities at year end & Asset quantities inspected/maintained alignment:

- The 'Asset Quantity at year end' was extracted from NFM (Network Facilities Management) historical data for the current financial year.
- The Asset quantities were based on Asset Classes which are categories coded in NFM against each piece of equipment in the Energex network.



- These Asset classes align with particular types of assets that perform the same function.
- The 'Asset quantity inspected/maintained' was derived using NAMP line program codes for financial activities 41100 and 41200, which were mapped to the AER asset maintenance categories.
- A NAMP line can contain work performed against multiple asset classes (from NFM).
- In addition, asset classes (from NFM) can have work performed on them, in multiple NAMP lines.
- In some instances, work performed against certain types of asset classes (from NFM) were costed and counted against a NAMP line which was mapped to a different AER asset maintenance category.
- The method used to calculate the 'Asset Quantity at year end' will not always align with the 'Asset quantities inspected/maintained' because the asset may have been inspected or maintained against a NAMP line that is mapped to another asset maintenance category.
- The unit of measure used to count 'Asset quantities inspected/maintained' is not always aligned with the 'Asset Quantity at year end' as there are multiple asset types which are used in counting each NAMP line within an Asset Category i.e. Unit counts are typically 'number of work orders' and not 'length (km)' or 'number of customers'. In addition, 'Asset quantities inspected/maintained' can represent multiple visits to an asset if the cycle is less than annual. Hence, there is not always a direct correlation between the number of assets inspected/maintained and the number of assets at year end.

#### **NAMP codes:**

- Energex builds its operating program according to Network Asset Management Plan (NAMP) codes. NAMP codes categorise lower level activities into higher level groups of like type work. For example, 'NAMP - BZ15 (11kV Circuit Breaker Maintenance)' contains maintenance work over many types of 11kV Circuit Breakers all with different criteria and cyclic frequencies.
- The NAMP codes are used for reporting purposes and have been used by Energex to report planned and delivered performance.
- Typically, NAMP codes are categorised by Asset Class or created specifically to measure key focus programs.
- 

#### **Mapping NAMP codes to RIN categories:**

- In order to meet the data requirements in worksheet 2.8, Energex's NAMP codes have been mapped to equivalent AER RIN categories in Ellipse (+NA2 Table).

- Whilst the NAMP codes are not a one-for-one match with the RIN categories they were reasonably aligned.
- Where a single NAMP code related to multiple RIN categories, the RIN category that aligned the closest to the NAMP code was used. For example, 'NAMP - BZ25 (Oil analysis)' contains predominately oil sampling costs for Power transformers and associated tap changers. The NAMP code does, however, also include some costs for regulators and earth transformers. Therefore this NAMP code was mapped to 'Transformers - Zone Substation', as this type of equipment wore the most volume of work.
- Manual reconciliation was done to the raw data of the report to map the expenditure to the correct RIN categories.

### Underground cable maintenance:

- Underground cable maintenance was apportioned between CBD and non-CBD based on the actual amount of 11kV underground cable in the CBD area relative to total 11kV cable in the network. Table 10-7 provides the apportionment between CBD and non-CBD underground cable.

**Table 10-7 Apportionment between CBD and non-CBD underground cable**

Cable Category	Length of Cable	Percentage of Total
CBD	204 Kilometers	1.01%
Non-CBD	19,895 Kilometers	98.99%

## Estimated Information

### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained & Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

Energex has significant amount of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

## Explanatory Notes

### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained & Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

In the prior Category Analysis (CA) RINs, submitted in 2015 and 2016. Energex added and reported data for the below additional variables in Table 2.8.1. Variables added are included in the Table below:

Maintenance Activity	Maintenance Asset Category	Unit of Measure - Asset Quantity
Zone Substation Inspection	All Zone Substation Assets	Per individual item
Distribution Asset Inspection	Distribution Substations	Per individual item
Distribution Pole Mounted Plant Maintenance	All Distribution PMP (Transformers, Regulators, Sectionalisers and Reclosers)	Per individual item
Underground Feeder Asset Inspection	All underground Feeder Assets	Length (Meters)
Pilot Cable Inspection and Maintenance	All Pilot Cables (Copper & Fibre)	Length (Meters)

- Energex has retained these categories for 2019-20 CA RIN.
- Energex has added a new "Other" Maintenance Activity to separately reflect adjustments to actual costs, posted as an accrual at a high level only. Detailed entries are posted to projects in the following financial year. These amounts represent adjustments to the standard labour rates or oncost rates posted to projects throughout the year based on expected spend, with the adjustment reflecting the actual costs incurred.

## Table 2.8.1 - Descriptor Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance 3

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Quantity - At Year End

#### Service Lines - Number of Customers:

Table 10-9 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-9 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
For each of the maintenance subcategories prescribed in the Template, add rows for additional subcategories if these are material and necessary to disaggregate financial or non-financial data, for example, to disaggregate asset groups according to voltage levels or to specify inspection/ maintenance cycles.	Additional rows have been added.
For each maintenance subcategory, provide in separate columns the data for inspection cycles and maintenance cycles.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement.
For the inspection cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the inspection cycle is 'every 6 years', put '6' in the inspection cycle column.  Similarly, for the maintenance cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the maintenance cycle is 'every 3 years', put '3' in the maintenance cycle column.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For inspection and maintenance cycles, asset quantity, and average age of the asset group, use the highest-value (i.e. highest replacement cost) asset type in the asset group as the basis.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
Where there are multiple inspection and maintenance activities, report the cycle that reflects the highest cost activity.	This approach has been used to provide cycle time information. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  The total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  The number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the	Both sets of figures have been provided.

regulatory year, for each asset category	
--	--

Table 10-10 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-10 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 as per its respective instructions.	Corresponding age profiles were reported in RIN Template 5.2
When Energex must make an estimate because it cannot populate the input cell with actual information, Energex must demonstrate that it has provided the best estimate it can.	Demonstrated in section 10.6 (Estimated Information) below
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  the total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  the number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	RIN Table 2.8.1 has been completed in accordance with this requirement

## Sources

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

### Service Lines - Number of Customers:

Table 10-11 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-11 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Service Cable - Asset quantity - At Year End	MARS

## Methodology

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

### Service Lines - Number of Customers:

1. The number of service lines was calculated for worksheet 5.2 - Asset Age Profile. For details of the methodology used please refer to the relevant basis of preparation for that worksheet.
2. The assets for year-end for service lines were calculated by a count of service cable across the MARS database.
3. Quantities of assets inspected/maintained for service lines were based on the number of services maintained during the year.

### **Average Age of Asset Group**

#### **Service Lines - Number of Customers:**

1. The number of service lines and their age profile was calculated for RIN Template 5.2 - Asset Age Profile. For details of the methodology used please refer to the relevant BoP for RIN Template 5.2.
2. The average age of service lines was calculated by taking the average age of the assets as per RIN Template 5.

### **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

### **Estimated Information**

#### **Asset Quantity - At Year End**

#### **Service Lines - Number of Customers:**

Energex has significant amount of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### **Asset Quantity - At Year End**

#### **Service Lines - Number of Customers:**

Energex's replacement program for services was scaled back in 2018-19 and further in 2019-20 from previous years which is why the volume of replacements in that year is lower than previous years. Energex has transitioned from a replacement program to an asset inspection approach to gain other efficiencies (e.g. bundling work). This approach has continued and combined with COVID19's impact on planned interruption work, a lower number of service cables were replaced in 2019-20.

## Table 2.8.1 - Descriptor Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance 4

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained

#### Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained

Table 10-12 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-12 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
For each of the maintenance subcategories prescribed in the Template, add rows for additional subcategories if these are material and necessary to disaggregate financial or non-financial data, for example, to disaggregate asset groups according to voltage levels or to specify inspection/ maintenance cycles.	Additional rows have been added.
For each maintenance subcategory, provide in separate columns the data for inspection cycles and maintenance cycles.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement.
For the inspection cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the inspection cycle is 'every 6 years', put '6' in the inspection cycle column.  Similarly, for the maintenance cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the maintenance cycle is 'every 3 years', put '3' in the maintenance cycle column.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For inspection and maintenance cycles, asset quantity, and average age of the asset group, use the highest-value (i.e. highest replacement cost) asset type in the asset group as the basis.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
Where there are multiple inspection and maintenance activities, report the cycle that reflects the highest cost activity.	This approach has been used to provide cycle time information. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  The total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  The number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the	Both sets of figures have been provided.

regulatory year, for each asset category	
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Table 10-13 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-13 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 as per its respective instructions.	Corresponding age profiles were reported in RIN Template 5.2
When Energex must make an estimate because it cannot populate the input cell with actual information, Energex must demonstrate that it has provided the best estimate it can.	Demonstrated in section 10.6 (Estimated Information) below
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  the total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  the number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	RIN Table 2.8.1 has been completed in accordance with this requirement

## Sources

### Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained

### Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained

Table 10-14 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-14 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Asset quantity inspected/maintained	DMA
Inspection Cycle	Joint Workings Network
	Maintenance Framework
	DMA



## **Methodology**

### **Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained**

#### **Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained**

The light maintenance volumes represent the actual number of luminaires maintained as part of the street light maintenance contract. This contract constitutes the bulk of the maintenance work on lights in the Energex network, with lighting maintenance undertaken by internal staff only for the remote towns of Boonah, Gatton & Esk.

The data for actual number of lights maintained is extracted from Streetlighting maintenance contractor Intrinsic Energy monthly Activity Report. The maintenance data is captured at site in conjunction with the completion each activity utilizing the contractor's electronic work dispatching/updating device. This data is then uploaded into their database and utilized for reporting and billing purposes.

## **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained**

#### **Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained**

Energex has significant amount of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Asset Quantity - Inspected/Maintained**

#### **Public Lighting - Number of Public Lights Maintained**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.8.1 - Descriptor Metrics for Routine and Non-routine Maintenance 5

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

**SCADA Network and Control Maintenance, Protection systems maintenance, Subtransmission asset maintenance, and Ground clearance - access tracks**

Table 10-15 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-15 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
For each of the maintenance subcategories prescribed in the Template, add rows for additional subcategories if these are material and necessary to disaggregate financial or non-financial data, for example, to disaggregate asset groups according to voltage levels or to specify inspection/ maintenance cycles.	Additional rows have been added.
For each maintenance subcategory, provide in separate columns the data for inspection cycles and maintenance cycles.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement.
For the inspection cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the inspection cycle is 'every 6 years', put '6' in the inspection cycle column.  Similarly, for the maintenance cycle for each maintenance subcategory, express this as 'n' in the statement 'every n years'. For example, if the maintenance cycle is 'every 3 years', put '3' in the maintenance cycle column.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For inspection and maintenance cycles, asset quantity, and average age of the asset group, use the highest-value (i.e. highest replacement cost) asset type in the asset group as the basis.	Data has been provided in accordance with this requirement. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
Where there are multiple inspection and maintenance activities, report the cycle that reflects the highest cost activity.	This approach has been used to provide cycle time information. Please refer to section 10.4 (Methodology).
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  The total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  The number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the	Both sets of figures have been provided.

regulatory year, for each asset category	
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Table 10-15 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 10-15 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 as per its respective instructions.	Corresponding age profiles were reported in RIN Template 5.2
When Energex must make an estimate because it cannot populate the input cell with actual information, Energex must demonstrate that it has provided the best estimate it can.	Demonstrated in section 10.6 (Estimated Information) below
For 'Asset Quantity', provide in separate columns:  the total number of assets (population) at the end of the regulatory year, for each asset category  the number of assets actually inspected or maintained during the regulatory year, for each asset category	RIN Table 2.8.1 has been completed in accordance with this requirement

## Sources

### SCADA Network and Control Maintenance, Protection systems maintenance, Subtransmission asset maintenance, and Ground clearance - access tracks

Table 10-16 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-16 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Asset quantity - At Year End	DMA
Asset quantity inspected/maintained	DMA

Table 10-17 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 10-17 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SCADA Network and Control Maintenance (This category was an addition of RTUs, IEDs, Microwave links, DSS Head ends, DSS Radios and Multiplex equipment)	SCADA Base (direct and via DMA) and project documentation, CBMD, ROSS, CNMS
Protection Systems Maintenance	IPS
All Pilot Cables (fibre and copper)	CBMD

## Methodology

### Asset Quantity - At Year End

#### Subtransmission Asset Maintenance - For DNSPs with Dual Function Assets

1. Not applicable to Energex as Energex does not have dual function assets.

### Average Age of Asset Group

#### Subtransmission Asset Maintenance - For DNSPs with Dual Function Assets:

1. Not applicable to Energex as Energex does not have dual function assets.
2. Number of Distribution Pole Mounted Plant (Transformers, Regulators, Sectionalisers and Reclosers)
3. A report was extracted from DMA that contained data for the 2019-20 financial year detailing the distribution pole mounted plant (transformers, regulators, sectionalisers and reclosers) in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - Snapshot Date
  - Installation Date
  - Quantity - Major or Minor

This report excluded all equipment that did not contain connectivity, as these assets were not in use at that point in time.

This report also excluded all asset indicated as customer owned.

4. All assets with an installation date of 1901 were ignored in the calculation of average age.
5. Average age was calculated from the installation date.

### Inspection and Maintenance Cycles

#### SCADA Network and Control Maintenance

SCADA Network and Control Maintenance:

- Asset quantities for this variable were determined by adding up the total number of the below assets for the 2017-18 financial year using age profile.
  - RTUs;
  - IED;
  - Microwave Links;
  - DSS Head Ends;
  - DSS Radios; and
  - Multiplex equipment
  - MPLS nodes.
- Various techniques were used to create 2019-20 financial year age profile and to correct the data for the financial year. Refer to section 10.6 (Estimated Information) for further details.

#### **Protection System Maintenance:**

- Asset quantities for this variable were determined by extracting the total installation base from the IPS system.
- The average age of assets for these variables were generated using 2019-20 financial year age profile and determining the average age.

#### **Pilot cables**

- Asset quantities for this variable were determined by extracting total meters installed per annum from the CBMD database.
- The average age of assets for these variables were generated using 2019-20 financial year age profile and determining the average age.

### **Assumptions**

#### **SCADA Network and Control Maintenance**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

- In relation to IEDs and DSS Radios, the database only contains initial commissioning information. Subsequent data associated with maintenance swap outs (i.e. replacements) is not captured due low cost of the equipment. As a result, this tends to overstate the age of the IED and DSS Radio fleet; however, this was not considered a significant issue on the basis that IEDs and DSS Radios are typically low cost in nature.

## Estimated Information

### SCADA Network and Control Maintenance, Protection systems maintenance, Subtransmission asset maintenance, and Ground clearance - access tracks

Energex has significant amount of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

## Explanatory Notes

### SCADA Network and Control Maintenance, Protection systems maintenance, Subtransmission asset maintenance, and Ground clearance - access tracks

In the prior Category Analysis (CA) RINs, submitted in 2015 and 2016. Energex added and reported data for the below additional variables in Table 2.8.1. Variables added are included in the Table below:

Maintenance Activity	Maintenance Asset Category	Unit of Measure - Asset Quantity
Zone Substation Inspection	All Zone Substation Assets	Per individual item
Distribution Asset Inspection	Distribution Substations	Per individual item
Distribution Pole Mounted Plant Maintenance	All Distribution PMP (Transformers, Regulators, Sectionalisers and Reclosers)	Per individual item
Underground Feeder Asset Inspection	All underground Feeder Assets	Length (Meters)
Pilot Cable Inspection and Maintenance	All Pilot Cables (Copper & Fibre)	Length (Meters)

- Energex has retained these categories for 2019-20 CA RIN.
- Energex has added a new "Other" Maintenance Activity to separately reflect adjustments to actual costs, posted as an accrual at a high level only. Detailed entries are posted to projects in the following financial year. These amounts represent adjustments to the standard labour rates or oncost rates posted to projects throughout the year based on expected spend, with the adjustment reflecting the actual costs incurred.

# BOP - 2.9 Emergency

## Table 2.9.1 - Emergency Response Expenditure (OPEX)

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 11-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 11-1 Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>In Table 2.9.1 provide the following -</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>total emergency response expenditure</li> <li>emergency response expenditure attributable to major events by identifying direct costs through a specific cost code for each major event or major storm. Major events most often refer to, but are not limited to, a major storm.</li> </ul> <p>Emergency response expenditure attributable to major event days by identifying daily operating expenditure incurred on each date of those major event days and summing up the expenditure for each event.</p>	<p>The variables supplied in RIN Table 2.9 are across the entirety of the Energex network for each regulatory year.</p>
<p>Response to Issue 130 - CA RIN Issues Register:</p> <p>(B) is intended to capture costs where they can be attributable to particular events. (C) reflects all emergency response Opex on days that were MEDs.</p> <p>The RIN instructions would ultimately result in a double reporting of costs in (B) and (C) where the event in your example triggers an MED. However the AER would expect to have visibility of Opex on a daily basis under item (C) where the MED event is identified. The AER also wouldn't necessarily expect daily Opex for events identified in (C) to sum up to amounts reported for the same event in (B) given other activity on those days.</p>	<p>Total emergency response costs were reported in section A.</p> <p>Total Opex for specifically identified major events were reported in section B.</p> <p>Opex for MEDs were reported in section C.</p>
<p>A Major Event Day SAIDI threshold is calculated for each year using the 2.5 beta method, and any day where the unplanned SAIDI exceeds this threshold is determined to be a Major Event Day.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in Methodology.</p>
<p>Emergency Response is defined in Appendix F of the CA RIN as:</p> <p><i>"Costs incurred to restore a failed component to an operational state including all expenditure relating to the work incurred where supply has been interrupted or assets damaged or rendered unsafe by a</i></p>	<p>Energex has reported costs from two activity codes, both of which conform to the AER's definition of Emergency Response.</p>

*breakdown, making immediate operations and/or repairs necessary.*

*Costs of activities primarily directed at maintaining network functionality and for which immediate rectification is necessary. These activities are primarily due to network failure caused by weather events, vandalism, traffic accidents or other physical interference by non-related entities."*

## Sources

Table 11-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 11-2 Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Emergency Response Expenditure by specific date	CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL 2.9 Emergency PROD 03082020]
Total Emergency Response Expenditure	CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL 2.9 Emergency PROD 03082020]
Major Event Day List	EPM RNP026 MED Major Event Day List

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

- Costs relating to Emergency Response activities are recorded under the activity headings 41300 and 41400.
- Overall costs for activities 41300 and 41400 were extracted from CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL 2.9 Emergency PROD 03082020] Transactions.
- Major event day (MED) related costs at a work order/ transaction level were extracted using CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL 2.9 Emergency PROD 03082020] Transactions.
- In both cases above, data was extracted for the 2019-20 financial year.
- Expenses were filtered to include only direct costs and on costs (overheads excluded), based on account elements (i.e. account element 8104 was excluded).
- Costs for identified major events and MEDs were extracted based upon the transaction date of the MEDs, as outlined above. Below is a list of the major events and the MEDs that occurred during the period.



- Major events Storms struck Energex on:
  - Saturday, 17 October 2020
  - Tuesday, 17 November 2020
  - Friday, 11 December 2020
  - Monday, 20 January 2020
  - Tuesday, 21 January 2020
- Figures relating to specific major events were captured using unique work orders. The total direct costs and on costs (overheads excluded) were extracted for the major event work orders that had transactions on the specific major event days and are reported in section C.

## Assumptions

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

- Major Event Days (MEDs) are determined in accordance with the STPIS definition.
- A Major Event Day SAIDI threshold is calculated for each year using the 2.5 beta method, and any day where the unplanned SAIDI exceeds this threshold is determined to be a Major Event Day.
- A major event is defined by the AER as any event that causes a breach of the major event day threshold. The costs reportable in section B are any costs that are recorded specifically against a major event using a work order.
- The Energex activity code 41300 - Corrective Maintenance is defined as:
  - The corrective repair of an asset or installation following an outage or fault. This is limited to the immediate repair work carried out to restore the asset to a temporary/permanent state in which it can perform its required function.
- This activity code as well as the dedicated activity code for emergency response (41400) was used to report costs as the definition above conforms to the AER's definition of Emergency Response stated in Appendix F of the CA RIN.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

Not applicable.

# BOP - 2.10 Overheads

## Table 2.10.1 - Network Overheads Expenditure

## Table 2.10.2 - Corporate Overheads Expenditure

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 12-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 12-1 Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Report overhead expenditure before it is allocated to services or direct expenditure, and before any part of it is capitalised.</p>	<p>Expenditure in Table 2.10.1 is consistent with the requirement for 'overhead expenditure before allocation'. The expenditure presented is before allocation and capitalisation.</p>
<p>Energex must disaggregate network operating costs into the following six subcategories:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• network management</li> <li>• network planning</li> <li>• network control and operational switching personnel</li> <li>• quality and standard functions</li> <li>• project governance and related functions</li> <li>• Other.</li> </ul>	<p>Appendix 6 - Explanation of functional areas explains the classification of services into the below categories-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network management;</li> <li>• Network planning;</li> <li>• Network Control;</li> <li>• Operational Switching</li> <li>• Quality and Standard Functions; and</li> <li>• Project Governance.</li> </ul>
<p>For the avoidance of doubt, the following expenditures must be provided in RIN Template 2.10:</p> <p>If Energex has previously reported network operating costs in its Regulatory Accounting Statements, Energex must report these under network overhead in RIN Template 2.10.1:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i. network management</li> <li>ii. network planning</li> <li>iii. network control and operational switching personnel</li> <li>iv. quality and standard functions (including standards and manuals, compliance, quality of supply, reliability, network records (GIS), and</li> </ol>	<p>Network overheads expenditure for 2019-20 has been categorised into the following subcategories:</p> <p><i>Mandatory</i></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Network Management</li> <li>• Network Planning</li> <li>• Network Control and Operational Switching Personnel</li> <li>• Quality and Standard Function</li> <li>• Project Governance and related Functions</li> </ul>

asset strategy (other than network planning)

v. project governance and related functions (including supervision, procurement, works management, logistics and stores)

vi. Other (including training, OH&S functions, network billing, and customer service).

The six subcategories above are mandatory subcategories in network overhead.

RIN Template 2.10.1 Network Overhead - For other network operating costs that Energex previously reported in its Regulatory Accounting Statements and are not included in the six mandatory subcategories above, Energex must report these under network overhead in RIN Template 2.10.1. These expenditures include, but are not limited to:

- meter reading
- advertising/marketing
- Guaranteed Service Level (GSL) payments
- National Energy Customer Framework (NECF)-related expenses
- feed-in tariffs
- demand management expenditure
- levies

For corporate overhead expenditure that Energex previously reported in its Regulatory Accounting Statements and are not included in any other overhead subcategory, Energex must report these under corporate overhead in RIN Template 2.10.2.

These expenditures include, but are not limited to:

- office of the CEO
- legal and secretariat
- human resources
- finance

- Logistics and stores (POW Material Management)
- Procurement
- Project Governance - Supervision
- Project Governance - Works Management
- Training and Development
- OHS
- Customer Services *Optional*
- Meter Reading, Network Billing & Metering Support
- DSM Initiatives
- Levies
- Network Property

Corporate overheads expenditure for 2019-20 has been categorised into the following subcategories:

- Office of CEO
- Legal and Secretariat
- Audit
- Strategy and Regulation
- Human Resources
- Finance
- Business Support Services
- Business Operations and Performance
- Field Support Services
- Stakeholder Engagement and Management
- Other Operating
- Corporate Restructuring
- IT and Communications
- Property
- Fleet
- Debt Raising Costs

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• regulatory</li> <li>• insurance</li> <li>• self-insurance</li> <li>• debt raising costs</li> <li>• equity raising costs</li> <li>• non-network IT support.</li> </ul>	
<p>If there is any overhead expenditure that is capitalised, explain in the Basis of preparation document(s), why it is capitalised</p>	<p>Energex's capitalisation policy explains that Energex's core business is the construction, maintenance and operation of the electricity distribution network in South East Queensland. In the operation of its business, Energex incurs a range of support costs that are not directly attributable to individual distribution services or activities. As these costs support the direct activities associated with both the construction and maintenance of the electricity network, Energex has employed a rational and systematic approach, to attribute these support costs to operating and capital activities, which is described in its Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM).</p> <p>In accordance with Energex's CAM, approved by the AER, regulated overheads are allocated to distribution services (capital and operating) based on direct spend incurred on each service as this reflects a strong correlation with the consumption of the underlying overhead expenditure.</p>

## Sources

Table 12-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 12-2 Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Network Overhead - 2019-20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CAM recast equivalent of Ellipse general ledger report (FIN073)</li> <li>• Annual Reporting RIN and Excel work files</li> </ul>
Corporate Overhead - 2019-20	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CAM recast equivalent of Ellipse general ledger report (FIN073)</li> <li>• Annual Reporting RIN and Excel work files</li> </ul>

## Methodology

The approaches that were taken to report overhead expenditure into the categories in the CA RIN were as follows:

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

1. Obtained general ledger (GL) reports that provide account balances for expenses, detailing the nature of items via codes that identify the group that incurred the expense (Responsibility Centre), the work being performed (Activity), and the type of expense (Element).

Expense accounts were then mapped based on the definitions of Network Overheads and Corporate Overheads included in Appendix F of the CAM Business Rules.

*Note: some items identified by Energex as direct costs and reported accordingly in the Annual Reporting (AR) RIN, needed to be mapped to Network Overheads for CA RIN reporting. These included Network Operations, DSM Initiatives, Levies, Customer Service, Network Billing and Other Energy Market Services functions.*

2. Mapped the account codes:
  - That specifically related to SCS, ACS, unregulated services;
  - As network or corporate overhead;
  - Into functional areas (which represent the sub-categories of network and corporate overheads), principally on Responsibility Centre and Activity, as detailed in Appendix 6 - Explanation of functional areas.
  - As capitalisable (costs allocated to direct control services based on direct spend, in accordance with Energex's approved CAM) or non-capitalisable costs (these costs remain as 100% operating expenditure and are allocated to services in accordance with Energex's approved CAM).

*Note: Functional areas are per the mandatory categories defined in the CA RIN and additional categories as provided for in Energex's current AP RIN.*

Corporate Overheads for Corporate Restructuring began in 2011-12 as a result of Energex's conscious effort to reduce costs and employee numbers. This has resulted in the payment of termination benefits since the commencement of the restructuring.

## Assumptions

No assumptions were made.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Energex overheads that have been allocated to direct costs in the CAM recast report are \$13.9M higher than the overhead pool value due to a an overrecovery of Energex's overhead.

This over recovery of \$13.9M is considered immaterial to total operating costs as it is less than 5%.

Prior under/over recoveries were recognised in operating expenditure by both EQL DNSPs (Energex and Ergon Energy). As such, the over recovery of \$13.9M has been adjusted in the standard control services operating expenditure in the CA RIN overheads template by applying the adjustment across all the network and corporate functions proportionately.

This has removed balancing items between CA RIN overheads template pre-allocation and AR RIN.

# BOP - 2.11 Labour

## Table 2.11.1 - Cost Metrics Per Annum

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 13-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 13-1 Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Only labour costs allocated to the provision of SCS should be reported in the labour cost sections of RIN Template 2.11.</p> <p>Labour used in the provision of contracts for both goods and services, other than contracts for the provision of labour (i.e. labour hire contracts) must not be reported in these RIN Templates.</p> <p>Energex must break down its labour data (both employees and labour contracted through labour hire contracts) into the Classification Levels provided in RIN Template 2.11. Energex must explain how it has grouped workers into these classification levels.</p>	<p>Energex general ledger (GL) system (Ellipse) uses GL account codes to capture transaction information. This includes the department (Responsibility Centre), functions being performed (Activity), product or service delivered to external customers and the nature of income or expense (Element).</p> <p>Energex uses the GL code to extract only the labour related cost (Element) for standard control services (a combination of Responsibility Centre and Activity).</p> <p>Energex labour categories allocated (via employee timesheets) to GL transactions have been mapped to the relevant labour categories required in the CA RIN.</p>
<p>Labour related to each classification level obtained through labour hire contracts may be reported separately on separate lines to employee based labour. If Energex wishes to do this they should add extra lines in the RIN Template below each classification level for which it wishes to separately report labour hire.</p>	<p>Costs related to labour hire have been combined with Energex internal labour in the table.</p>
<p>Quantities of labour, expenditure, or stand down periods should not be reported multiple times across labour RIN Templates. However, labour may be split between RIN Templates (for example one worker could have half of their time allocated to corporate overheads and half of their time to network overheads).</p>	<p>All figures were allocated to the mutually exclusive categories of corporate overheads, network overheads and network direct.</p>
<p>The ASLs for each classification level must reflect the average Paid FTEs for each Classification Level over the course of the year.</p>	<p>Energex converted labour costs captured in the GL system into ASLs which represents the average Paid ASLs for each Classification Level over the course of each year.</p>
<p>'Per ASL' values are average values per ASL in each classification level. For example, the average productive work hours per ASL would</p>	<p>This has been calculated as per the AER's instructions. For further details please refer to Section</p>

equal the total productive work hours associated with labour in the 13.5 Assumptions and 13.4 Methodology. classification level divided by the number reported in Annual Totals - ASLs for the classification level (i.e. the number of ASLs in the classification level).

Stand down periods must be reported against the relevant classification level in the RIN Template containing the relevant labour. For further details please refer to Section 13.5 Assumptions and 13.4 Methodology. For example, a stand down of an electrical line apprentice would be reported against the apprentice classification level in the Total network direct internal labour costs RIN Template.

## Sources

The following reports were extracted from the Ellipse system:

- General ledger balance (\$ and hours) by labour category and element;
- General ledger transactions of 9 hour breaks by labour category; and
- General ledger balances (\$) of labour hire.

The following reports were extracted from the Human Resource Information System (HRIS) or provided by the Energex Payroll and HR Systems Team:

- Labour category average hourly rate for labour hire,
- 9 day and 10 day fortnightly work arrangement breakdown of internal labour and
- Stand Down occurrences.

The following reports were extracted by the Financial Planning & Analysis team:

- Standard Labour available hours by labour category; and
- Standard Labour rate by category.

Table 13-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 13-2 Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Table 2.11.1 - Labour Cost Metrics per Annum	
ASLs	Ellipse (GL, payroll and HR information), Standard labour rates and hours (Financial Planning & Analysis)
Total Labour Cost - Actual, Budget and Forecast	Ellipse (GL), Standard labour rates and hours (Financial Planning



	& Analysis)
Average Productive Working Hours per ASL	Standard labour rates and hours (Financial Planning & Analysis)
Stand Down Occurrences per ASL	Ellipse (HR)

## Methodology

Information in the Labour RIN Template was based on actual transactions from the General ledger and payroll system. Minor adjustments were made where appropriate to comply with requirements set by the AER.

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

- The following GL labour data was obtained from Ellipse:
  - Ordinary time \$ & Hours
  - Overtime \$ & Hour
  - GL code
  - Labour category
- Each GL code was mapped into the categories required in the labour worksheet. The classifications are consistent with Energex's 2019-20 Cost Allocation Methodology (CAM). The classification of the GL codes can be seen in Table 13-3 below:

CA RIN Category	Energex GL Code
Corporate overhead	Corporate support cost
Network overhead	Customer Call Centre DSM Direct (Demand Side Management) Levies Network operations
Network direct	SCS Direct Opex (Program of Work) SCS Direct Capex (Excludes all fleet and material on-costs and general overhead)

## ASLs and Total Labour Costs

- Each Energex labour category extracted from Ellipse was classified into the required AER categories as set out in Table 13-4 over page. The standard annual dollars/FTE for each labour category (Financial Planning & Analysis team) was then used to convert the total labour dollars into ASLs.

The mapping of Energex labour categories to AER categories has been approved by Energex management and incorporated into a system report that enables the extraction of labour data against the AER categories directly from the Energex reporting software.

**Table 13-4 Conversion of Energex to AER Labour Categories**

Energex	AER	Annual Hours 2019-20
ADMN	Support staff	1,580
APPR	Apprentice	1,649
CONT	Professional	1,657
ELEC	Semi Professional	1,665
EXE1	Manager	1,616
EXE2	Senior Manager	1,657
NEXE	Professional	1,657
PARA	Semi Professional	1,665
PROF	Professional	1,657
PWKR	Unskilled Worker	1,536
SPEB	Manager	1,657
SPVR	Semi Professional	1,665
YSO	Semi Professional	1,523
Tech	Skilled Electrical Worker	1,545
EMT	Executive Manager	1,767

2. It is noted that Executive managers, as specified in the CA Labour RIN, were contained in the Energex labour classification EXE2. These positions were manually extracted in compliance with the CA RIN instructions. The remainder of EXE2 was then classified as Senior Managers.
3. Once labour costs had been calculated the termination payments and FBT payments were added to the labour cost figures. The termination payments were obtained from HR data and verified against the GL. FBT information was provided by the Energex Corporate Tax team.
4. Training costs were excluded as this data was unavailable for inclusion. However, it is noted that these costs were immaterial for the purposes of this report (less than \$2.5M as per the GL).

### **Average Productive Work Hours per ASL**

1. Total available hours were converted into productive hours by subtracting the known hours of training assigned to each employee type. The following figures were subtracted from the available hours to convert to productive hours:
  - a. Apprentice: 315 hours per year
  - b. All other labour categories: 24 hours per year i.e. three days

### **Stand down Occurrences per ASL**

1. Transactional data for enforced 9 hour breaks (which constitutes a stand down occurrence) can be identified in the HR payroll system using an earning code. The number of stand down occurrences was calculated as the frequency of transactions in each labour category.
2. 9 hour break transactional data cannot be identified by service classification as this information is only captured by employee. In addition, the 9 hour break transactions are recorded as overhead costs in Energex's payroll system, however these transactions relate to employees working across Corporate Support, Network Overheads and Network Directs.
3. To report this measure, Energex has adopted the following formula to calculate the figures for Stand Down Occurrences per ASL:

$$\frac{\text{Number of Stand Down Occurrences}}{\text{Total ASLs}}$$

### **Assumptions and Approach Explanatory Notes**

The following is noted in relation to the above:

- Some journals within the GL data were processed without labour categories. Where this occurred, the balance was allocated proportionally across all labour categories within each functional area. It should be noted this amount is considered immaterial (less than 2% of Total Labour Costs).

- Termination payments were excluded from the calculation of hourly labour rates as these expenses cannot be linked to hours worked per employee and would distort the data if included.

## **Labour Hire**

1. Labour hire data was captured using the GL code element 4920.
2. Actual dollars (excluding capital expenditure which was specifically identified as contractor costs) were used to populate Energex's labour hire spend.
3. Labour hire data within the GL is not disaggregated by labour category, therefore the labour hire figures were split into the labour categories using a pro-rata methodology based on the known total labour hire (90% Support Staff/3% Professional/4% Unskilled Worker - source: HR).

## **Assumptions**

No applicable.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Reporting where relevant labour classifications are unavailable**

In some instances, Energex's mapping of labour categories to AER classifications produced results which are unable to be populated against the relevant classifications. This applies for Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads and Network Directs, which have been populated into the Master Templates as detailed below.

- Within Corporate Overheads, figures reported for Intern/Junior Staff/Apprentice represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Skilled Electrical Workers
  - Unskilled Workers
  - Apprentices
- Within Network Overheads, figures reported for Intern/Junior Staff/Apprentice represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Skilled Electrical Workers
  - Unskilled Workers
  - Apprentices

- Within Network Directs, figures reported for Skilled Non Electrical Workers represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Senior Manager
  - Managers
  - Professionals
  - Semi professionals
  - Support staff

These classifications were applied as there was no data (or limited data in the case of Apprentices) already populated against these classifications and therefore doesn't distort the figures reported.

## Table 2.11.2 - Extra Descriptor Metrics for Current Year

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 13-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 13-1 Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Only labour costs allocated to the provision of SCS should be reported in the labour cost sections of RIN Template 2.11.</p> <p>Labour used in the provision of contracts for both goods and services, other than contracts for the provision of labour (i.e. labour hire contracts) must not be reported in these RIN Templates.</p> <p>Energex must break down its labour data (both employees and labour contracted through labour hire contracts) into the Classification Levels provided in RIN Template 2.11. Energex must explain how it has grouped workers into these classification levels.</p>	<p>Energex general ledger (GL) system (Ellipse) uses GL account codes to capture transaction information. This includes the department (Responsibility Centre), functions being performed (Activity), product or service delivered to external customers and the nature of income or expense (Element).</p> <p>Energex uses the GL code to extract only the labour related cost (Element) for standard control services (a combination of Responsibility Centre and Activity).</p> <p>Energex labour categories allocated (via employee timesheets) to GL transactions have been mapped to the relevant labour categories required in the CA RIN. For further details please refer to Section 13.4 Methodology 13.5 Assumptions.</p>
<p>Labour related to each classification level obtained through labour hire contracts may be reported separately on separate lines to employee based labour. If Energex wishes to do this they should add extra lines in the RIN Template below each classification level for which it wishes to separately report labour hire.</p>	<p>Costs related to labour hire have been combined with Energex internal labour in the table.</p>
<p>Quantities of labour, expenditure, or stand down periods should not be reported multiple times across labour RIN Templates. However, labour may be split between RIN Templates (for example one worker could have half of their time allocated to corporate overheads and half of their time to network overheads).</p>	<p>All figures were split between the mutually exclusive categories of corporate overheads, network overheads and network direct. The method of allocation is noted in Section 13.4 Methodology.</p>
<p>The ASLs for each classification level must reflect the average Paid FTEs for each Classification Level over the course of the year.</p>	<p>Energex converted labour costs captured in the GL system into ASLs which represents the average Paid ASLs for each Classification Level over the course of each year.</p>
<p>'Per ASL' values are average values per ASL in each classification level. For example, the average productive work hours per ASL would equal the total productive work hours associated with labour in the</p>	<p>This has been calculated as per the AER's instructions. For further details please refer to Section 13.5 Assumptions and 13.4 Methodology.</p>

classification level divided by the number reported in Annual Totals - ASLs for the classification level (i.e. the number of ASLs in the classification level).

Stand down periods must be reported against the relevant classification level in the RIN Template containing the relevant labour. For example, a stand down of an electrical line apprentice would be reported against the apprentice classification level in the Total network direct internal labour costs RIN Template.

This was calculated as per the AER's instructions. For further details please refer to Section 13.5 Assumptions and 13.4 Methodology.

## Sources

The following reports were extracted from the Ellipse system:

- General ledger balance (\$ and hours) by labour category and element;
- General ledger transactions of 9 hour breaks by labour category; and
- General ledger balances (\$) of labour hire.

The following reports were extracted from the Human Resource Information System (HRIS) or provided by the Energex Payroll and HR Systems Team:

- Labour category average hourly rate for labour hire,
- 9 day and 10 day fortnightly work arrangement breakdown of internal labour and
- Stand Down occurrences.

The following reports were extracted by the Financial Planning & Analysis team:

- Standard Labour available hours by labour category; and
- Standard Labour rate by category.

Table 13-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 13-2 Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Table 2.11.2 - Extra Labour Descriptor Metrics	
Average Productive Work Hours Per ASL - Ordinary Time	Standard labour rates and hours (Financial Planning & Analysis)
Average Productive Work Hours Hourly Rate Per ASL - Ordinary Time	Ellipse (GL)

## Methodology

### Table 2.11.2 - Extra Descriptor Metrics

The following process was used to calculate extra descriptor metrics for the 2019-20 regulatory year:

1. GL transactions were extracted to show both the Ordinary and Overtime components of labour dollars and hours.
2. The average productive work hours per ASL for ordinary hours was extracted directly for each labour category based on standard available hours.
3. Average productive work hours hourly rate for ordinary time was calculated as the total costs for ordinary time divided by the number of ASLs to give an average cost per ASL. This was then divided by the average productive work hours per ASL extracted above to give an hourly rate per ASL.
4. Average productive work hours hourly rate per ASL for overtime was calculated as the total overtime cost extracted from Ellipse divided by the total overtime hours worked.

## Assumptions

Not applicable.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

Reporting where relevant labour classifications are unavailable

In some instances, Energex's mapping of labour categories to AER classifications produced results which are unable to be populated against the relevant classifications. This applies for Corporate Overheads, Network Overheads and Network Directs, which have been populated into the Master Templates as detailed below.

- Within Corporate Overheads, figures reported for Intern/Junior Staff/Apprentice represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Skilled Electrical Workers
  - Unskilled Workers



- Apprentices
- Within Network Overheads, figures reported for Intern/Junior Staff/Apprentice represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Skilled Electrical Workers
  - Unskilled Workers
  - Apprentices
- Within Network Directs, figures reported for Skilled Non Electrical Workers represent data that would have otherwise been reported as:
  - Senior Manager
  - Managers
  - Professionals
  - Semi professionals
  - Support staff

These classifications were applied as there was no data (or limited data in the case of Apprentices) already populated against these classifications and therefore doesn't distort the figures reported.

# BOP - 2.12 Input Tables

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Vegetation Management

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> <li>• the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>

Labour costs The costs of: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex — referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations</li> <li>• Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Vegetation Management

EPM Report - FIN077 Transactions Report

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports. There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries f. There are no margins between Energex and Energy

Queensland	Queensland.
Yurika Group	intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Vegetation Management

- The vegetation management costs were developed by zone within RIN Template 2.7 - Vegetation Management. For full details of the development of the vegetation management figures please refer to the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.7.
- The vegetation management costs were developed from reports which detailed the figures by cost element. These cost elements were used in conjunction with the mapping table found in Appendix 5 to split the total costs for each region into Direct Material Costs, Direct Labour Costs, Contract Costs and Other Costs.

## Assumptions

### Vegetation Management

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Vegetation Management

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Vegetation Management

For detailed explanatory notes please refer to the Basis of Preparation 2.6.1, 2.6.2 and 2.6.3 (IT and Communication, Fleet and Equipment and Property respectively).

It must be noted that there can sometimes be a small delay between when an invoice is paid and the asset is commissioned. If either of these circumstances span a financial year, a disconnect between financial transactions and physicals (when the asset is actually commissioned) occurs.

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of Sales	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments) QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time
		Overtime
		Labour hire
		Annual leave
		Long service leave
		Sick leave
		Workers compensation
		Superannuation
		Payroll tax
		Study assistance
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants

	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees Fuel and oils Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> <li>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> </ul> <p>Superannuation.</p>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex — referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations</li> <li>• Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

Distribution Monitoring Analytics (DMA) Solution

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Energex	CAM Recast data extract [CA2.8.2.01 - Routine and Non-routine Maintenance PROD]

## Methodology

### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

- Routine and non-routine maintenance figures were developed from the Energex Network Asset Management Plan (NAMP) codes within CAM Recast data extract [CA2.8.2.01 -

Routine and Non-routine Maintenance PROD]. For full details please refer to the Basis of Preparation for maintenance cost metrics.

- Manual reconciliation was done to the raw data of the report to map the expenditure to the correct RIN categories.
- The maintenance costs were extracted with Energex cost elements when being developed for CAM Recast data extract [CA2.8.2.01 - Routine and Non-routine Maintenance PROD]. This allowed each expense to be mapped into Direct Material Costs, Direct Labour Costs, Contract Costs and Other Costs using the mapping table with Appendix 5. The costs for the 2019-20 financial year were then summated to obtain the routine and non-routine maintenance figures in CAM Recast data extract [CA2.8.2.01 - Routine and Non-routine Maintenance PROD].

## Assumptions

### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Routine and Non-routine Maintenance

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)

	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time Overtime Labour hire Annual leave Long service leave

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 3

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Overheads

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> <li>• the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> </ul> <p>Superannuation.</p>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• trade unions;</li> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Network Overheads & Corporate Overheads

Annual regulatory accounts and/or general ledger reports.

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy

Queensland	Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Overheads

- There is a direct relationship between the individual cost elements and the required categories, which is established via the element hierarchy. For example, the cost element for ordinary time labour is under the hierarchy for employee benefits, which maps to the category for Direct Labour Cost. A summarised mapping table is provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
- Separate mapping to Network Overheads and Corporate Overheads is in accordance with the mapping applied for RIN Template 2.10.

A proportional allocation method was applied to facilitate the assignment of regulatory reporting adjustments to the respective cost categories. This was because adjustments for regulatory purposes were undertaken at the total dollar value amount and not at the individual cost element. The allocation was applied based on the direct proportion of expenditure reported in the general ledger for the respective categories.

## Assumptions

### Overheads

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Overheads



Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Overheads

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of Sales	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments) QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time Overtime Labour hire Annual leave Long service leave Sick leave Workers compensation Superannuation Payroll tax Study assistance Redundancy payments Staff bonus
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations Contractors - professional services Legal professional services

	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases
		Rates
		Electricity and gas
		Repairs and maintenance
		Cleaning
		Waste
		Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees
		Fuel and oils
		Registration and insurance
		Scheduled maintenance
		Accident repairs
		Vehicle hire
		Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising
		Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees
		Customer compensation
		Stationery
		Postage and couriers
		Subscriptions
		Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 4

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Augmentation

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	Refer Above
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Augmentation

EPM Super User Query

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.

Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.
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## Methodology

### Augmentation

Figures for augmentation expenditure broken down into the required categories (Subtransmission substations, Subtransmission lines, HV feeders, Distribution substations, LV feeders and Other assets) were calculated for RIN Template 2.3 - Augex in RIN Table 2.3.4. These figures were generated from project costs that were grouped into the required categories. For full details please refer to the Basis of Preparation for RIN Table 2.3.4.

- The costs for each classified project were able to be broken down into their respective cost elements. These were then used with the mapping Table in Appendix 5 to generate Direct Material Cost, Direct Labour Cost, Contract Cost and Other Cost figures per project. The project level figures were then summated using the project classifications used in RIN Table 2.3.4 to produce the figures for the input Tables RIN Template.

## Assumptions

### Augmentation

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Augmentation

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Augmentation

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time
		Overtime
		Labour hire
		Annual leave
		Long service leave
		Sick leave
		Workers compensation
		Superannuation
		Payroll tax
		Study assistance
		Redundancy payments
Staff bonus		
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations
		Contractors - professional services
Legal professional services		
	Consultants	Consultants

	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees Fuel and oils Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees



## Table 2.12 Input Tables 5

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Connections

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Connections

EPM Report - FIN077 Transactions Report

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.</p> <p>There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.</p>
Ergon Group	<p>An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.</p>
Energy Queensland	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.</p>

## Methodology

### Connections

- The figures for connections were apportioned to labour, material, contract and other cost categories based expenditure for 2019-20, under financial activity codes C2010, C2510, C2550, C2570, C3510 and C3540, (less gifted assets). The expenditure figures were able to be broken up into the required cost categories.

## Assumptions

### Connections

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Connections

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Connections

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)

	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time Overtime Labour hire Annual leave Long service leave Sick leave Workers compensation Superannuation Payroll tax Study assistance Redundancy payments Staff bonus
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance

	Cleaning
	Waste
	Security
Transport	Fleet management fees
	Fuel and oils
	Registration and insurance
	Scheduled maintenance
	Accident repairs
	Vehicle hire
	Car parking and tolls
Marketing	Advertising
	Direct marketing
Other operating expenses	Audit fees
	Customer compensation
	Stationery
	Postage and couriers
	Subscriptions
	Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 6

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Emergency Response

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	Refer Above
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.

## Sources

### Emergency Response

CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL 2.9 Emergency PROD 03082020]

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.

## Methodology

### Emergency Response

- The figures for "Major Storms" in RIN Template 2.12 were calculated using the figures found in section B of RIN Template 2.9 - Emergency Response. These numbers in RIN Template 2.9 were generated by extracting all expenditure relating to specific major event work orders. The costs under each of these work orders were able to be split into cost elements and mapped to the Direct Material Cost, Direct Labour Cost, Contract Cost and Other Cost categories using the Table in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
- The figures for "Major Event Days" in RIN Template 2.12 were calculated using the figures found in section C of RIN Template 2.9 Emergency Response. The figures in RIN Template 2.9 were calculated by breaking down the cost of each day into their respective costs elements and mapping them to Direct Material Cost, Direct Labour Cost, Contract Cost and Other Cost categories using the Table in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.

## Assumptions

### Emergency Response

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Emergency Response

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Emergency Response

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time
		Overtime
		Labour hire
		Annual leave
		Long service leave
		Sick leave
		Workers compensation
		Superannuation
		Payroll tax
		Study assistance
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations
		Contractors - professional services
Legal professional services		
	Consultants	Consultants

	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees Fuel and oils Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 7

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Public Lighting

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Public Lighting

CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL CA RIN Public Lighting C3561 and C3562 PROD 05082020] &  
 CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL CA RIN Public Lighting PROD 04082020]

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.

## Methodology

### Public Lighting

For the 2019-20 period the maintenance costs and capital costs were split using the mapping Table in Appendix 5 and the CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL CA RIN Public Lighting PROD 04082020] & CAM Recast data extract [FIN077 GL CA RIN Public Lighting C3561 and C3562 PROD 05082020]

## Assumptions

### Public Lighting

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Public Lighting

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Public Lighting

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)



	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time Overtime Labour hire Annual leave Long service leave Sick leave Workers compensation Superannuation Payroll tax Study assistance Redundancy payments Staff bonus
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance

	Cleaning
	Waste
	Security
Transport	Fleet management fees
	Fuel and oils
	Registration and insurance
	Scheduled maintenance
	Accident repairs
	Vehicle hire
	Car parking and tolls
Marketing	Advertising
	Direct marketing
Other operating expenses	Audit fees
	Customer compensation
	Stationery
	Postage and couriers
	Subscriptions
	Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 8

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Metering

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Metering

Peace, Ellipse, Business Objects Reports

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.</p> <p>There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.</p>
Ergon Group	<p>An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.</p>
Energy Queensland	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.</p>

Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.
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## Methodology

### Metering

- The metering values in RIN Template 2.12 were calculated using the expenditure figures stated in RIN Table 4.2.2. For the full details of the calculation of each of these figures please refer to the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 4.2.
- The expenditure figures for each year were classified into Direct Material Costs, Direct Labour Costs, Contract Costs and Other Costs based upon the logic detailed in Table 14-4 below:

**Table 14-4 - Classification of Expenditure**

Metering Expenditure Service Subcategory	Classification Methodology
Meter Purchase	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 - Energex did not record any purchases due to PoC
Meter Testing	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 were calculated by using a build-up of materials, labour, contractor and other costs.
Meter Investigation	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 were calculated by using a build-up of materials, labour, contractor and other costs.
Scheduled Meter Reading	Scheduled meter reading in Energex is performed only by contractors and was classified as 100% Contractor Costs. All data in RIN Table 4.2.2 was derived from invoices paid to contractors.
Special Meter Reading	Special meter reading in Energex is performed only by contractors and was classified as 100% Contractor Costs. All data in RIN Table 4.2.2 was derived from invoices paid to contractors.
New Meter Installation	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 - Energex did not record any new installation due to PoC
Meter Replacement	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 - Energex did not record any meter replacement due to PoC however there is immaterial value of \$524 evident in AP RIN which in my opinion is incorrect posting
Meter Maintenance	Figures in RIN Table 4.2.2 were calculated by using a build-up of materials, labour, contractor and other costs.

Each service subcategory for Direct Material Costs, Direct Labour Costs, Contract Costs and Other Costs was then summated to give the figures reported in RIN Template 2.12 - Input Tables.

## Assumptions

### Metering

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Metering

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Metering

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of Sales	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments) QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment

Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time	
		Overtime	
		Labour hire	
		Annual leave	
		Long service leave	
		Sick leave	
		Workers compensation	
		Superannuation	
		Payroll tax	
		Study assistance	
		Redundancy payments	
Staff bonus			
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations	
		Contractors - professional services	
		Legal professional services	
	Consultants	Consultants	
SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA	SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee	
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases	
		Rates	
		Electricity and gas	
		Repairs and maintenance	
		Cleaning	
		Waste	
		Security	
	Transport	Fleet management fees	Fuel and oils
			Registration and insurance
			Scheduled maintenance



		Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 9

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Fee Based Services and Quoted Services

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

- Ordinary time earnings; and
- Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and
- Superannuation.

## Sources

### Fee Based Services and Quoted Services

General ledger reports

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Template 4.3 Fee based services and template 4.4 Quoted services	CAM recast data extract

## Methodology

### Fee Based Services and Quoted Services

- The distribution of direct costs by activity and cost elements was generated from CAM recast reports. This information was then reconciled back to the annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting documents.
- There is a direct relationship between the individual cost elements and the required categories, which is established via the element hierarchy in the general ledger Chart of Accounts (COA). For example, the cost element for ordinary time labour is under the hierarchy for employee benefits, which is mapped to the category for Direct Labour Cost.

## Assumptions

### Fee Based Services and Quoted Services

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table

## Estimated Information

### Fee Based Services and Quoted Services

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Fee Based Services and Quoted Services**

Not applicable.

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 10

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned.</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles

- CAM Recast data for Ellipse Financial Reports:
  - Profit & Loss Reports
  - Capex Summary Reports
  - Detailed Transaction Reports
- Fleet List including Terminations to cross reference Ellipse Capex reports into Asset Categories (Report provided by SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited)
- Previous Annual Performance RIN Capex reports provided by Energex External Reporting team
- Discussions with Department Managers
- Operating Expenditure Reports from SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited (our Fleet Managers) to allocated cost per Asset Category Mapping Table for allocation of cost element to the Input

Tables categories (Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories) provided by Regulatory Accounting division.

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles Expenditure

- Figures for motor vehicles expenditure were calculated for RIN Template 2.6. For details of the calculation please refer to the Basis of Preparation for RIN Template 2.6.
- The figures for motor vehicles were calculated from data that classified each expense by the cost element. These cost elements were used along with the mapping table found in Appendix 5 to classify the motor vehicles expenses into the categories required in RIN

Template 2.12. Each category (Cars, Light Commercial Vehicles, Elevated Work Platforms and Heavy Commercial Vehicles) was then summated to give the final figure per Direct Materials, Direct Labour, Contract and Other Costs.

## Assumptions

### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.



- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Non-Network - Motor Vehicles

- For detailed explanatory notes please refer to the Basis of Preparation 2.6.1, 2.6.2 and 2.6.3 (IT and Communication, Fleet and Equipment and Property respectively).
- It must be noted that there can sometimes be a small delay between when an invoice is paid and the asset is commissioned. If either of these circumstances span a financial year, a disconnect between financial transactions and physicals (when the asset is actually commissioned) occurs.

**Note:** Some Non-Network information was provided by the Energex fleet management company, SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited, which was based on invoice payments per motor vehicle category - this was considered Actual information.

### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overtime</li> <li>Labour hire</li> <li>Annual leave</li> <li>Long service leave</li> <li>Sick leave</li> <li>Workers compensation</li> <li>Superannuation</li> <li>Payroll tax</li> <li>Study assistance</li> <li>Redundancy payments</li> <li>Staff bonus</li> </ul>
Contractor Cost	Contractors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Contractors - operations</li> <li>Contractors - professional services</li> <li>Legal professional services</li> </ul>
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SPARQ Solutions SLA</li> <li>SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee</li> </ul>
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rent and leases</li> <li>Rates</li> <li>Electricity and gas</li> <li>Repairs and maintenance</li> <li>Cleaning</li> <li>Waste</li> <li>Security</li> </ul>
	Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fleet management fees</li> <li>Fuel and oils</li> <li>Registration and insurance</li> <li>Scheduled maintenance</li> <li>Accident repairs</li> </ul>

		Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 11

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Non-Network - IT and Communications

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	Refer Above
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Non-Network - IT and Communications

- SPARQ Solutions information based on ICT services rendered to Energex.
- Capex expenditure per Ellipse Accounting Entry Report for activities C3050, C3051, C3060, C3061, C3062, C3063, C3064, and C3065.
- Profit and Loss from EPM for SPARQ Solutions division for MOPEX RC 1020 for 2019/20

Mapping Table for allocation of cost element to the Input Tables categories (Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories). Provided by Regulatory Accounting team.

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.

Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Non-Network - IT and Communications

- The IT and Communications figure was calculated as the sum of the following items from RIN Template 2.6 broken down into each input table category (for details of the methodology for figures stated in 2.6 please refer to the relevant Basis of Preparation):
  - Client Device Expenditure Opex (\$'0) - The expenditure from SPARQ Solutions to Energex is allocated to "Contractor Costs" as per the conversion table found in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
  - Recurrent Expenditure Opex (\$'0) - These items were allocated as per the conversion table provided in Appendix 5. Total "Contractor Costs" for Recurrent
  - Client Device Expenditure Capex (\$'0) - The identified client devices were grouped by cost element and allocated as per the conversion table found in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.

Expenditure is calculated less the "Contractor Costs" Client Device Expenditure.

- Recurrent Expenditure Capex (\$'0) is calculated as the difference between total Energex ICT Capex as per the Ellipse Accounting Entry Report less the client devices capex calculated above. The identified non-client devices were grouped by element and allocated as per conversion table provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
- Non-recurrent Opex (\$'0) - The expenditure was allocated to "Contractor Costs" as per conversion table provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.

## Assumptions

### Non-Network - IT and Communications

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.

- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Non-Network - IT and Communications

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Non-Network - IT and Communications

- For detailed explanatory notes please refer to the Basis of Preparation 2.6.1, 2.6.2 and 2.6.3 (IT and Communication, Fleet and Equipment and Property respectively).
- It must be noted that there can sometimes be a small delay between when an invoice is paid and the asset is commissioned. If either of these circumstances span a financial year, a disconnect between financial transactions and physicals (when the asset is actually commissioned) occurs.

**Note:** Some Non-Network information was provided by the Energex fleet management company, SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited, which was based on invoice payments per motor vehicle category - this was considered Actual information.

### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases



	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	<p>Ordinary time</p> <p>Overtime</p> <p>Labour hire</p> <p>Annual leave</p> <p>Long service leave</p> <p>Sick leave</p> <p>Workers compensation</p> <p>Superannuation</p> <p>Payroll tax</p> <p>Study assistance</p> <p>Redundancy payments</p> <p>Staff bonus</p>
Contractor Cost	Contractors	<p>Contractors - operations</p> <p>Contractors - professional services</p> <p>Legal professional services</p>
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	<p>SPARQ Solutions SLA</p> <p>SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee</p>
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	<p>Rent and leases</p> <p>Rates</p> <p>Electricity and gas</p> <p>Repairs and maintenance</p> <p>Cleaning</p> <p>Waste</p> <p>Security</p>
	Transport	<p>Fleet management fees</p> <p>Fuel and oils</p>

		Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 12

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

- Profit and Loss Report by RC 2510
- EPM Report - FIN077 Transactions Report for RC 2510 all indirect and CAPEX activities.
- Regulatory Accounts
- Mapping Table for allocation of cost element to the Input Tables categories (Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories) provided by Regulatory Accounting division.

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.</p> <p>There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.</p>

Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

- The Buildings and Property figures were calculated as the sum of the following items from RIN Template 2.6 broken down into each input table category (for further details of the methodology for figures stated in RIN Template 2.6 please refer to the relevant Basis of Preparation):
- Building & Property Opex - The expenditure from RIN Template 2.6 was allocated between "Direct Material Costs", "Direct Labour Costs", "Contractor Costs" and "Other Costs" as per the conversion table provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories. Non-regulated and network expenditure were not included in the calculations.
- Buildings & Property Capex - The figure contained data extracted directly for Buildings and Property from the transaction report and then broken up into "Direct Material Costs", "Direct Labour Costs", "Contractor Costs" and "Other Costs" as per the conversion table provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
  - The figures included direct expenditure and on-costs but excluded general overheads in accordance with Energex AER approved CAM. These figures also include non-system land purchases and exclude the amounts separated into other expenditure for furniture.

## Assumptions

### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.

- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Non-Network - Buildings and Property

- For detailed explanatory notes please refer to the Basis of Preparation 2.6.1, 2.6.2 and 2.6.3 (IT and Communication, Fleet and Equipment and Property respectively).
- It must be noted that there can sometimes be a small delay between when an invoice is paid and the asset is commissioned. If either of these circumstances span a financial year, a disconnect between financial transactions and physicals (when the asset is actually commissioned) occurs.

**Note:** Some Non-Network information was provided by the Energex fleet management company, SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited, which was based on invoice payments per motor vehicle category - this was considered Actual information.

### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FIT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time

		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Overtime</li> <li>Labour hire</li> <li>Annual leave</li> <li>Long service leave</li> <li>Sick leave</li> <li>Workers compensation</li> <li>Superannuation</li> <li>Payroll tax</li> <li>Study assistance</li> <li>Redundancy payments</li> <li>Staff bonus</li> </ul>
Contractor Cost	Contractors	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Contractors - operations</li> <li>Contractors - professional services</li> <li>Legal professional services</li> </ul>
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>SPARQ Solutions SLA</li> <li>SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee</li> </ul>
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Rent and leases</li> <li>Rates</li> <li>Electricity and gas</li> <li>Repairs and maintenance</li> <li>Cleaning</li> <li>Waste</li> <li>Security</li> </ul>
	Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fleet management fees</li> <li>Fuel and oils</li> <li>Registration and insurance</li> <li>Scheduled maintenance</li> <li>Accident repairs</li> </ul>



		Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 13

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Motor Vehicles Other

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Non-Network - Other

#### Property 'Other'

- EPM Report - FIN077 Transactions Report for RC 2510 CAPEX activities.
- Mapping Table for allocation of cost element to the Input Tables categories (Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories). Provided by Regulatory Accounting division.

#### Motor Vehicles Other

- Ellipse Financial Reports:
  - Profit & Loss Reports
  - Capex Summary Reports
  - Detailed Transaction Reports
- Fleet List including Terminations to cross reference Ellipse Capex reports into Asset Categories (Report provided by SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited)

- Previous Annual Performance RIN Capex reports provided by Energex External Reporting team
- Discussions with Department Managers
- Operating Expenditure Reports from SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited (our Fleet Managers) to allocated cost per Asset Category
- Mapping Table for allocation of cost element to the Input Tables categories (Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to
- Input Table Categories). Provided by Regulatory Accounting division.

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Non- Network - Other Expenditure

- The other expenditure figures related to "Property" were calculated as the sum of the items below. The first two items relate to the "Other - Office Furniture" in RIN Template 2.6. The third item relates to the "Other - Plant and Equipment" figure in RIN Template 2.6.
- Other Expenditure Capex (\$'0) - The percentage split between "Direct Material Costs", "Direct Labour Costs", "Contractor Costs" and "Other Costs" was identified by activity from the accounting entry reports and using the conversion table provided in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories.
- Other Plant & Equipment Expenditure Capex (\$'0) - The expenditure relating to the

Manual Handling Systems and Sweeper/Scrubber was allocated to "Other Expenditure - Contractor Costs" as this expenditure was paid through contractors undertaking the Geebung development.

- All "Other" expenditure reported for Motor Vehicles in RIN Template 2.6 was classified into Direct Materials, Direct Labour, Contract and Other Costs using the cost element mapping table found in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories. Once classified the following variables were added together to give a total for other expenditure:
  - Other Non-Network Expenditure Fleet
  - Other Motor Vehicles Generators
  - Other - Tools & Equipment

The "Other" expenditure total figure was then calculated as the sum of the "Other" items for Motor Vehicles, ICT and Property.

## **Assumptions**

### **Motor Vehicles Other**

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Motor Vehicles Other**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Motor Vehicles Other**

- For detailed explanatory notes please refer to the Basis of Preparation 2.6.1, 2.6.2 and 2.6.3 (IT and Communication, Fleet and Equipment and Property respectively).

- It must be noted that there can sometimes be a small delay between when an invoice is paid and the asset is commissioned. If either of these circumstances span a financial year, a disconnect between financial transactions and physicals (when the asset is actually commissioned) occurs.

**Note:** Some Non-Network information was provided by the Energex fleet management company, SG Fleet Australia Pty Limited, which was based on invoice payments per motor vehicle category - this was considered Actual information.

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy
		ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time
		Overtime
		Labour hire
		Annual leave
		Long service leave
		Sick leave
		Workers compensation
		Superannuation
		Payroll tax
		Study assistance
		Redundancy payments
		Staff bonus
		Contractor Cost

		Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees Fuel and oils Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees



## Table 2.12 Input Tables 14

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Replacement

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• the cost of scrap</li> <li>• normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>• routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned).</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	<p>Refer Above</p>
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>

## Sources

### Replacement

SAP HANA

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.</p> <p>There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.</p>
Ergon Group	<p>An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.</p>
Energy Queensland	<p>CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.</p>

## Methodology

### Replacement

- Figures for replacement expenditure broken down into the required categories (Poles, Cables, and Transformers etc.) were calculated for Regulatory Template 2.2 - Repex in RIN Table 2.2.1. These figures were generated from project costs that were grouped into the required categories. For full details please refer to the Basis of Preparation for RIN Table 2.2.1.
- The costs for each classified project were able to be broken down into their respective cost elements. These were then used with the mapping table in Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories to generate Direct Material Cost, Direct Labour Cost, Contract Cost and Other Cost figures per project. The project level figures were then summated using the project classifications used in RIN Table 2.2.1 to produce the figures for Regulatory Template 2.12 - Input Tables.

### Related Party Expenditure

- Energex categorised the relevant information from the Ellipse system as required in the Input Tables. The transactions with related parties were categorised into the CA RIN categories (emergency response, replacement, augmentation, etc.) based on their general ledger activity codes. Further classification into sub-categories for the relevant items was conducted by reviewing the nature and purpose of the transactions.

## Assumptions

### Replacement

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Replacement

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Replacement

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of Sales	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments) QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time
		Overtime
		Labour hire
		Annual leave
		Long service leave
		Sick leave
		Workers compensation
		Superannuation
		Payroll tax
		Study assistance
		Redundancy payments
		Staff bonus
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations

		Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security
	Transport	Fleet management fees Fuel and oils Registration and insurance Scheduled maintenance Accident repairs Vehicle hire Car parking and tolls
	Marketing	Advertising Direct marketing
	Other operating expenses	Audit fees Customer compensation Stationery Postage and couriers Subscriptions Bank fees

## Table 2.12 Input Tables 15

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Related Party Contract

Table 14-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Direct costs</p> <p>Operating or capital expenditure directly attributable to a work activity, project or work order. Consists of inhouse costs of direct labour, direct materials, contract costs, and other attributable costs.</p> <p>Excludes any allocated overhead.</p>	<p>Energex has reported all direct costs in accordance with the categories specified in RIN Table 2.12, which balance to the regulatory accounts where applicable.</p>
<p>Direct materials</p> <p>Materials are the raw materials, standard parts, specialised parts and sub-assemblies required to assemble or manufacture a network/non-network asset or to provide a network/non-network service.</p> <p>Direct materials costs are attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, or work order, and exclude materials provided under external-party contracts.</p> <p>Includes:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>the cost of scrap</li> <li>normally anticipated defective units that occur in the ordinary course of the production process</li> <li>routine quality assurance samples that are tested to destruction</li> </ul> <p>the net invoice price paid to vendors to deliver the material quantity to the production facility or to a point of free delivery.</p>	<p>Refer above.</p>
<p>Direct labour cost</p> <p>Labour cost attributable to a specific asset or service, cost centre, work activity, project or work order.</p> <p>Labour costs The costs of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Labour hire; and</li> </ul>	<p>Refer above.</p>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Ordinary time earnings; and</li> <li>• Other earnings, on-costs and taxes; and</li> <li>• Superannuation.</li> </ul>	
Contract A legally binding contract.	Refer above.

Table 14-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 14-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Related Party</p> <p>In relation to Energex, any other entity that:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• had, has or is expected to have control or</li> <li>• significant influence over Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be subject to control or significant influence from Energex;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expect to control Energex—referred to as a situation in which entities are subject to common control;</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be controlled by the same entity that significantly influenced, influences or is expected to influence Energex; or</li> <li>• was, is or is expected to be significantly influenced by the same entity that controlled, controls or is expected to control Energex;</li> </ul> <p>but excludes any other entity that would otherwise be related solely due to normal dealings of:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• financial institutions;</li> <li>• authorised trustee corporations as prescribed in Schedule 9 of the Corporations Regulations 2001 (Cth);</li> <li>• fund managers;</li> <li>• trade unions;</li> </ul>	<p>Energex has reported all relevant related party costs reported in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN Table.</p> <p>Note that as a consequence of the Queensland Energy Consolidation on 30 June 2017, Energex, Ergon Energy and Energy Queensland have become more closely related and are required to make associated related party disclosures for RIN reporting.</p>



<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• statutory authorities;</li> <li>• government departments;</li> <li>• local governments and includes Energex Limited (ACN 078 849 055); or</li> </ul> <p>Where any of the entities identified in subparagraphs (a) to (e) have novated or assigned a contract or arrangement to or from another entity (where that contract or arrangement relates to the provision of distribution services by Energex, the entity to whom that contract or arrangement has been novated or assigned.</p>	
<p>Related party contract</p> <p>A finalised Contract between Energex and a Related Party for the provision of goods and/or services.</p>	Refer Above
<p>Related party margin</p> <p>The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains above its total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.</p>	Energex has reported all relevant related party margins in the regulatory accounts in accordance with the categories specified in this CA RIN. The dollar amount of profit a Related Party gains is the total actual costs under a Related Party Contract with Energex. This profit may include margins, management fees or incentive payments.

## Sources

### Related Party Contract

Table 14-3 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 14-3 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
SPARQ	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system and EPM Profit or Loss Reports.  There are no margins between Energex and SPARQ.
Ergon Group	An Ellipse system entry of Ergon accounts payable transactions and intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Ergon department.
Energy Queensland	CAM Recast data extract Ellipse system entries. There are no margins between Energex and Energy Queensland.
Yurika Group	Intercompany transactions with Inter District Indicators (IDIs). Margin amount is provided by the relevant Yurika department.

## Methodology

### Related Party Contract

- Ergon provided Margin information based on invoice numbers issued to Energex that fall within Energex's AP data. Energex applied the categorisation as noted in the above dot point and reported the relevant Margin.

## Assumptions

### Related Party Contract

- Information is based on the audited annual regulatory accounts, work papers and/or supporting ledger reports.
- Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout the CA RIN. This means that overhead expenditure recorded against the overheads variables in Table 2.12 has not been duplicated via inclusion in expenditure reported against other variables within the Table.
- It is assumed that the "Major Storms" category within the Emergency Response section relates to the total costs reported in section B of RIN Template 2.9.
- Consistent with the definition provided in the CA RIN, Powerlink has not been included as related parties.

## Estimated Information

### Related Party Contract

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Related Party Contract

#### Appendix 5 - Cost Element Mapping to Input Table Categories

Reset RIN Input Table Category	Cost Element Hierarchy	Cost Element Examples (not an exhaustive list)
Direct Material Cost	Energy Related Cost of	Electricity Purchases (including Solar PV FiT payments)
	Sales	QCA Levy ESO Levy
	Materials	Stores issues

		Workwear Direct purchases
	Other Cost of Sales	Customer incentive payment
Direct Labour Cost	Employee Benefits	Ordinary time Overtime Labour hire Annual leave Long service leave Sick leave Workers compensation Superannuation Payroll tax Study assistance Redundancy payments Staff bonus
Contractor Cost	Contractors	Contractors - operations Contractors - professional services Legal professional services
	Consultants	Consultants
	SPARQ Solutions Charges	SPARQ Solutions SLA SPARQ Solutions asset usage fee
Other Cost	Occupancy Expense	Rent and leases Rates Electricity and gas Repairs and maintenance Cleaning Waste Security

	Transport	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Fleet management fees</li> <li>Fuel and oils</li> <li>Registration and insurance</li> <li>Scheduled maintenance</li> <li>Accident repairs</li> <li>Vehicle hire</li> <li>Car parking and tolls</li> </ul>
	Marketing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advertising</li> <li>Direct marketing</li> </ul>
	Other operating expenses	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Audit fees</li> <li>Customer compensation</li> <li>Stationery</li> <li>Postage and couriers</li> <li>Subscriptions</li> <li>Bank fees</li> </ul>

# BOP - 4.1 Public Lighting

## Table 4.1.1 - Descriptor Metrics over Year

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 15-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 15-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for public lighting services reconcile to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology .
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services as either capex or Opex in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology .
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology .
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated public lighting services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology.
Energex is not required to report data in respect of GSLs, where a GSL scheme does not exist for a public lighting service.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology.
In the basis of preparation, Energex must explain how the average unit cost for public lighting services was estimated.	This requirement has been taken into addressed in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details please refer to 4.1.1 Methodology.

## Sources

### Table 4.1.1 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Over Current Year

Table 15-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 15-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
The current population of lights, by light type	Peace / Oracle/NFM/SLIM

## Methodology

A report was extracted from both the SLIM database and the Oracle database to generate all the data required.

- SLIM.PEACE\_EXTRACT-DTL is a SLIM (Streetlight Inventory Manager) Table, located in the SLIM schema, containing light types and numbers for all the streetlight NMI's billed through the Peace billing system. The Table provides a snapshot of the number of lights held in NFM and SLIM at the 1st day of each month. Streetlight NMI's are billed monthly and the numbers captured in this Table are indicative of the number of lights to be billed as at the end of the previous month. A screenshot of the report is provided below.

PEACE\_EXTRACT\_DTL: Created: 29/07/2011 11:36:41 PM Last DDL: 4/02/2014 6:50:42 AM

NMI	PEACE_INSTAL_GRP	PEACE_DEV_TYPE_ID	QUANTITY	SCHED_EXTRACT_DT
31171023759	X42S	9S400	2	1/05/2008
31171023832	X42T	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171024055	X42U	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171024055	X42U	9S400	2	1/05/2008
31171024138	X42V	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171024212	X42W	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171024303	X42X	9S250	1	1/05/2008
31171024483	X42Y	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171024567	X42Z	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171024640	X430	9S250	1	1/05/2008
31171024816	X431	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171024996	X432	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171025029	X433	9S250	1	1/05/2008
31171025112	X434	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171025291	X435	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171025374	X436	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171025458	X437	9S250	2	1/05/2008
31171025531	X438	9S400	2	1/05/2008
31171025616	X439	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171025887	X43A	9M400	2	1/05/2008
31171025961	X43B	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171026003	X5FA	9S400	1	1/05/2008
31171026183	X43C	9M400	1	1/05/2008
31171026349	X43D	9S400	3	1/05/2008
31171026422	X43E	9S250	2	1/05/2008
31171026695	X43F	9S400	1	1/05/2008

Row 1 of 500 fetched so far (more rows exist)

- RIN.MAJORMINOR is a local Table created to identify what constitutes a Major or Minor type of light. The data in this Table is in accordance with Australian Standard AS/NZ 1158. A screenshot of the report is provided below



MAJORMINOR: Created: 6/02/2018 9:21:56 AM Last DDL: 1/03/2018 8:11:39 AM

ID	RATE	RATE_TYPE	LIGHT_TYPE	DEV_TYPE_ID	LIGHT_CATEGORY	WATTAGE
50	1	1M700	Major	M700	MERCURY VAPOUR	733.5
61	1	1S100	Major	S100	SODIUM - HIGH	116.6
319	8	8S120	Major	S120	SODIUM - HIGH	144
146	2	2S150	Major	S150	SODIUM - HIGH	168.5
251	9	9S250	Major	S250	SODIUM - HIGH	273
237	3	3S2X4H	Major	S2X4H	SODIUM - HIGH	873
252	9	9S400	Major	S400	SODIUM - HIGH	436.5
40	1	1S50	Minor	S50	SODIUM - HIGH	62.5
69	1	1S800	Major	S800	SODIUM - HIGH	873
245	3	3T125	Minor	T125	INCANDESCENT	125
45	1	1T40	Minor	T40	INCANDESCENT	40
589	0	0D2729	Minor	D2729	LED	29
590	1	1D2729	Minor	D2729	LED	29
591	2	2D2729	Minor	D2729	LED	29
592	3	3D2729	Minor	D2729	LED	29
593	8	8D2729	Minor	D2729	LED	29
614	1	1L0219	Minor	L0219	LED	21.9
615	2	2L0219	Minor	L0219	LED	21.9
616	3	3L0219	Minor	L0219	LED	21.9
617	0	0L0219	Minor	L0219	LED	21.9
618	1	1L0250	Minor	L0250	LED	25
619	2	2L0250	Minor	L0250	LED	25

Row 1 of 500 fetched so far (more rows exist)

- These two tables were then joined in the TAD SQL - RIN - 4.1.1 Rate 1.sql to provide the volume of Rate 1 streetlights broken down by streetlight category and by Major and Minor categories for the year 2019-20.

## Assumptions

There are three categories of public lights in Energex's network:

- Rate 1 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex;
- Rate 2 - Public Lighting for which all supply and installation costs are funded by the Developer or Public Body and then ownership is vested to Energex on completion of the installation. Or where design and construction services are requested to be undertaken by Energex, the supply and installation costs are funded by the Public Body and the lighting installation is supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex. In both cases, Energex assumes responsibility for maintenance of the installation; and
- Rate 3 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.

Clause 17.6 of the CA RIN states that Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER. For the purposes of RIN Template 4.1:



- Energex included all Rate 1 public lights on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex.
- Energex included Rate 2 public lights to the extent that they are funded by the customer with cash. Rate 2 public lights that are physically gifted to Energex (typically as part of subdivisions) have been excluded.
- All Rate 3 public lights have been excluded on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in table CA 4.1.1.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## Table 4.1.2 - Descriptor Metrics Annually 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

##### Major and minor road light installation volume

Table 15-3 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 15-3 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for public lighting services reconcile to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services as either capex or Opex in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must report data for noncontestable, regulated public lighting services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex is not required to report data in respect of GSLs, where a GSL scheme does not exist for a public lighting service.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
In the basis of preparation, Energex must explain how the average unit cost for public lighting services was estimated.	This requirement was taken into addressed in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.

## Sources

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Major and minor road light installation volume

Table 15-4 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 15-4 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
The volume of major road lights installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, SLIM, Oracle, Intrinsic Energy Database
The volume of minor roads lights installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, SLIM, Oracle, Intrinsic Energy Database
The number of poles installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, Ellipse, Intrinsic Energy Database, Report Explorer report ELL00161 - Contract Monthly Spend APL
The total cost of lights installed, replaced and maintained	EPM, Ellipse
The mean days to rectify / replace public lighting assets	Intrinsic Energy Database
The volume of GSL breaches	N/A
The value GSL payments	N/A
The volume of customer complaints	Cherwell

## Methodology

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Major and minor road light installation volume

- To obtain volumes for installations, an SQL query was run through Oracle, utilising various tables from the NFM and SLIM schemas. The query returned the following attributes, based on a 'Movement Status' of added lights (a proxy for installations):
  - Date;
  - Works Order Number;
  - User Ref Id (site ID);
  - Slot\_Sun (unique record attached to each streetlight slot);
  - Light Type;

- Light Rating;
  - Major/Minor status; and
  - Light Category
2. This query returned all Rate 1 and Rate 2 public lights installed in 2019-20.
  3. As noted earlier, gifted public lights are excluded from RIN Template 4.1. Gifted public lights were identified as Rate 2 projects approved through Energex's Subdivisions group. These projects were identified as those which had an 'S' qualifier at the beginning of the work order number. These were excluded from the query.
  4. The process was run for the 2019-20 financial year and the dataset was copied to a spreadsheet and a pivot table was created, filtering the results into Major and Minor light installations.
  5. The total volume of public lighting installed was established by summing the number of public lights for Major and Minor.

### **Number of poles installed**

1. Using the Major/Minor installation figures calculated previously, another query was created to identify the number of street light poles installed. Using the SITE\_SUN (unique identifier for a site) set against each of the lights, the pole installation details were extracted. Results were returned where the pole was identified as Steel and the Install date of the pole matched the install date of the light. Duplicate values were removed to ensure only one pole record per site was returned. This was necessary as there are instances where more than one light has been installed on one pole.
2. It was assumed that any light installed on a wood pole did not involve installation of a dedicated street light pole, as this would be a very small population of poles and the figures are not discernible from other wood poles in Energex's asset records. All new street light installations on steel brackets were assumed to require a new steel pole to be installed.

### **Major and minor road light replacement volume**

Projects relating to public light replacements are not explicitly identified in NFM. In most cases, where a streetlight was replaced, the event log in NFM will show a 'Removal' and an 'Install'. However, this information alone does not provide a true indication of street light replacements.

The approach adopted by Energex to extract actuals for light replacements involves obtaining data from two data sources:

1. The Streetlight Head Replacement report received from Energex's current maintenance contractor - Intrinsic Energy. This is received as an Excel spreadsheet on a monthly basis, and

includes details of all lights replaced following identification of having failed in service and assessed an uneconomical to maintain/repair.

2. The SLIM movement report listing all streetlight head changes however only where the light is changed from one light type to another. A variety of filters are applied to enable identification of lights replaced in addition to those by other than Intrinsic Energy.

Specifically, the process involved the following steps:

1. The Streetlight Head Replacement report from Intrinsic Energy lists all sites, light types, dates where a head change was made. A pivot table applied to this report returns the major and minor replacement data.
2. The SLIM movement reports are run for each LGA for the determined period and combined on one spreadsheet.
  - o The additions and removal records are deleted.
  - o Rate 3 sites (customer owned and maintained) are deleted.
  - o All changes identified as being carried out by Intrinsic Energy are also deleted. This is done by sorting by work order number and removing the records identified as issued to Intrinsic Energy.
  - o A lookup table is used to distinguish between the major and minor type lights.
  - o A pivot table is applied to obtain the major and minor replacement values.
3. The data from both spreadsheet pivot tables are added together.

### **Major and minor road light maintenance volume**

1. The light maintenance volumes represent the actual number of luminaires maintained as part of the street light maintenance contract. This contract constitutes the bulk of the maintenance work on lights in the Energex network, with lighting maintenance undertaken by internal staff only for the remote towns of Boonah, Gatton & Esk.
2. The data for actual number of lights maintained is extracted from Streetlighting maintenance contractor Intrinsic Energy monthly Activity Report. The maintenance data is captured at site in conjunction with the completion each activity utilizing the contractor's electronic work dispatching/updating device. This data is then uploaded into their database and utilized for reporting and billing purposes.
3. It is important to note that activities relating to the maintenance of gifted assets were not excluded from the data as these assets could not be identified in the maintenance contract data. This is due to streetlighting maintenance activities (patrols and subsequent maintenance) being undertaken uniformly across all public lighting assets owned by Energex. Whether the capital cost

of installation was funded by Energex or others is not a consideration when undertaking maintenance activities.

### **Number of poles maintained**

1. The number of poles maintained includes steel streetlighting standards that were inspected via the pole inspection program, and were found to have defects that were subsequently rectified by Energex's pole inspection and maintenance contractors. Data source is a excel spreadsheet prepared from Report Explorer report ELL00161 - Contract Monthly Spend APL detailing monthly contract items billed against the relevant contract APLs.

### **Mean days to rectify / replace assets**

The mean days to repair is calculated from data supplied by Energex's streetlighting contractor Intrinsic Energy, collated from their daily activities reporting. The calculation is undertaken in a spreadsheet which lists all identified streetlight faults, the days the fault was identified, and the day the fault was rectified. The mean days to repairs is then calculated as the mean working days to rectify of the total data set for 2019-20.

Note: The following faults are excluded from the calculation:

- On by day streetlights (i.e. operating continuously) are excluded from this data as this is a low priority fault with a longer timeframe for repair when compared to off by night streetlight faults.
- Faults requiring roadway access permits as these are subject to delays imposed by the issuing authority.
- Underground circuit faults as these are often complex and time consuming to identify the fault following the identification of the light not operating.

### **Volume of customer complaints**

1. Complaint data is derived from a feedback report in EPM (CUS011 - Feedback Detail) which extracts information from Energex's Cherwell system and encompasses all complaints received to Energex (that is, via phone, letter or email). The report details the date the complaint was received and is categorised by the Customer Relations team using the systems feedback structure.
2. A financial year report was sourced from EPM filtered to show the complaints categorised as "street lighting". The total volume of complaints relating to street lighting was established by summing the number of complaints in this category.

## **Assumptions**

### **Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually**

#### **Major and minor road light installation volume**

## General assumptions

1. There are three categories of public lights in Energex's network:
  - Rate 1 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex;
  - Rate 2 - Public Lighting for which all supply and installation costs are funded by the Developer or Public Body and then ownership is vested to Energex on completion of the installation. Or where design and construction services are requested to be undertaken by Energex, the supply and installation costs are funded by the Public Body and the lighting installation is supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex. In both cases, Energex assumes responsibility for maintenance of the installation; and
  - Rate 3 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body. Clause 17.6 of the CA RIN states that Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER. For the purposes of RIN Template 4.1:
2. Energex has included all Rate 1 public lights on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex.
3. Energex has included Rate 2 public lights to the extent that they are funded by the customer with cash. Rate 2 public lights that are physically gifted to Energex (typically as part of subdivisions) have been excluded.
4. All Rate 3 public lights have been excluded on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.

### **Number of poles installed**

1. It was assumed that any light installed on a wood pole bracket did not involve installation of a dedicated street light pole as this would be a very small population of poles and the figures are not discernible from other wood poles in Energex's asset records.

### **Customer Complaints**

1. Complaints categorised as 'street lighting' relate to customer dissatisfaction with the establishment or maintenance of street lighting (I.e. pole placement, lights not working or brightness of lights).

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in table CA 4.1.2.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually**

#### **Major and minor road light installation volume**

Not applicable.



## Table 4.1.2 - Descriptor Metrics Annually 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

##### Total Installation cost

Table 15-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 15-5- Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for public lighting services reconcile to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services as either capex or Opex in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must report data for noncontestable, regulated public lighting services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
Energex is not required to report data in respect of GSLs, where a GSL scheme does not exist for a public lighting service.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.
In the basis of preparation, Energex must explain how the average unit cost for public lighting services was estimated.	This requirement was taken into addressed in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.2 Methodology.

## Sources

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Total Installation cost

Table 15-6 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 15-6 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
The volume of major road lights installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, SLIM, Oracle, Intrinsic Energy Database
The volume of minor roads lights installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, SLIM, Oracle, Intrinsic Energy Database
The number of poles installed, replaced and maintained	NFM, Ellipse, Intrinsic Energy Database, Report Explorer report ELL00161 - Contract Monthly Spend APL
The total cost of lights installed, replaced and maintained	EPM, Ellipse
The mean days to rectify / replace public lighting assets	Intrinsic Energy Database
The volume of GSL breaches	N/A
The value GSL payments	N/A
The volume of customer complaints	Cherwell

## Methodology

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Total Installation cost

1. For 2019-20 the list of projects that incurred expenditure was taken from the EPM Report FIN077.

The list of projects included is based on the below:

- C3560 - Street Lighting
- C3561 - Street Lighting (new installs)
- C3562 - Street Lighting (replacement projects)

2. These reports detailed all expenses and quantities booked against street lighting projects (both installations and replacements) in the 2019-20 regulatory year.
3. From this data set, a number of adjustments were made to exclude gifted assets and items relating to streetlight mains recovery projects.
4. Gifted assets were excluded in accordance with clause 17.6 of the CA RIN by removing projects with any transaction in expense code 6270 (Capital Contributions Non-Cash Expenses).
5. Capitalisation (5000) and Overheads (8104) has been excluded.
6. Street lighting mains recovery projects were excluded from the data set on the basis that this work is the recovery of assets. Expense line items relating to street lighting mains recovery projects were identified by project description and removed from the data set.
7. Cost data from each expense line item was then aggregated to provide the total cost of street lighting projects for each financial year.
8. In 2015-16 two new financial activities, C3561 and C3562 were created to capture installations and replacements separately. A legacy issue exists for superseded financial activity code C3560, specifically for work orders created under this code prior to creation of C3561 & C3562 and booked post 30-Jun-2016 These costs were further analysed to determine if NAMP SL04 was associated with the Top Project number. It was found all transactions in financial activity C3560 had an association NAMP SL04, and as such have been reported as replacement projects along with all bookings to C3562.
9. Consequently, all expenditure is reported as actual.

### **Number of poles replaced**

1. The volume of poles replaced was obtained by extracting data for actual pole replacement works undertaken under projects for NAMP line SL04 (or equivalent project code).

### **Total Replacement cost**

1. In 2015-16 two new financial activities, C3561 and C3562 were created to capture installations and replacements separately. A legacy issue exists for superseded financial activity code C3560, specifically for work orders created under this code prior to creation of C3561 & C3562 and booked post 30-Jun-2015. These costs were further analysed to determine if NAMP SL04 was associated with the Top Project number. It was found all transactions in financial activity C3560 had an association NAMP SL04, and as such have been reported as replacement projects along with all bookings to C3562.

### **Total Maintenance Cost**

1. A report FIN077 was run from EPM which listed all street lighting projects that formed part of the maintenance works in 2019-20 under the financial activity code 41600 (street lighting).
2. This report detailed all expenses and quantities booked against street lighting maintenance projects in 2019-20. Cost data from each expense line item was then aggregated to provide the

total maintenance cost of street lighting projects. It is important to note that costs relating to maintenance of gifted assets were not excluded from the cost data as these assets could not be identified in the EPM report.

## Assumptions

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Total Installation cost

General assumptions

1. There are three categories of public lights in Energex's network:
  - Rate 1 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex;
  - Rate 2 - Public Lighting for which all supply and installation costs are funded by the Developer or Public Body and then ownership is vested to Energex on completion of the installation. Or where design and construction services are requested to be undertaken by Energex, the supply and installation costs are funded by the Public Body and the lighting installation is supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex. In both cases, Energex assumes responsibility for maintenance of the installation; and
  - Rate 3 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.
2. Clause 17.6 of the CA RIN states that Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER. For the purposes of RIN Template 4.1:
3. Energex has included all Rate 1 public lights on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex.
4. Energex has included Rate 2 public lights to the extent that they are funded by the customer with cash. Rate 2 public lights that are physically gifted to Energex (typically as part of subdivisions) have been excluded.
5. All Rate 3 public lights have been excluded on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in table CA 4.1.2.

## Explanatory Notes

### Table 4.1.2 - Public Lighting Descriptor Metrics Annually

#### Total Installation cost

Not applicable.

## Table 4.1.3 - Cost Metrics

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 15-7 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 15-7 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for public lighting services reconcile to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for public lighting services as either capex or Opex in RIN Template 4.1.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
Energex must report expenditure data as a gross amount, by not subtracting customer contributions from expenditure data.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated public lighting services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	This requirement was taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
Energex is not required to report data in respect of GSLs, where a GSL scheme does not exist for a public lighting service.	This requirement has been taken into account in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.
In the basis of preparation, Energex must explain how the average unit cost for public lighting services was estimated.	This requirement has been taken into addressed in preparing RIN Template 4.1. For details refer to 4.1.3 Methodology.

## Sources

### Table 4.1.3 - Public Lighting Cost Metrics

Table 15-8 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 15-8 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
The average unit cost of lights installed on major and minor roads	Ellipse estimation module
The average unit cost of lights replaced on major and minor roads	Ellipse estimation module
The average unit cost of lights maintained on major and minor roads	EPM, Ellipse, SLIM/NFM, Intrinsic Energy Database.

## Methodology

### Average unit cost of installation

The average unit cost of street light installations was prepared for the 5 types of standard constructions:

1. Wood Pole Major - as described above, the estimated unit cost assumes the wood pole exists and low voltage supply is available. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 92431 (version 14).
2. Steel Overhead Major - as described above, the estimated unit cost includes installation of a new steel pole and provision of a 40 metre span of overhead service. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 92434 (version 15).
3. Underground Major - as described above, the estimated unit cost includes installation of a new steel pole and provision of a 30 metre length of underground supply. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 92435 (version13).

4. Wood Pole Minor - as described above, the estimated unit cost assumes the wood pole exists and low voltage supply is available. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 92430 (version 15).
5. Steel Underground Decorative Minor- as described above, the estimated unit cost includes the installation of a new decorative steel pole and provision of a 5 metre length of underground supply. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 92433 (version 16).

### **Average unit cost of replacement**

1. The average unit cost of street light replacements was prepared for the 3 types of luminaires (as identified in the assumptions section above). The methods for calculating the estimated unit costs are outlined below:
2. High Pressure Sodium Major 150W - the estimated unit cost includes the supply and replacement of a luminaire, lamp and photoelectric cell. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 424075 (version 8).
3. Compact Fluorescent 32W - Commencing the 2015-16 period, the estimated unit cost includes the supply and replacement of a 32W Compact Fluorescent (CFL) luminaire, lamp and photoelectric cell. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 424068 (version 8).
4. High Pressure Sodium Minor 70W - the estimated unit cost includes the supply and replacement of a luminaire, lamp and photoelectric cell. This unit cost was calculated using Energex's corporate Ellipse estimation module, which includes the direct costs for labour, materials and contracted services, Ellipse estimate reference number 424071 (version 8).

### **Average unit cost of maintenance**

1. The overall total maintenance cost is comprised from the following:
  - Actual cost for luminaire maintenance;
  - Actual Streetlight circuit maintenance costs;
  - Actual Streetlight patrol costs;
  - Actual Proximity testing costs;
  - Actual material costs;
  - Actual steel streetlight pole inspection and maintenance costs.



These costs are extracted from the following expenditure reports:

- Energex's streetlight maintenance contract, refer Report Explorer report ELL00161 - Contract Monthly Spend APL for luminaire maintenance and circuit maintenance.
  - Energex's pole inspection program contract, refer Report Explorer report ELL00161 - contract monthly spend APL for Network Asset Inspections.
  - Materials costs are extracted from expenditure reports from the Ellipse Materials Management module, refer to Report Explorer report ELL00159 - Works Oder transactions.
2. Calculation of the average unit cost for streetlight maintenance is undertaken by dividing the actual total maintenance cost into the total population of Rate 1 and Rate 2 street lights at the end of the financial year. This population is extracted from SLIM/NFM per the process detailed in EB RIN Basis of Preparation 3.5.8.

## **Assumptions**

### General assumptions

There are three categories of public lights in Energex's network:

- Rate 1 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex;
- Rate 2 - Public Lighting for which all supply and installation costs are funded by the Developer or Public Body and then ownership is vested to Energex on completion of the installation. Or where design and construction services are requested to be undertaken by Energex, the supply and installation costs are funded by the Public Body and the lighting installation is supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex. In both cases, Energex assumes responsibility for maintenance of the installation; and
- Rate 3 - Public Lighting supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.

Clause 17.6 of the CA RIN states that Energex must not report data in relation to gifted assets, negotiated public lighting services or public lighting services which have been classified as contestable by the AER. For the purposes of RIN Template 4.1:

- Energex has included all Rate 1 public lights on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by Energex.
- Energex has included Rate 2 public lights to the extent that they are funded by the customer with cash. Rate 2 public lights that are physically gifted to Energex (typically as part of subdivisions) have been excluded.
- All Rate 3 public lights have been excluded on the basis that they are supplied, installed, owned and maintained by the Public Body.



- Prior to 2015-16, the average unit costs have been reported as estimated cost, based upon standard estimates to match the "light type" installation styles listed. To capture a true average cost per light type established would involve large scale changes to capital project structures, project estimation practices and work order booking practices by field staff, accompanied by a complex definition to determine what components are to be included in contributing to the average cost. This is particularly problematic where installations are undertaken in conjunction with distribution network works, which is common. Therefore, the 'Average Unit Cost of Installation' and 'Average Unit Cost of Replacement' data will continue to be determined through the use of standard estimates and their accompanying definitions detailed below, and are reported as an actual average unit cost.

### **Average unit cost of installation**

1. Variations in the installation costs of differing lamp types are negligible in comparison with the average installation cost of Energex's standard street light constructions. On this basis, the information provided in Table 4.3 is based on Energex's estimated cost of standard street light constructions, which are lamp type agnostic. At present, Energex has 5 types of standard constructions for public lighting, namely:
  - Wood Pole Major - the estimated unit cost assumes the wood pole exists and low voltage supply is available (i.e., average unit cost data does not include the cost of installing a pole or provision of supply);
  - Steel Overhead Major - the estimated unit cost includes installation of a new steel pole and provision of a 40 metre span of overhead service;
  - Underground Major - the estimated unit cost includes installation of a new steel pole and provision of a 30 metre length of underground supply;
  - Wood Pole Minor - the estimated unit cost assumes the wood pole exists and low voltage supply is available (i.e., average unit cost data does not include the cost of installing a wood pole or provision of supply); and
  - Steel Underground Decorative Minor- the estimated unit cost includes the installation of a new decorative steel pole and provision of a 5 metre length of underground supply.
2. All costs for the street light constructions above were estimated at 2019-20 cost rates.

### **Average unit cost of replacement**

1. The light types provided in Table 4.3 for replacements represent the standard luminaires during the period. These include the following:
  - High Pressure Sodium Major 150W;
  - Compact Fluorescent 32W; and

- High Pressure Sodium Minor 70W.
2. The differential in luminaire costs for different sizes of the same type of luminaire (e.g. High Pressure Sodium 150W and High Pressure Sodium 250W) was assessed as negligible.
  3. Significantly more expensive Pedestrian Crossing, High Mast and Bulkhead and Decorative luminaire types have not been considered due to their relatively low volumes in comparison with the standard luminaires.
  4. The average unit cost data included the estimated cost of supply and replacement of a luminaire, lamp and photoelectric cell.

### **Average unit cost of maintenance**

1. Energex has reported the average unit cost of maintenance for both major road and minor road lights.
2. The maintenance costs included to determine the average unit cost includes the following actuals costs:
  - Actual cost for luminaire maintenance;
  - Actual Streetlight circuit maintenance costs;
  - Actual Streetlight patrol costs;
  - Actual material cost, and;
  - Actual proximity testing costs.
3. It is important to note that activities relating to the maintenance of gifted assets were not excluded from the data as these assets could not be identified in the maintenance contract data. This is due to streetlighting maintenance activities (patrols and subsequent maintenance) being undertaken uniformly across all public lighting assets owned by Energex. Whether the capital cost of installation was funded by Energex or others is not a consideration when undertaking maintenance activities.

### **Estimated Information**

There are a number of variables that can affect the average unit cost of maintenance:

- Heavy storm activity in a particular year;
- Catastrophic weather events e.g. floods which have an ongoing affect, causing failures for many months afterwards;
- Premature failure of components e.g. batches of faulty PE cells; and
- Life cycle failures of components e.g. 5 year life cycle of certain lamps.

This is just sample of some of the variables that may occur or be absent that can cause variation year to year.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 4.2 Metering

## Table 4.2.1 - Metering Descriptor Metric

## Table 4.2.2 - Cost Metrics 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 16-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 16-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for metering services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	Figures reconcile to internal planning models where appropriate.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for metering services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.2.	No distinction has been made between SCS and ACS.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for metering services as either capex or opex in RIN Template 4.2	No distinction has been made between capex and opex.
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated metering services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	All information supplied is specific to the regulated business including third party labour values as captured via the general ledger in Ellipse.
Energex must not report data in relation to metering services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	Whilst preparing this information, strict measures were taken not to include any information relating to Contestable Metering Servicers.
Energex must only report on regulated metering services as defined in the AER document and National Electricity Rules and Metrology Procedures	Only regulated metering services and assets as defined have been included in RIN Tables 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.
Actual Information presented in response to the Notice whose presentation is Materially dependent on information recorded in Energex's historical accounting records or other records used in the normal course of business, and whose presentation for the purposes of the Notice is not contingent on judgments and assumptions for which there are valid alternatives, which could lead to a Materially	Actual volumes and expenditure have been used in compiling this data.

different presentation in the response to the Notice.	
Estimated Information presented in response to the Notice whose presentation is not Materially dependent on information recorded in Energex's historical accounting records or other records used in the normal course of business, and whose presentation for the purposes of the Notice is contingent on judgments and assumptions for which there are valid alternatives, which could lead to a Materially different presentation in the response to the Notice.	Actual volumes and expenditure have been used in compiling this data.
The CA RIN explanatory statement included the following instruction in relation to Table 4.2.1:  We expect meter numbers to be calculated as the average meter numbers per annum. That is, closing balance of meter numbers plus opening balance of meter numbers, divided by two.	Energex has applied this instruction when completing Table 4.2.1 of the Category Analysis RIN and meter numbers have been calculated as the average during the financial year.

## Sources

Table 16-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 16-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
RIN Table 4.2.1 - Meter Populations	DMA RIN Configuration Solution (CA42101b - Meter Population).

## Methodology

The following approach below was used to obtain the required information:

### **Table 4.2.1 - Meter Populations**

- Meter population figures were obtained from Market System Peace CIS where meter was on status of "Installed" and Meter Provider as EGX as at 30/06/2020.

The data contained within the report is sourced from PEACE CIS Meter Table and model verified against source of truth from MARS. As data is high level counts with no detail, there will not be any security required and all NMI's meeting the AER requirements will be included for all report users.

- Each meter is defined by the model to identify which should be included in the poly phase, single phase, CT connected, and DC connected categories. The logic to differentiate type 6 meter installation types from 1-4 was where the meter model <> "VM01" or "SM01" (VM01 = virtual meter, SM01 means unmetered site, everything else is type 6). To differentiate

between connection type, DC or CT, where the meter that has been selected as type 6 has got a correction factor > 1, meter type is CT, otherwise if it = 1, it is DC. If null, it's a data error.

- Data quality is such that accuracy is around 99.9%. Remaining 0.1% assets could be in the discrepancy due to meter churn in process to another MP or unknown asset data being aligned to assets that are located within restricted sites (prisons, fire brigades, asbestos sites, hospitals, industrial). As the unknown data equates to a negligible portion of assets it is disregarded - therefore no estimation is required.
- Filters:
  - Meter Status = Installed
  - NMI Class not extinct
  - Date = as at 30 June EFY
- Grouping Rules:
  - Meter Model
  - Meter Model Description
  - Single
  - Poly CT\_DC Type
- Current Transformer
- Direct Connect
- There is an overlap of the volume between single phase volume and CT connected volume to meter installation types.
- All metering numbers have been calculated as the average within the financial year. This is the number of meters as at 1 July 2019 plus the number as at 30 June 2020 divided by two for each respective year.

## **Assumptions**

The following assumptions have been applied to obtain the required information:

- Energex does not have type 4 or type 5 meters in its regulated business and as such no information has been reported against these variables.
- All expenditure excludes General Overheads extracted from General Ledger FIN077 report run in DMA. Opex expenditure reconciled with ACS Opex, Capex reconciled with FIN084 - AER Capex Spend

- Impact due to introduction of Power of Choice (PoW) on 1st December 2017 continued to be noticeable in all line items where applicable for volume and expenditure

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## Table 4.2.2 - Cost Metrics 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 16-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 16-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for metering services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	Figures reconcile to internal planning models where appropriate.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for metering services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.2.	No distinction has been made between SCS and ACS.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for metering services as either capex or opex in RIN Template 4.2	No distinction has been made between capex and opex.
Energex must report data for non-contestable, regulated metering services. This includes work performed by third parties on behalf of Energex.	All information supplied is specific to the regulated business including third party labour values as captured via the general ledger in Ellipse.
Energex must not report data in relation to metering services which have been classified as contestable by the AER.	Whilst preparing this information, strict measures were taken not to include any information relating to Contestable Metering Services.
Energex must only report on regulated metering services as defined in the AER document and National Electricity Rules and Metrology Procedures	Only regulated metering services and assets as defined have been included in RIN Tables 4.2.1 and 4.2.2.
Actual Information presented in response to the Notice whose presentation is Materially dependent on information recorded in Energex's historical accounting records or other records used in the normal course of business, and whose presentation for the purposes of the Notice is not contingent on judgments and assumptions for which there are valid alternatives, which could lead to a Materially different presentation in the response to the Notice.	Actual volumes and expenditure have been used in compiling this data.
Estimated Information presented in response to the Notice whose presentation is not Materially dependent on information recorded in Energex's historical accounting records or other records used in the	Actual volumes and expenditure have been used in compiling this data.



normal course of business, and whose presentation for the purposes of the Notice is contingent on judgments and assumptions for which there are valid alternatives, which could lead to a Materially different presentation in the response to the Notice.	
The CA RIN explanatory statement included the following instruction in relation to Table 4.2.1:  We expect meter numbers to be calculated as the average meter numbers per annum. That is, closing balance of meter numbers plus opening balance of meter numbers, divided by two.	Energex has applied this instruction when completing Table 4.2.1 of the Category Analysis RIN and meter numbers have been calculated as the average during the financial year.

## Sources

Table 16-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 16-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
RIN Table 4.2.2 - Cost Metrics Expenditure	DMA FIN077 Report
RIN Table 4.2.2 - Cost Metrics Volume	DMA Reports: CUS015 & POW015, Ellipse Report Explorer ELL00100

## Methodology

The following approach below was used to obtain the required information:

### **Table 4.2.2 - Meter Purchase expenditure and volume**

- Due to introduction of PoC in 2017, ENERGEX did not purchase any meters during 2019/20

### **Table 4.2.2 - Meter Testing expenditure and volume**

- Only Network driven ACS Meter Testing expenditure and volumes are included in these figures as per the AER definition. Expenditure is actual and has been extracted from DMA using FIN077 report and expenditure under cost center 42500 P086 (Meter Test Program) and expenditure under P087 (CT Metering) relating to CT testing.
- Volumes were taken from DMA using report POW015 (Physicals summary) and quantities against NAMP lines SC13 (In Service Meter Compliance), SC15 (Compliance Enhance Site Inspection - ESI), SC16 (Compliance Testing of DC Meters), SC17 (Compliance Testing of CT Meters) and SC18 (Compliance Testing of CT's).

**Table 4.2.2 - Meter Investigation expenditure and volume**

- Network driven expenditure was extracted from DMA using report FIN077 under cost center 42500 P081 relating to Meter Investigation expenditure. Work type wasn't itemized due to work process change using existing service order type after the introduction of PoC in 2017.
- Customer Requested expenditure was extracted from DMA using report FIN077 under cost center 42500 P070 Meter Investigation.
- The volumes are the completed Meter Investigation service orders from the CUS015 report (Service Delivery Compliance) in DMA

**Table 4.2.2 - Scheduled Meter Reads expenditure and volume**

- The volumes taken from Ellipse Explorer ELL00100 report for purchase order G32916 cyclical meter reads
- The expenditure for scheduled meter reads is based on FIN077 DMA report under cost center 43500 P083 - Cycle meter reads

**Table 4.2.2 - Special Meter Reads expenditure and volume**

- The volumes taken from Ellipse Explorer ELL00100 report for purchase order G57293 special meter reads

The expenditure for special meter reads is based on FIN077 DMA report under cost center 42500 P073 - Special meter reads

**Table 4.2.2 - New Meter Installation expenditure and volume**

- New Meter Installation expenditure is taken from the General Ledger report FIN077 run in DMA for the financial year 2019-20 on activity C3585 (Type 6 metering) and reconciled with FIN084 CAPEX report
- ENERGEX ceased purchasing and installation of new meters due to introduction of PoC in 2017 however there were evidence -\$10,435.59 in FIN077 & FIN084 report yet no investigation was done but Finance Team was notified. There was zero quantity recorded in CUS015 report for any site work being completed

**Table 4.2.2 - Meter Replacement expenditure and volume**

- Meter Replacement expenditure is taken from the General Ledger report FIN077 run in DMA for the financial year 2019-20 on activity C3586 (Type 6 metering) and reconciled with FIN084 CAPEX report
- ENERGEX ceased replacement of meters due to introduction of PoC in 2017 however there were evidence \$524.41 in FIN077 & FIN084 report yet no investigation was done but Finance

Team was notified. There was zero quantity recorded in CUS015 report for any site work being completed

**Table 4.2.2 - Meter Maintenance expenditure and volume**

- Meter maintenance expenditure has been extracted from General Ledger report FIN077 run in DMA for the financial year 2019-20 on cost center 42500 P081 and cost center 42500 P066 (Move Meter).
- The volumes are the completed Meter Maintenance service orders using DMA report CUS015 (Service Delivery Compliance)

**Table 4.2.2 - Remote Meter Reading expenditure and volume**

- Energex does not have type 4 meters in its regulated business and as such values of zero were reported for these variables.

**Table 4.2.2 - Remote Meter Reconfiguration expenditure and volume**

- Energex does not have type 4 meters in its regulated business and as such values of zero were reported for these variables.

**Table 4.2.2 - Other Metering expenditure**

- The following has been included in "Other Metering Expenditure":
  - Current Transformer sales expenditure. The expenditure has been extracted from Ellipse via report FIN077 in DMA in cost center 42500 P087.
  - Meter Data Services Expenditure. Expenditure has been extracted from Ellipse via report FIN077 in DMA in cost center 43500 P084.
  - Customer Requested Meter Reconfiguration expenditure. Expenditure has been extracted from Ellipse via report FIN077 in DMA in cost center 42500 P071.

**Table 4.2.2 - IT Infrastructure Opex/Capex**

- Energex does not have type 4 meters in its regulated business and as such values of zero were reported for these variables.

**Table 4.2.2 - Communications Infrastructure Opex/Capex**

- Energex does not have type 4 meters in its regulated business and as such values of zero were reported for these variables.

## **Assumptions**

The following assumptions have been applied to obtain the required information:

- Energex does not have type 4 or type 5 meters in its regulated business and as such no information has been reported against these variables.
- All expenditure excludes General Overheads extracted from General Ledger FIN077 report run in DMA. Opex expenditure reconciled with ACS Opex, Capex reconciled with FIN084 - AER Capex Spend
- Impact due to introduction of Power of Choice (PoW) on 1st December 2017 is noticeable in all line items where applicable for volume and expenditure

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 4.3 Fee-based Services

## Table 4.3.1 - Cost Metrics for Fee-based Services

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 17-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 17-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for feebased services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs.
In the RIN Templates 4.3, Energex must list all the Fee Based services that were listed in the annual tariff proposal of each relevant year.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement
In the basis of preparation, Energex must provide a description of each Fee Based service listed in the RIN Templates 4.3. In each service's description, Energex must explain the purpose of each service and detail the activities which comprise each service.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for Fee Based services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Templates 4.3.	There is no crossover between the services under standard and alternative control services (ACS). Fee Based Services are ACS only
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for Fee Based as either Capex or Opex in RIN Templates 4.3.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement

### Sources

Table 17-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 17-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Expenditure dollar values for fee based services	CAM recast data extract
Volumes for fee based services	MSR246 Peace report

## **Methodology**

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

### **Services to be reported**

- Energex's 2015 - 2020 Framework & Approach, Classification of Services, Pricing Proposal and Tariff Schedule were reviewed to determine which services should be classified as Fee-Based from 2015-16.
- Any customer-requested services which are charged via a fixed fee have been reported in Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services. This results in duplications between Template 4.3 Fee-Based Services and Templates 2.5 Connections, 4.1 Public Lighting and 4.2 Metering. These duplications have been identified as balancing items for Template 2.1 Expenditure Summary.

### **Expenditure Dollar Values**

- Expenditure for the services determined to be Fee-Based were extracted from general ledger reports and included in Template 4.3.

### **Volume**

- Volumes for Fee-Based Services were obtained from the PEACE report MSR246. These volumes represent the number of services performed.

## **Assumptions**

Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout other RIN Templates. This means that overhead costs have been excluded from the Fee-Based Services figures reported in RIN Templates 4.3.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Consistent with Energex's Pricing Proposal, from 2015-16; Fee-Based Services provided at any time (business hours, after hours or anytime) are reported as Fee-Based Services. This reflects a change from prior years when any after hours or anytime provision of Fee-Based Services were reported as Quoted Services.

# BOP - 4.4 Quoted Services

## Table 4.4.1 - Cost Metrics for Quoted Services

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 18-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 18-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Energex must ensure that the data provided for quoted services reconciles to internal planning models used in generating Energex's proposed revenue requirements.	As advised by the AER in the CA RIN Issues Register (item 74), this requirement does not apply to DNSPs that are not completing reset RINs
In the RIN Templates 4.4, Energex must list all the Quoted services that were listed in the annual tariff proposal of each relevant year.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement
In the basis of preparation, Energex must provide a description of each Quoted service listed in the RIN Templates 4.4. In each service's description, Energex must explain the purpose of each service and detail the activities which comprise each service.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for Quoted services between standard or alternative control services in RIN Template 4.4.	There is no crossover between the services under standard and alternative control services (ACS). Quoted Services are ACS only.
Energex is not required to distinguish expenditure for Quoted services as either Capex or Opex in RIN Templates 4.4.	Energex has applied this consistency requirement

### Sources

Table 18-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 18-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Expenditure dollar values for quoted services	CAM recast data extract
Volumes for quoted services	EPM Report - Quoted Services Volume & Revenue: 1306163

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

### Services to be reported

- Energex's 2015 - 2020 Framework & Approach, Classification of Services, Pricing Proposal and Tariff Schedule were reviewed to determine which services should be classified as Quoted from 2015-16.
- Any customer-requested services which are charged via a quoted price have been reported in Template 4.4 Quoted Services. This results in duplications between Template 4.4 Quoted Services and Templates 2.5 Connections and 4.1 Public Lighting. These duplications have been identified as balancing items for Template 2.1 Expenditure Summary.

### Expenditure Dollar Values

- Expenditure for the services determined to be Quoted were extracted from general ledger reports and included in Template 4.4.

### Volume

- All volumes were obtained from the EPM Report - Quoted Services Volume & Revenue: 1306163 and
- These volumes represent the number of services completed in the financial year.

## Assumptions

Energex has consistently reported direct costs throughout other RIN Templates. This means that overhead costs have been excluded from the Quoted Services figures reported in RIN Template 4.4.

## Estimated Information

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## Explanatory Notes

### Large customer connections

During the previous Determination period (2010 - 2015), Energex's accounting treatment for Large Customer Connections (LCC) was governed by the contracts with the customers. As such, while treated as ACS, the transactions were treated similar in nature to SCS capex projects that receive capital contributions. While the projects were treated as capex with expenditure recognised as incurred, they were not added to any regulatory asset base. Associated revenue is not recognised until the asset is fully constructed and energised.



New LCC projects from this Determination period (2015 - 2020) are similarly governed by the contracts with customers, however these contracts have been revised to clearly distinguish between the LCC work performed for the third party, and the gifting of the resulting assets to Energex (as the DNSP). These projects are treated as Opex, with the expense and revenue recognised on completion. While in progress, these projects are recognised as contract assets on the balance sheet.

This change in treatment will result in two different approaches being reported for LCC projects, through until all contracts established under the previous Determination period are completed and energised.

### **Rearrangement of network assets**

In the previous Determination period, large rearrangement of shared network assets were treated as SCS capex that received capital contributions, consistent with the transitional approach that applied to Queensland DNSPs for contributions.

From the current Determination period, all rearrangement of shared network assets are treated as ACS. Large projects are accounted for as capex (and excluded from the RAB) with expenditure recognised as incurred. Revenue is not recognised until the asset is fully constructed and energised. Small rearrangement of shared network assets projects continue to be treated as Opex, with the expense and revenue recognised on completion. While in progress, these projects are recognised as contract assets on the balance sheet.

This change in treatment will result in the new large projects for rearrangement of shared network assets being reported in Template 4.4 Quoted Services. Any large rearrangement projects already in progress at the start of this Determination period will continue under the previous treatment and be reported as SCS capex.

### **Emergency Recoverable Works**

Services for Emergency Recoverable Works are no longer reported in Template 4.4 Quoted Services as they have been reclassified as unregulated from the current Determination period.

### **After Hours Provision of any Fee-Based Service**

Consistent with Energex's Pricing Proposal from 2015-16, this service is no longer a separate Quoted Service and is instead reported as part of the underlying Fee-Based Service.

### **Supply abolishment - complex**

Due to the immateriality, Supply Abolishment is no longer disaggregated between Simple (Fee-Based) and Complex (Quoted). All Supply Abolishment services are now reported as Fee-Based only.

## **Additional Crew**

Similar to After Hours Provision of any Fee-Based Service, the service for Additional Crew is now captured as part of the underlying Fee-Based Service.

# BOP - 5.2 Asset Age Profile

## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 1

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Economic life and standard deviation

Table 19-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Definition of economic life:</p> <p>An asset's economic life is the estimated period after installation of the new asset during which the asset will be capable of delivering the same effective service as it could at its installation date.</p> <p>The period of effective service needs to consider the life cycle costs between keeping the asset in commission and replacing it with its modern equivalent.</p> <p>Life cycle costs of the asset include those associated with the design, implementation, operations, maintenance, renewal and rehabilitation, depreciation and cost of finance.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 19.6 (Estimated Information).</p>

### Sources

### Methodology

#### Economic life and standard deviation

Energex has developed the estimated mean life for the assets based on general industry life expectations, manufacturer's specification and operational experience with the assets.

### Assumptions

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

- Economic life (standard deviation) was approximated by the square root of the mean in accordance with the AER guidance.

### Estimated Information

#### Economic life and standard deviation

Asset lives from engineering assessments are considered to be estimated data.

In Energex, it is not possible to derive the actual mean replacement life because a majority of the assets do not have valid commissioning and/or decommissioning information at present and as such an engineering assessment has to be undertaken.

Energex believes the estimates supplied are its best estimate based on the available information at the time.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Asset age profile: Economic life and standard deviation**

- Where Energex does not own assets in a category, the economic life cells have been entered as zero.

## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 2

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 19-2 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-2 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in the RIN Template.	The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.	The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:  Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

### Asset age profile: service lines

Table 19-3 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-3 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Service lines  Includes assets that provide a physical link and associated assets between the distribution network and a customer's premises. It excludes any pole mounted assets and meters that are included in any other asset group.	Addressed in section 20.4 (Methodology) and section 20.5 (Assumptions).

Simple commercial/industrial connection low voltage	Addressed in section 20.4 (Methodology) and section 20.5 (Assumptions).
Single/multi-phase customer service connection and, as an example, may involve the following:	
One or more spans of overhead service wire.	
Road crossing (overhead or underground).	
Small LV extension or augmentation of overhead and/or underground mains.	

## Sources

Table 19-4 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 19-4 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Service Lines By: Connection Voltage; Customer Type; Connection Complexity	MARS
Service cable -replacements	MARS

## Methodology

### Asset age profile: Assets currently in commission

All data was extracted from DMA.

Energex then applied the following approaches to obtain the required information categories as required by the AER:

Profiling methodologies used were:

- Global Prorata - used to prorata source groupings over target groupings based on complete loaded source data across all dimensions
- Prorata - used to prorata a set of source groupings over a set of target groupings

### Asset age profile: service lines

- Overhead service line asset information is stored in MARS (Meter Asset Register and Service system). MARS does not record the age of assets, but it does record the type of conductor. The type of conductor has been used to derive the age of the assets.

- Based on the definitions specified in the RIN, Energex has only LV service line assets. Where customers require more complex connections and the assets are owned by Energex they are included in the other dedicated asset category (e.g. 11 kV overhead conductors) and are not classified as HV service lines.
1. The breakdown of service line conductor was extracted from MARS through the following logic:
  2. The total quantity of overhead service lines were extracted based on unique property addresses (e.g. so duplexes / unit 6-packs were only counted once)
  3. Each record needed to have a National Metering Identifier (NMI) associated with the property with one of the following statuses for the NMI:
    - Active ('A').
    - De-Energised ('D').
    - Can be metered or unmetered.
  4. Overhead services were identified by interrogating the network associated with the NMI (e.g. customer connected to an asset starting with 'P' representing a pole for overhead services).

## **Assumptions**

### **Asset age profile: Service Lines**

- Maximum age of a service line is 60 years, however the clamp used to secure it only has an average lifespan of 35 years. As a result, the average maximum age for service lines has been reduced to this lower average lifespan.
- All new service line assets are XLPE. Energex only owns LV service line assets. A Customer may have their own private Network past the HV connection point however Energex does not model/capture their assets. For example, consumers own the mains from underground pillars at the property boundary to their meter position, so no underground services are included in the count.
- All LV service lines are a single span making them simple connections.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Asset age profile: Service Lines**

Energex has significant amounts of data about the assets reported, however where historical data for some sub categories was not available, apportionment techniques were used to derive this data. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

## Explanatory Notes

- Where, in RIN Template 2.2, Energex provided estimated expenditure data on the basis of historical data that included works across asset groups, Energex provided the asset age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 against the most elementary asset category (as per RIN regulatory requirement).
- On 9 July 2015 the AER advised that information relating to Asset Group: "Pole Top Structures by Highest Operating Voltage" was not required to be populated in RIN Template 5.2. On 7 August 2015 the AER confirmed that Energex could leave this section of Table 5.2.1 blank.

### Asset age profile: Service Lines

For LV connections, Energex does not own the underground cable from the pillar to the premise. Therefore only overhead services were included in the Table.

Between 2005/6 and 2004/5 there were a low number of cables remaining in service. This is due to the replacement program for a specific type of XLPE cable that exhibited problems with degraded insulation.

Energex's replacement program for services was scaled back in 2018-19 and further in 2019-20 from previous years which is why the volume of replacements in that year is lower than previous years. Energex has transitioned from a replacement program to an asset inspection approach to gain other efficiencies (e.g. bundling work). This approach has continued and combined with COVID19 impacts on planned interruption work, a lower number of service cables were replaced in 2019-20.



## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 3

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

#### Asset age profile: assets currently in commission

Table 19-5 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-5 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in the RIN Template.	The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.	The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:  Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

Table 19-6 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-6 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory.	Demonstrated in section 19.4 (Methodology)

Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its instructions.	
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the asset sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.	Demonstrated in section 19.4 (Methodology)

## Sources

### Asset age profile: SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems

Table 19-7 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 19-7 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Master Station Assets	Internal excel spreadsheet
Communications linear assets	CBMD
AFLC	NFM / Audit Record

## Methodology

### Asset age profile: SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems

Energex has broken down each asset category into separate asset subcategories

**Table 19-8 - Asset Classes**

Asset Group	Category
Master station assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Master station assets</li> </ul>
Communications linear assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Copper pilots (meters of cable installed)</li> <li>Fibre pilots (meters of cable installed)</li> </ul>

Audio frequency load control (AFLC)

- Generator based AFLC injection equipment
- Solid state based AFLC injection equipment

A number of different methods were used to obtain the required data for each of the asset subcategories, as follows:

### **Master Station Assets**

- Energex's support group for the Master Station assets maintains an Excel spreadsheet that details information about Master Station server assets. Manufacture date was used as the commissioning date.

### **Communications Linear Assets**

- Communications Linear Assets - the CBMD application database was queried via DMA.

### **Audio Frequency Load Control (AFLC)**

AFLC - the installation date for each AFLC installation was extracted from NFM via DMA into an excel spreadsheet. The installation dates were analysed versus recent audit data (approx. 80% records checked), results updated in the excel spreadsheet. The spread sheets determines the per financial year number of units installed.

## **Assumptions**

### **Asset age profile: SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

- In relation to IEDs and DSS Radios, the database only contains initial commissioning information. Subsequent data associated with maintenance swap outs (i.e. replacements) is not captured due low cost of the equipment. As a result, this tends to overstate the age of the IED and DSS Radio fleet; however, this was not considered a significant issue on the basis that IEDs and DSS Radios are typically low cost in nature.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has significant amount of data about the various assets reported, however does not have historical data for some sub categories of the asset categories and has used various techniques to apportion these. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

Below is detailed the justifications where estimated data has been claimed as actual data.

- Master Station Assets - The dates used to populate the age profile were the equipment manufacture date. Other methods could be used to produce an age profile (e.g. projecting back from end of warranty dates); however these would not produce a material difference in the resulting profile. AFLC - two units (0.9%) had unknown dates and other issues with the data provided and were not included in the age profile
- Communications Linear Assets - A significant proportion of fibre and copper pilot cables do not have installation dates (24.5%) and these were apportioned based on the population of the installations with dates. No other valid method is available to perform the apportionment.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 4

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 19-9 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-9 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in the RIN Template.</p>	<p>The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex</p>
<p>In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.</p>	<p>The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:</p> <p>Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex</p>

### Asset age profile: SCADA, Network Control and Protection Systems

The AER requires Energex to provide the following information relating to RIN Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile:

Assets currently in commission for SCADA, Network Control and Protection systems assets, broken down by the following asset categories:

- field devices
- local network wiring assets
- communications network assets
- communications site infrastructure

Data provided is actual except for Communications Site Infrastructure which is estimated.

Table 19-10 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-10 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its instructions.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 19.4 (Methodology)</p>
<p>In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the asset sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 19.4 (Methodology)</p>

## Sources

Table 19-11 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 19-11 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
<p>Field devices</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protection relays</li> <li>• Remote terminal units (RTUs)</li> <li>• Intelligent Electronic Devices (IEDs)</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• IPS</li> <li>• SCADA base and project documentation</li> <li>• SCADA Base (via DMA)</li> </ul>
<p>Communications Network Assets</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• CBMD</li> </ul>

<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Microwave links</li> <li>• Distribution systems SCADA (DSS) Head Ends</li> <li>• DSS radios</li> <li>• Multiplex and</li> <li>• MPLS</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• ROSS</li> <li>• ROSS</li> <li>• CNMS</li> <li>• SAM</li> </ul>
<p>Communications site infrastructure</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Comms towers and poles</li> <li>• Comms batteries</li> <li>• Comms battery chargers</li> <li>• Diesel generators</li> <li>• Comms site air conditioners</li> <li>• Comms site security equipment</li> <li>• Comms site management equipment</li> <li>• Comms site solar cells</li> <li>• Telephone line isolation equipment (TLIU)</li> </ul>	<p>Information is manually maintained in an excel spreadsheet with the exception of the TLIU installs which are estimates</p>

## Methodology

Energex has broken down each asset category into separate asset subcategories

**Table 19-12 - Asset Classes**

Asset Group	Category
Field devices	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Protection relays</li> <li>• RTUs</li> <li>• IEDs</li> </ul>
Local network wiring assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Local network wiring assets</li> </ul>
Communication network assets	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Microwave links (links installed)</li> </ul>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• DSS Head Ends</li> <li>• DSS Radios (including repeaters)</li> <li>• Multiples nodes</li> <li>• MPLS nodes</li> </ul>
Communication site infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Comms towers and poles</li> <li>• Comms batteries</li> <li>• Comms battery chargers</li> <li>• Diesel generators</li> <li>• Comms site air conditioners</li> <li>• Comms site security equipment</li> <li>• Comms site management equipment</li> <li>• Comms site solar cells</li> <li>• Telephone line isolation equipment (TLIU)</li> </ul>

A number of different methods were used to obtain the required data for each of the asset subcategories, as follows:

### Field Devices

- Protection relays - a report detailing all assets currently in commission with various dates was extracted from IPS. The data was extracted into an Excel spreadsheet and analysed to produce the age profile data. The total number of protection relays installed in each year was determined by summing the number individual relays assigned against the year. Where multiple dates were available for an asset, the age of the asset was selected with manufacturer date preferred, commissioning date the second option and a set of rules to determine the next-best date available in the database. Energex have undergone a series of data quality improvements and alignment initiatives in the past 12 months which have resulted in a reduction of approximately 65 relays. The main reason for the change is due to data correction and legacy relay replacement, where 3 electro-mechanical relays have been replaced by 1 digital relay.
- RTUs - a review of SCADA control scheme configuration information was undertaken to identify the date when the hardware for each control scheme was changed or installed. By analysing the date when a control scheme was modified, this showed when a new asset was added. The age profile of RTUs was generated by summing the total number of hardware replacements or installations in each financial year.



- IEDs - the only class of IED that records were available for was Serial Interface Control

Module (SICM) equipment. SICM represents the largest class of IEDs in SCADA in Energex's network. A report was generated from DMA (which is based on SCADA Base application extracts) that detailed the commissioning date of each IED providing the age profile.

The total number of installed assets relating to field devices was established by summing the asset volumes calculated for protection relays, RTUs and IEDs

### **Communications Network Assets**

- Microwave links - The Communications Bearer Management Database (CBMD) application was queried to determine the commissioning dates for each link. This produced a list of all microwave links with the associated installation date. The data was then analysed in a separate Excel spreadsheet to determine the total number of links installed in each financial year.
- DSS Head end, radios and repeaters - The Radio Operational Support System (ROSS) application database was queried to provide the commissioning date for each asset. This produced a list of the hardware that was installed and the date of installation and commissioning. The data was analysed in a separate Excel spreadsheet to determine the total volume of equipment commissioned in each financial year.
- Multiplex - An extract of the total population of multiplex assets was performed and the total assets installed as of the 1st of July 2020 was established. The age profile for multiplex assets was estimated by analysing the installation dates associated fibre optic cables and then using these dates as a basis for apportioning the volume of multiplex assets installed for each year.
- Multi-protocol label switching (MPLS) - Volumes for MPLS assets were obtained via the Management platform which queried each device for a date.

The total number of installed assets relating to communication network assets was established by summing the asset volumes calculated for microwave links, DSS head end, radios and repeaters, Multiplex and MPLS assets.

### **Communications Site Infrastructure**

- For Towers/poles, Batteries, Battery Charger, Diesel Generators, Air Conditioners, Site Security, Site Management and Solar installations, a spread sheet is maintained of commissioning date. The data was analysed in a separate Excel spreadsheet to determine the total numbers installed in each financial year.
- For Telephone Line Isolation Units no reliable source of installations date is available. Data from our Telecommunications carrier billing system was used to determine the number of

remaining services at substations that would require a TLIU to be present. Discussion with field staff suggested that no units were commissioned after 2013-14 and as such the age profile was evenly spread between 1990-91 and 2013-14.

The total number of installed assets relating to Communications Site Infrastructure was established by summing the asset volumes calculated and estimated above.

## **Assumptions**

Not applicable.

## **Estimated Information**

For Communications Site Infrastructure the largest subclass of data is the Telephone line isolation equipment which has no historical information available. There are many possible alternative methods that could be used to determine an age profile and as such the data can only be claimed as estimated.

Energex has significant amount of data about the various assets reported, however does not have historical data for some sub categories of the asset categories and has used various techniques to apportion these. In each case where this been done, the result either does not materially change the resulting data, no valid alternate methods are available or the judgement and assumptions do not materially affect the data.

Below is detailed the justifications where estimated data has been claimed as actual data.

- Communications Network Assets - Energex's systems do not specifically record the date of installation that multiplex assets were installed. The volume of installed multiplex assets was estimated by apportioning the total amount of multiplex assets against the asset age profile of fibre optic cables. No other known valid method to do the apportionment is available.

Energex believes the estimates supplied are its best estimates based on the available information at the time.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Asset age profile: Assets currently in commission**

- Where, in RIN Template 2.2, Energex provided estimated expenditure data on the basis of historical data that included works across asset groups, Energex provided the asset age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 against the most elementary asset category (as per RIN regulatory requirement).
- On 9 July 2015 the AER advised that information relating to Asset Group: "Pole Top

Structures by Highest Operating Voltage" was not required to be populated in RIN Template 5.2. On 7 August 2015 the AER confirmed that Energex could leave this section of Table 5.2.1 blank.

## **Local Network Wiring Assets**

As part of the alignment subsequent to the merger of Energex and Ergon Energy, Energex decided to cease the production of asset age profile information for Local Network Wiring Assets to ensure consistency within the two utilities.

## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 5

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 19-13 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-13 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in the RIN Template.	The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.	The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:  Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

### Sources

Table 19-14 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 19-14 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Poles By: Highest Operating Voltage; Material Type; Staking (if wood)	DMA/NFM
Transformers By: Mounting Type; Highest Operating Voltage; Ampere Rating; Number of Phases (at LV)	DMA/NFM
Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation	DMA

## Methodology

### Asset age profile: Assets currently in commission

All data was extracted from DMA.

Energex then applied the following approaches to obtain the required information categories as required by the AER:

Profiling methodologies used were:

- Global Prorata - used to prorata source groupings over target groupings based on complete loaded source data across all dimensions
- Prorata - used to prorata a set of source groupings over a set of target groupings

### Poles By: Highest Operating Voltage; Material Type; Staking (if wood)

*The DMA Solution has correctly identified the categories and missing data has been minimised. Therefore Poles is considered actual data.*

1. A report was extracted from DMA that detailed the poles in the Energex network with the following corresponding information:
  - The pole material.
  - The pole foundation.
  - The original installation year.
  - The number of poles.

This report excluded all poles that are not currently in use by Energex.

2. The report output from DMA was then rounded in Excel to produce the figures required in Table 5.1. Adjustments were made for:
  - Poles dated pre-1923.
  - Allocation of poles made of other or unknown materials.
  - Errors in staked and nailed poles.
  - Pre-1970 Steel LV poles.
  - Poles without an assigned voltage (cross street and bollard poles).

3. When any of the pole information found in 2), data was adjusted in these improved ways based on the DMA RIN Configuration Solution:
  - Global Prorata - This process involves taking all poles with complete information and generating a profile for all the Pole groups. Poles with missing information are allocated across the all possible groups based on the percentages generated by the profile.
  - Prorata - The data is found in a particular group i.e. Poles dated pre 1920. A profile is then created based on the data found in a particular group of the Prorated data i.e. 1970 through to 1999. The data is then distributed across the range based on the Profile.
4. When data migration occurred into NFM in 1999, assets that were contained within the original database that did not have a known age were allocated with an install date of 1920 or earlier. Any pole actually this old will have had a like for like replacement since then and if this was before 1999 the date was not historically recorded. All poles in this group were prorated between 1970 and 1999.
5. Poles that have a material type of plastic were excluded.
6. All poles that cannot be allocated a material type or age because they do not have a specification recorded in DMA were prorated.
7. Staked and nailed poles with an age of older than 1996 are deemed to be in error. The trial of pole nailing within Energex only occurred during the 1995/96 period and started rolling out into the network in 1998. The age of a staked and nailed pole is based on current data in DMA. This data was prorated into the year's 1999 to 2002.
8. Steel LV poles with a date record pre 1970 were prorated to the period of 1970 to 1999. This was done because (a) LV steel poles have a mean life of 22 years and all poles prior to 1970 were deemed to be data anomalies and (b) the NFM data after 1999 are considered to be sound.
9. All poles with no voltage such as cross street and bollard poles were allocated to the  $\leq 1$ KV category.
10. All Steel Poles found in Substations are allocated to  $\leq 1$ KV category. These poles are not used for the distribution of electricity.
11. All Steel Poles with a Voltage of  $\leq 1$ KV were moved to the unmatched category for data quality investigation.
12. In the 2016-17 financial year corrections were made in DMA to adjust the source for staked and nailed foundations from Ellipse to NFM to improve Data Quality.
13. To ensure that the final figures reported are consistent with the overall figures extracted, calculated fields have had minor adjustments to ensure that rounding errors do not occur.

**Transformers By: Mounting Type; Highest Operating Voltage; Ampere Rating; Number of Phases (at LV)**

*The DMA Solution has correctly identified the categories and missing data has been minimised. Therefore transformers are considered to be actual data.*

1. A report was run from DMA which counted the number of transformers broken down by:
  - Mounting type.
  - Capacity.
  - Phasing.
  - Manufacture year.
  - Highest Operating Voltage.

Transformers recorded in DMA as being In Service and Inferred In Service were counted in the total number of assets and year of commissioning information. This method gave (a) the most accurate number currently in use as (b) the date that connectivity information is captured correlates closely with the actual commissioning date.

2. In this extract the year indicated for each asset type is the year the asset was manufactured. If this date was unknown or incorrect (less than 1910 or greater than 2020) then the first event associated with the asset (usually purchase date) was used. If this date was unknown then the date the slot was installed into NFM was used.
3. Transformers with the following unknown values were prorated using a Global Prorata:
  - Transformers with unknown ratings.
  - Transformers with unknown dates.
  - Transformers with unknown phasing.

All values were allocated by prorating across known asset quantities in each category.

4. In 2018 Energex removed some of its Other Categories based on aligning maintenance strategies. The categories were then added to existing Transformer categories. They were Pole Mounted ; > 22kV ; < = 60 kVA ; Multiple Phase was moved to Pole Mounted ; < = 22kV ; < = 60 kVA ; Multiple Phase, Pole Mounted ; > 22kV ; > 60 kVA and < = 600 kVA ; Multiple Phase to Pole Mounted ; < = 22kV ; > 60 kVA and < = 600 kVA ; Multiple Phase, Regulator ; Distribution ; < = 11kV to Pole Mounted ; < = 22kV ; > 600 kVA ; Multiple Phase, Regulator ; Substation ; < = 11kV to Pole Mounted ; < = 22kV ; > 600 kVA ; Multiple Phase, and Regulator ; Substation ; > 11kV to Ground Outdoor / Indoor Chamber Mounted; > = 22 kV & < = 33 kV ; > 15 MVA and < = 40 MVA.in
5. To ensure that the final figures reported are consistent with the overall figures extracted, calculated fields have had minor adjustments to ensure that rounding errors do not occur.

6. Regulators included in Pole Mounted ;  $\leq 22\text{kV}$  ;  $> 600\text{ kVA}$  ; Multiple Phase are recorded as Units which contain two regulator tanks. All other Regulators are one tank per unit.
7. In Ground Outdoor / Indoor Chamber Mounted; $\geq 22\text{ kV}$  &  $\leq 33\text{ kV}$  ;  $\leq 15\text{MVA}$ ; Multiple We see a decrease in 7 transformer, these were replaced with larger transformers and can be found in Ground Outdoor / Indoor Chamber Mounted;  $\geq 22\text{ kV}$  &  $\leq 33\text{ kV}$  ;  $> 15\text{ MVA}$  and  $\leq 40\text{ MVA}$ .

### **Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation**

1. A report was extracted from DMA which counted each public light broken down by the following information:
  - Streetlight age.
  - Streetlight rate.
  - Billing type.
  - Lamp category.
2. This report did not include assets that are in stores or held for spares. Also, only rate 1 and 2 streetlights have been included in the extract. Rate 1 streetlights are designed, constructed, owned and operated (maintained) by Energex. Rate 2 streetlights are customer designed and constructed which are owned, operated and maintained by Energex. Rate 3 and 8 streetlights were not included as they are owned and operated by the customer and not required to be maintained by Energex. Rate 9 streetlights were not included as they are watchman lights and did not fit the criteria of a streetlight for the CA RIN.

### **Brackets**

1. It was assumed that a bracket was installed for all streetlights that are mounted on a pole. Due to very limited number of brackets being replaced, all brackets have inherited the original streetlight age profile.

### **Poles**

1. Poles were deemed to be a streetlight pole when the specification was public lighting specific and contained a rate 1 or 2 streetlight. The age of the poles was taken as the original streetlight age profile.
2. The categorisation of poles to major or minor categories was inherited from the streetlights attached to the pole. Where multiple streetlights existed on the pole the major streetlight took precedence.
3. Poles with an installation year less than 1970 were prorated into between the years 1970 - 1999.



## **Other - By Regulators: Asset Location; Highest Operating Voltage Regulators**

1. In 2018 Energex removed some of its Other Categories based on aligning maintenance strategies. The categories were then added to existing Transformer categories. They were Regulator ; Distribution ;  $\leq 11\text{kV}$  to Pole Mounted ;  $\leq 22\text{kV}$  ;  $> 600\text{ kVA}$  ; Multiple Phase, Regulator ; Substation ;  $\leq 11\text{kV}$  to Pole Mounted ;  $\leq 22\text{kV}$  ;  $> 600\text{ kVA}$  ; Multiple Phase, and Regulator ; Substation ;  $> 11\text{kV}$  to Ground Outdoor / Indoor Chamber Mounted;  $\geq 22\text{ kV}$  &  $\leq 33\text{ kV}$  ;  $> 15\text{ MVA}$  and  $\leq 40\text{ MVA}$ .

## **Other - By Towers**

1. Towers were grouped by year.
2. In the 2018-19 Financial year the source system NFM received an upgrade which allowed the updating of the installation date. This allowed the tower data in NFM to have the corrected installation date applied. This allowed the Towers to no longer rely on Flocc Sheets and be completely source from NFM.
3. In 2018-19 with the removal of Flocc sheets as source for tower data resulted with the reduction of 63 towers.

## **New Installs / Replacements / Asset Age**

1. The replacement volume and recent installation information was used to estimate the installation of XLPE type cables.
2. Quantities of assets inspected/maintained for service lines were based on the number of services maintained during the year.
3. The expected age range of the different generations of cables was then included to determine the age profile. The next step was to generate an age profile for each cable type based on:
  - The expected age range of assets in-service.
  - Maximum expected life of service lines.
  - Known replacement and installation volumes
4. New NMIs that became 'Active' during the financial year and were overhead service connections and were overhead were also included via a total count from the MARS database.
5. After the total service line population was determined the profile was split into Residential, Commercial & Industrial and Simple and Complex. The split between Residential and Commercial & Industrial service lines was based on the split between these two customer types (approximately 8% C&I and 92% residential).
6. Replacement information was broken into:
  - XLPE Mitti service replacements
  - PVC and twisted service replacements

- Open wire and concentric neutral services.

These replacements were distributed across the asset age profile depending on cable type.

## **Assumptions**

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required information:

### **Poles By: Highest Operating Voltage; Material Type; Staking (if wood)**

- The pole data does not include assets that are in store or held for spares.
- The pole data was categorised by the highest voltage at the site. For example if a site carries 33KV and 11KV conductors, then all poles at the site were allocated as 33KV poles.
- All non-staked and non-nailed poles have a year of commissioning based on the first year the current specification was allocated to the slot in NFM.
- A pole with a pole foundation type of staked and nailed has an age based on when the pole foundation was made staked and nailed and not the first year of current specification.
- Poles that have a material type of plastic were excluded.
- Aluminum poles were combined with steel poles.
- Poles with a dedicated streetlight pole specification and supporting a rate 1 or rate 2 streetlights have not been included in the poles asset group but were included in the public lighting asset group.
- All poles with no voltage such as cross street and bollard poles were allocated to the  $\leq 1$ KV category.
- The total quantity and year of commissioning is a snapshot of all relevant assets as of 30 June 2020.
- All Steel Poles found in Substations are allocated to  $\leq 1$ KV category. These poles are not used for the distribution of electricity.

All Steel Poles with a Voltage of  $\leq 1$ KV were moved to the unmatched category for data quality investigation.

### **Transformers By: Mounting Type; Highest Operating Voltage; Ampere Rating; Number of Phases (at LV)**

- The transformer data does not include transformers that are in store or held for spares.

### **Other By - Regulators: Asset Location; Highest Operating Voltage**

- The Regulators data does not include regulators held in stores or held in spares.

- Regulators in substations are considered to have one regulator tank per unit, all other Regulators are considered to have 2 tanks per unit.

### **Estimated Information**

Figures from the MARS Database including replacement information are considered actual rather than estimated information

### **Explanatory Notes**

- Where, in RIN Template 2.2, Energex provided estimated expenditure data on the basis of historical data that included works across asset groups, Energex provided the asset age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 against the most elementary asset category (as per RIN regulatory requirement).
- On 9 July 2015 the AER advised that information relating to Asset Group: "Pole Top Structures by Highest Operating Voltage" was not required to be populated in RIN Template 5.2. On 7 August 2015 the AER confirmed that Energex could leave this section of Table 5.2.1 blank.

## Table 5.2.1 - Asset Age Profile 6

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 19-15 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 19-15 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data in the RIN Template.	The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex
In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.	The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:  Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

Table 20-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 20-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
Where Energex provides asset sub-categories corresponding to the prescribed asset categories in Table 5.2.1, Energex must ensure that the expenditure and asset replacement / asset failure volumes of these sub-categories reconcile to the higher level asset category. Energex is required to insert additional rows and provide a clear indication of the asset category applicable to each subcategory. Energex must provide corresponding replacement expenditure data	The categories were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

in the RIN Template.

In instances where Energex considers that both the prescribed asset group categories and the sub-categorisation do not account for an asset on Energex's distribution system, Energex must insert additional rows below the relevant asset group to account for this. Energex must provide the required data, applying a high level descriptor of the asset as the category name. The line item titled "OTHER - PLEASE ADD A ROW IF NECESSARY AND NOMINATE THE CATEGORY" illustrates this requirement. Energex must provide corresponding age profile data in RIN Template 2.2 as per its respective instructions.

The categories "Other By Additional categories" have been included in the "Other By: DNSP defined" section of Table 5.2.1 as follows:

Additional categories For Towers were reported in accordance with the values in RIN Template 2.2 - Repex

## Sources

Table 19-16 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 19-16 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Overhead Conductors By: Highest Operating Voltage; Number of Phases (at HV)	DMA
Underground Cables By: Highest Operating Voltage	DMA
Switchgear By: Highest Operating Voltage; Switch Function	DMA
Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation	DMA

## Methodology

### Asset Age Profile: Assets currently in commission

All data was extracted from DMA.

Energex then applied the following approaches to obtain the required information categories as required by the AER:

Profiling methodologies used were:

- Global Prorata - used to prorata source groupings over target groupings based on complete loaded source data across all dimensions
- Prorata - used to prorata a set of source groupings over a set of target groupings

## **Overhead Conductors By: Highest Operating Voltage; Number of Phases (at HV) and Underground Cables By: Highest Operating Voltage**

- Information referred to in this Basis of preparation has been reviewed in accordance with requirements detailed in Appendix C of the CA RIN. The reviewer considered that the data presented in Table 5.2.1 for overhead conductors and underground cable is estimated information rather than actual information. The reviewer noted that the assumptions made for the development of the age profiles appear reasonable and does not consider that any changes should be made to the approach to developing the age profiles.

## **Switchgear By: Highest Operating Voltage; Switch Function**

- The increase in 11KV switches installed in the 1999 - 2002 period was due to the increased scope of the NFM data capture project. To account for this spike the actual information was used to generate a profile shape which was used to distribute the data.
- The above solution is the best possible solution because:
  - The profile used actual data gathered in the time period to predict what would have been captured during the 1999 - 2002 period.
  - The actual data and the prediction data is then used to model what occurred from 1979 through to 2002.
  - The Profile generated for switches matches purchasing trends of other equipment over the same time period e.g. transformers in similar voltage range.
  - Previous methods for profiling have been trialed where a flat prorata and standard prorata were used but these did not accurately represent the 1979 - 2002 data.

## **Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation**

- Luminaires have been estimated by using a 20 year life span and assuming that each one was replaced on this schedule.
- Lamps have been estimated by using the average asset lives of lamps (5 years for Mercury Vapour and 4 years for other types) and assuming that each was replaced on this schedule. For full details please refer to the approach section above.
- Currently there is no other approach due to the lack of data, but we are working with contractors to obtain better information on yearly replacements.

## **Overhead Conductors By: Highest Operating Voltage; Number of Phases (at HV)**

1. Energex calculate conductor age based on pole age which is the best data available. Poles were chosen because there is a correlation between poles and conductors and pole data is extremely accurate.
2. A report was run from DMA that gave the Energex overhead conductors broken down by:
  - Conductor sizing category (Imperial, Metric or Other).
  - The circuit for each conductor.
  - The oldest pole installation date within each circuit.

All lengths extracted exclude any vertical components to the conductor, such as sag.

3. Excluded from this report were conductors known to be owned by customers. Conductors are not allocated a customer ownership value within NFM. However, there are a few instances where Energex is required to control the network through customer owned assets, when this occurs Energex captures these particular customer owned conductors in NFM. In addition NFM stores information for assets that were sold to customers where Energex believes that there is a benefit to continue to store this data.
4. To minimise the effect of captured customer conductors, it was assumed that where a conductor is connected to only customer assets then that conductor is also customer owned and therefore excluded.

**Table 19-17 - Volumes of Customer Owned Conductors**

Customer Conductor	Quantity (km)
Overhead	1.95

5. The following approach was then used to create the age profile:
  - 1929-30 was deemed to be the maximum possible age of any conductor by Energex's technical standards.
  - All conductors were placed into 3 categories by delineation based on imperial and metric sizing:
    - Imperial - This conductor category consists of conductors that use imperial sizing such as 7/0.08 and were superseded by metric conductors. These conductors were installed between 1930 and 1980.
    - Metric - This conductor category has been installed from 1970 till present day, and uses metric sizing such as MARS 7/3.75.

- Other - This conductor category consists of imperial sizing that Energex currently uses such as 7/12 Steel, therefore these conductors are deemed to be used from 1930 - present.
  - Any conductor ages that falls outside the groups above is prorated throughout its expected age range.
- All conductors were then logically grouped together based on circuit (continuous conductor spans between two operational points in the network) and conductor category.
  - All conductors missing attribute information have been global prorated.
6. To ensure that the final figures reported are consistent with the overall figures extracted, calculated fields have had minor adjustments to ensure that rounding errors do not occur.

Note: Numbers may vary from RIN Table 2.2.2 Repex as methodologies differ between templates which results in exclusion of some data.

### Underground Cables By: Highest Operating Voltage

1. Energex calculate cable age based on equipment age which is the best data available. Equipment was chosen because there is a correlation between equipment and cable. Equipment data is extremely accurate.
2. A report was run from DMA that gave the Energex underground cables broken down by:
  - Cable sizing category (Imperial, Metric or Other).
  - The circuit for each cable.
  - The minimum connected asset installation date within each circuit.

All lengths stated exclude any vertical components to the cable, such as vertical tails.

3. Excluded from this report were cables known to be owned by customers. Cables are not allocated a customer ownership value within NFM. However, there are a few instances where Energex captures these particular customer owned cables in NFM. In addition NFM stores information for assets that have been sold to customers where Energex believes there is a benefit to continue to store this data.
4. To minimise the effect of captured customer cables, it was assumed that where a cable is connected to only customer assets that the cable is also customer owned.

**Table 19-18 - Volumes of Customer Owned Cable**

Customer Cable	Quantity (km)
Underground Cable	32.23



5. The following methodology was used to create the age profile:
  - 1929-30 was deemed to be the maximum possible age of any cable by Energex's technical standards.
  - All cables were placed into 3 categories by delineation based on imperial and metric sizing:
    - Imperial - This cable category consists of cables that use imperial sizing such as 0.15sq and were superseded by metric cables. These conductors were installed between 1930 and 1980.
    - Metric - This cable category has been installed from 1970 till present day, these use metric sizing such as 240mm sq.
    - Other - This cable category consists of imperial sizing that Energex uses. There are no underground cables that fall into this category; if cable did exist they would have an acceptable age profile from 1930 - present.
    - Any conductor's age that falls outside the groups above is prorated throughout its expected age range.
  - All cables were logically grouped based on circuit (continuous connection between two operational points in the network) and cable category. All cables then inherited the maximum age (oldest) of the connected assets that was acceptable within a particular grouping. Where an acceptable age profile could be found, all conductors with a metric category are allocated an age of 1974/75 and an imperial category are allocated an age of 1944/45.
6. All cables missing attribute information have been global prorated.
7. The approach above uses the minimum date a connected asset was installed. Unlike poles, which have had a maintained age prior to NFM, the underground network has many assets that were not tracked prior to NFM. As such, the data capture exercise performed when migrating to NFM caused two notable spikes in the originally extracted data: 2001/02 period for the underground LV network and 1999 - 2002 for the 11KV network. To smooth out these spikes the data was distributed back until 1980 and 1979. This was because 1979 was the year in which large underground subdivisions works began in the South Coast Region for Energex. The data for both spikes was smoothed using a regression prediction based on the known data from 1979 through to the year before the spikes occurred.
8. Due to rounding errors, some cables had to be manually added to or subtracted from to ensure consistency of the final figure.

Note: Numbers may vary from RIN Table 2.2.2 Repex as methodologies differ between Templates which results in exclusion of some data.

## **Switchgear By: Highest Operating Voltage: Switch Function**

1. A report was run within DMA which extracted the number of switchgear assets broken down by operating voltage and switch function. Switchgear which was recorded in NFM as being connected to the network was counted in the total number of assets and year of commissioning information. This excluded Link Pillars, Ring Main Units and Disconnect Boxes as these assets do not have connectivity. This method gave (a) the most accurate number currently in use as (b) the date that connectivity information was captured correlates closely with the actual commissioning date.
2. The following definitions were used in the extraction of the data:
  - The switchgear data did not include assets that are in store or held for spares.
  - The Operational Switch asset group was defined as all other switches found within Energex network. This includes the asset types Air Break, Disk Link, Link Pillar, Isolator, Switch Fuse, Dropout, Earth Switch, Fuse Switch, Sectionaliser, Load Transfer Switch, Ring Main Unit, and Disconnect Box.
  - The Circuit Breakers asset group was defined as all circuit breakers and reclosers within the Energex network excluding circuit breakers that form part of a Ring Main Unit.
3. The year indicated for each asset type was the year the asset was manufactured, if this date was unknown or incorrect (less than 1910 or greater than 2020) then the first event associated with the asset (usually purchase date) was used. If this date was unknown then the date the slot was installed into NFM was used. No other date information was available for some assets with dates less than 1910. These assets were prorated from years 1912 through to 2020.
4. There was a large spike of  $\leq 11$ KV switches installed between the period 1999 - 2002 due to the increased scope of data capture caused by the NFM data capture project. To account for this spike, actual information was used to generate a profile shape which distributed the data from 2002 - 1979. This was only achievable through the efficiencies provided by the DMA RIN Configuration Solution.
5. To ensure that the final figures reported are consistent with the overall figures extracted, calculated fields have had minor adjustments to ensure that rounding errors do not occur.

## **Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation**

1. A report was extracted from DMA which counted each public light broken down by the following information:
  - Streetlight age.
  - Streetlight rate.
  - Billing type.
  - Lamp category.

2. This report did not include assets that are in stores or held for spares. Also, only rate 1 and 2 streetlights have been included in the extract. Rate 1 streetlights are designed, constructed, owned and operated (maintained) by Energex. Rate 2 streetlights are customer designed and constructed which are owned, operated and maintained by Energex. Rate 3 and 8 streetlights were not included as they are owned and operated by the customer and not required to be maintained by Energex. Rate 9 streetlights were not included as they are watchman lights and did not fit the criteria of a streetlight for the CA RIN.

## **Luminaires**

1. Initial luminaire installations are captured within NFM; however, subsequent streetlight head changes are not captured, so for this reason an age profile had to be estimated. It was assumed that all streetlights installed prior to 1997 have been replaced with an asset with a 20 year life span. For example a 1979 start date was updated to 1999 to indicate that the asset was replaced. A 1934 streetlight will inherit a new asset age of 2014 to represent three head changes with a 20 year life for each.
2. Major and minor allocations for luminaires were based on the billing type of the lantern.

## **Lamps**

1. Detailed lamp information is not stored within the Energex corporate systems. For this reason estimates were applied based on the average life of assets lamps. Average life of lamps can be broken into two categories, mercury vapour and other lamp types. Mercury vapour lights have an average life of 5 years and all other lights have an average life of 4 years.
2. All lights that were installed prior to the average life expectancy (prior to 201406 for Mercury Vapour and 201506 for other types) have been accumulated and applied consistently into each year.

As a result, the average life has been assumed to be approximately 4 because there are significantly more "others" than mercury vapour.

## **Assumptions**

### **Overhead Conductors By: Highest Operating Voltage; Number of Phases (at HV)**

- The conductor data does not include conductors that are in store or held for spares.
- Total quantities are reported in kilometres.
- The length of each conductor category is the total conductor route length and not each individual phase conductor length, noting:
  - 11KV routes predominately consist of 3 conductors. 11KV routes also include 3 phase and single phase (2 conductors) in its total length.

- LV routes predominately consist of 4 conductors: 3 phases plus neutral; however lengths provided includes all variations.

### **Underground Cables By: Highest Operating Voltage**

- The underground cable data does not include cables that are in store or held for spares.
- Total quantities are reported in kilometres.
- The length of each conductor category is the total cable route length and not each individual core length.

### **Switchgear By: Highest Operating Voltage; Switch Function**

- The switchgear data does not include assets that are in store or held for spares.
- Circuit Breakers asset group was defined as all circuit breakers and reclosers within the Energex network excluding circuit breakers that form part of a Ring Main Unit.
- Operational Switch asset group was defined as all other switches found within Energex network, this includes the asset types: Air Break, Disk Link, Link Pillar, Isolator, Switch Fuse, Dropout, Earth Switch, Fuse Switch, Sectionaliser, Load Transfer Switch, Ring Main Unit, and Disconnect Box.

### **Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation**

- The public lighting data does not include assets that are in store or held for spares.

### **Other By - Regulators: Asset Location; Highest Operating Voltage**

- The Regulators data does not include regulators held in stores or held in spares.
- Regulators in substations are considered to have one regulator tank per unit, all other Regulators are considered to have 2 tanks per unit.

## **Estimated Information**

### **Switchgear By: Highest Operating Voltage; Switch Function**

- 11KV Switchgear which was installed between the years 1999 to 2002 was found to be commissioned between 1979 and 2002. This was determined because there was another data capture in 1978. This required an apportioning of the data through 1979 and 2002, otherwise the switchgear population would have been incorrectly represented and the replacement quantities would have appeared higher than expected.

### **Public Lighting By: Asset Type; Lighting Obligation**

- Initial luminaire installations are captured within NFM; however, subsequent streetlight head changes and Lamp changes are not captured, so we are unable to determine the correct

replacement date for each piece of equipment and cannot create an accurate age profile. The data had to be estimated.

- Detailed lamp information is not stored within the Energex corporate systems. For this reason estimates were applied based on the average life of assets lamps.

Energex believes the estimates supplied are its best estimates based on the available information at the time.

## **Explanatory Notes**

### **Asset age profile: Assets currently in commission**

- Where, in RIN Template 2.2, Energex provided estimated expenditure data on the basis of historical data that included works across asset groups, Energex provided the asset age profile data in RIN Template 5.2 against the most elementary asset category (as per RIN regulatory requirement).
- On 9 July 2015 the AER advised that information relating to Asset Group: "Pole Top Structures by Highest Operating Voltage" was not required to be populated in RIN Template 5.2. On 7 August 2015 the AER confirmed that Energex could leave this section of Table 5.2.1 blank.

Structures by Highest Operating Voltage" was not required to be populated in RIN Template 5.2. On 7 August 2015 the AER confirmed that Energex could leave this section of Table 5.2.1 blank.

# BOP - 5.3 MD Network Level

## Table 5.3.1 - Raw and Weather Corrected Coincident MD at Network Level (summed at Transmission Connection Point)

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 21-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 21-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>In RIN Table 5.3.1, Energex must input maximum demand information at the Network level</p>	<p>Information on maximum demand was provided in accordance with the Template</p>
<p>For the 'Winter/Summer peaking' line item, Energex is to indicate the season in which the raw maximum demand occurred by entering 'Winter' or 'Summer' as appropriate.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 21.4 (Methodology)</p>
<p>Where the seasonality of Energex's maximum demand does not correspond with the form of its regulatory years, Energex must explain its basis of reporting maximum demand in the basis of preparation. For example, if Energex forecasts expenditure on a financial year basis but forecasts maximum demand on a calendar year basis because of winter maximum demand, Energex would state that it reports maximum demand on a calendar year basis and describe, for example, the months that it includes for any given regulatory year.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 21.5 (Assumptions)</p>
<p>Energex must provide inputs for 'Embedded generation' if it has kept and maintained historical data for embedded generation downstream of connection points and if it accounts for such embedded generation in its maximum demand forecast.</p> <p>Energex must describe the type of embedded generation data it has provided. For example, Energex may state that it has included scheduled, semi-scheduled and non-scheduled embedded generation. In this example, we would be able to calculate native demand by adding these figures to the raw maximum demand.</p> <p>If Energex has not kept and maintained historical data for embedded generation downstream of connection points, it may estimate the historical embedded generation data or shade the cells black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015 Energex must provide embedded generation data. It must do similarly if it accounts for</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 21.4 (Methodology)</p>

embedded generation in its system level maximum demand forecast.	
<p>Energex must provide inputs for the appropriate cells if it has calculated historical and forecast weather corrected maximum demand.</p> <p>Energex must describe its weather correction process in the basis of preparation. Energex must describe whether the weather corrected maximum demand figures provided are based on raw adjusted maximum demand or raw unadjusted maximum demand or another type of maximum demand figure.</p> <p>Where Energex does not calculate weather corrected maximum demand it may estimate the historical weather corrected data or shade the cells black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015 Energex must provide weather corrected maximum demand in accordance with best regulatory practice weather correction methodologies.</p>	Demonstrated in section 21.4 (Methodology)

## Sources

- Energex's Network Load Forecasting (NLF) database was used to extract metered connection point half hour demand data for aggregation to the total system maximum demand. The Network Load Forecasting (NLF) database was also used to extract data for embedded generation.
- Temperature data was sourced from the Bureau of Meteorology's (BOM) Amberley, Archerfield and Brisbane weather stations.
- The POE adjustment values are based on econometric peak demand models recalculated each season which include economic, demographic and temperature data. The resulting temperature adjusted peak demands for the Energex network are then stored in SIFT - Substation Investment Forecasting Tool.

Table 21-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 21-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Raw coincident maximum demand (MW)	Metering/ NLF
Date maximum demand occurred	Metering/ NLF
Half hour time period maximum demand occurred	Metering/ NLF

Winter/Summer peaking	Metering/ NLF
Embedded generation	Metering/ NLF
Weather Corrected maximum demand 10% POE (MW)	BOM/Demand Model
Weather Corrected maximum demand 50% POE (MW)	BOM/ Demand Model

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

- The Energex 2020 forecast year covers winter 2019 and summer 2019-20.
- The historical daily peak demand data was extracted from NLF database using the connection point metering. The connection point coincident demand was aggregated to the total network coincident demand based on the metering data.
- The date and time that maximum demand occurred was extracted from the NLF database. This also identified whether the maximum demand occurred in summer or winter.
- Embedded generation data was extracted from the NLF database, based on the half hour metering data. The embedded generation included in this Table are Non-scheduled generators less than 30MW in size.
- The temperature adjustment process used by Energex was based on the following process:
  - The days that are unlikely to produce a peak demand were excluded.
  - Multiple seasons of data were used.
  - A multiple regression econometric model was developed to estimate coefficients for price, economic & demographic drivers, temperature, weekdays and the Christmas shut down period.
  - The demand - variable relationship was used in the Monte Carlo simulation to determine the 10POE and 50POE adjustments for the total Energex network. The 10POE and 50POE adjustment factors are stored against each season for each zone substation. At present, Energex is yet to implement the temperature adjustment process at the Bulk supply substation level; however the methodology will be the same as used at the zone substation level.
  - The 10POE and 50POE figures quoted in the RIN do not include the load supplied by generation.



- The Energex System level POE values will be different from the temperature corrected figures calculated at the individual Connection Point (or Zone Substation level) and aggregated to form a system total number - as there are differences in the methodology of temperature correction, with the POE methodology used as the Energex system level incorporating more explanatory variables - like economic and demographic drivers.

## Assumptions

The following assumptions apply to the data used to calculate the weather adjusted peak demand at the network level:

Energex uses a two-step process to classify seasonal peaks in line with the Category Analysis RIN definitions.

Firstly, Energex uses an internal definition of summer in order to capture hot weather-related loads. This allows for the "ending" of the summer season before the forecasting process starts in April. Winter was defined as being from 1 June to 31 August, as this captures winter loads. Energex believes this approach ensures the data set is not corrupted by incorporating hot weather driven loads occurring outside of the winter season.

The second step involves classifying any significant validated annual peaks not classified as either summer nor winter in the first step. If such peaks were to occur, they would be classified as per the RIN defined "summer" and "winter" periods. No such peaks occurred in 2019-20.

- For the winter model, any day where the average temperature (daily minimum + daily maximum / 2) was above 16.0 degrees Celsius at Amberley during the winter period - was disregarded.
- For the summer model, the weather data used was a single series population weighted composite of the Amberley, Archerfield and Brisbane weather stations. Each data point needed to satisfy two conditions, the average temperature needed to be equal or above 22 degrees Celsius, and the maximum temperature needed to be equal or above 28.5 degrees Celsius.
- The temperature data is based on the daily minimum and maximum temperatures, with the weekday, weekend and Friday temperatures all identified separately in the model, allowing both the day and temperature affects to be adjusted for.
- From 2019, the interpretation of "raw network coincident MD" was taken to mean the highest metered load for a half hour over the course of a year, including the load offset by major embedded generators, and as such, the generation total is quoted as a negative number.

## **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

## **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.

# BOP - 5.4 MD Utilisation Spatial

## Table 5.4.1 Non-coincident & Coincident Maximum Demand

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Table 22-1 demonstrates how the information provided by Energex is consistent with each of the requirements specified by the AER.

**Table 22-1 - Demonstration of Compliance**

Requirements (instructions and definitions)	Consistency with requirements
<p>In RIN Tables 5.4.1 and 5.4.2 (on RIN Template 5.4), Energex must input maximum demand information for the indicated network segments.</p> <p>Energex must insert rows into the RIN Templates for each component of its network belonging to that segment. Energex must note instances where it decommissions components of its network belonging to that segment in the basis of preparation document(s).</p>	<p>Information on maximum demand was provided in accordance with this requirement.</p>
<p>For the 'Winter/Summer peaking' line item, the Energex is to indicate the season in which the raw maximum demand occurred by entering 'Winter' or 'Summer' as appropriate.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)</p>
<p>Where the seasonality of Energex's maximum demand does not correspond with the form of its regulatory years, Energex must explain its basis of reporting maximum demand in the basis of preparation. For example, if Energex forecasts expenditure on a financial year basis but forecasts maximum demand on a calendar year basis because of winter maximum demand, Energex would state that it reports maximum demand on a calendar year basis and describe, for example, the months that it includes for any given regulatory year.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 22.5 (Assumptions)</p>
<p>Where maximum demand in MVA occurred at a different time to maximum demand in MW, Energex must enter maximum demand figures for both measures at the time maximum demand in MW occurred. In such instances, Energex must enter the maximum demand in MVA in the basis of preparation, noting the regulatory year in which it occurred.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)</p>
<p>If Energex cannot use raw unadjusted maximum demand as the basis for the information it provides in RIN Table 5.4.1, it must describe the methods it employs to populate those Tables.</p>	<p>Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)</p>

Energex must input the rating for each element in each network segment. For RIN Templates 5.4.1 and 5.4.2, rating refers to normal cyclic rating.

Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)

Energex must provide the seasonal rating that corresponds to the time of the raw adjusted maximum demand. For example, Energex must provide the summer normal cyclic rating of the network segment if the raw adjusted maximum demand occurred in summer.

Where Energex does not keep and maintain connection point rating information (for example, where the TNSP owns the assets to which such ratings apply), it may estimate this information or shade the cells black.

Energex must provide inputs for 'Embedded generation' if it has kept and maintained historical data for embedded generation downstream of the specified network segment and/or if it accounts for such embedded generation in its maximum demand forecast. Energex must allocate embedded generation figures to the appropriate element of the network segment under system normal conditions (consistent with the definition of raw adjusted maximum demand).

Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)

Energex must describe the type of embedded generation data it has provided. For example, Energex may state that it has included scheduled, semischeduled and non-scheduled embedded generation in the Tables for connection points. In this example, we would be able to calculate native demand by adding these figures to the raw adjusted maximum demand figures.

If Energex has not kept and maintained historical data for embedded generation downstream of the specified network segment, it may estimate the historical embedded generation data or shade the cells black. For the Regulatory Years including and after 2015 Energex must provide embedded generation data. It must do similarly if it accounts for embedded generation in its system level maximum demand forecast.

Energex must provide inputs for the appropriate cells if it has calculated historical weather corrected maximum demand.

Demonstrated in section 22.4 (Methodology)

Energex must provide a short description of its weather correction process in the basis of preparation document(s). Energex must describe whether the weather corrected maximum demand figures provided are based on raw adjusted maximum demand or raw unadjusted maximum demand or another type of maximum demand figure.

Where Energex does not calculate weather corrected maximum demand it may estimate the historical weather corrected data or

shade the cells black. For Regulatory Years 2015 and thereafter Energex will be required to provide weather corrected maximum demand on an ongoing basis in accordance with best regulatory practice weather correction methodologies.

Tables requesting system coincident data are referring to the demand at that particular point on the network (e.g. zone substations) at the time of system (or network) peak.

For example, RIN Template 5.4.2 (on RIN Template 5.4) requests information about the maximum demand on zone substations at the time of system or network peak.

Conversely, non-coincident data is the maximum demand at a particular point on the network (which may not necessarily coincide with the time of system peak). For example, RIN Template 5.4.1 (on RIN Template 5.4) requests information about non-coincident maximum demand at zone substations. In RIN Template 5.4.1 (on RIN Template 5.4), Energex must provide information about the maximum demand at each zone substation in each year, which may not correspond to demand at the time of system peak.

If Energex does not record and/or maintain spatial maximum demand coincident to the system maximum demand, Energex must provide spatial maximum demand coincident to a higher network segment. Energex must specify the higher network segment to which the lower network segment is coincident to in the basis of preparation document(s). For example, if Energex does not maintain maximum demand data for zone substations coincident to the system maximum demand, Energex may provide maximum demand data coincident to the connection point. In this example, Energex would specify the relevant connection point in the basis of preparation document(s).

Demonstrated in section 22.4  
(Methodology)

## Sources

- The SIFT database was used to extract Non-coincident and coincident peak demands for the last five years for each zone and Bulk Supply substation in the Energex area of supply. The date and time of the peak demands were also extracted from the SIFT database.
- The SIFT database is linked to the Energex SCADA networks and extracts the half hour substation directly from this network.
- Temperature data was extracted from five Bureau of Meteorology (BOM) sites across Energex - Amberley, Maroochydore Airport, Brisbane Airport, Archerfield and Coolangatta.

- Embedded generation is metered directly and can be added or deleted from the attached zone substation as required. The embedded generation data is extracted from the Network Load Forecasting (NLF) database.
- The POE adjustment values were extracted from the SIFT database where they exist (progressively updating historical values using a consistent approach).
- Substation rating data was extracted from SIFT and the Equipment Rating (ERAT2) database and was based on the limiting factor i.e. Transformers, cables or circuit breakers.

Table 22-2 sets out the sources from which Energex obtained the required information.

**Table 22-2 - Information Sources**

Variable	Source
Substation Rating	ERAT2 / SIFT
Raw adjusted maximum demand (MW)	SIFT / SCADA
Raw adjusted maximum demand (MVA)	SIFT / SCADA
Date maximum demand occurred	SIFT / SCADA
Half hour time period maximum demand occurred	SIFT / SCADA
Winter/Summer peaking	SIFT / SCADA
Adjustments - Embedded generation	NLF
Weather Corrected maximum demand 10% POE (MW)	SIFT / SCADA / BOM
Weather Corrected maximum demand 10% POE (MVA)	SIFT / SCADA / BOM
Weather Corrected maximum demand 50% POE (MW)	SIFT / SCADA / BOM
Weather Corrected maximum demand 50% POE (MVA)	SIFT / SCADA / BOM

## Methodology

Energex applied the following approach to obtain the required information:

- Substation rating data was extracted from the ERAT2 database via SIFT. The rating was the normal cyclic rating which corresponds to the end of the season in which the raw adjusted maximum demand peaked. The Normal Cyclic rating is the maximum permissible peak daily loading for the given load cycle that a transformer can supply under normal conditions each day of its life, through summer and winter ambient temperature, without reducing the designed life of the transformer. Normal conditions were defined as the system state where all plant are configured in its intended operational state, without planned or forced outages on any plant item.
- The historical demand data stored in SIFT was extracted from the SCADA system for each substation and stored as raw recorded data. Adjustments were then made based on temporary switching or situations where the network was not in a normal state. These adjustments also accounted for embedded generation to produce a native demand for each substation for day and night for each season. Energex uses adjusted raw maximum demand values in this RIN report. From 2019 embedded generation figures are quoted to align with CA RIN Template 5.3 and EB RIN Template 3.4.3
- For substations where it was identified that the non-coincident peak MVA occurred at a different time to the non-coincident peak MW, a separate table is attached showing the non-coincident peak demand in MVA. Refer to Appendix 7 - Maximum Demand and Utilisation Spatial - Peak MVA Differing from Peak MW.
- Non-coincident and coincident MVA values were stored based on the recorded MW and MVA compensation operating at the half hour of peak demand. The time and date of each peak was recorded in SIFT for each substation and season (i.e. summer or winter).
- The peak values recorded for 2020 are based on the greater of the historical maximum demand for the summer of 2019-20, and the historical maximum demand for the winter of 2019.
- Substations without ratings are customer substations.
- Embedded generation is stored separately based on the metering data and the substation or bulk supply substation parent. The embedded generation within Energex is generally small in size and is Non-scheduled generation including Rocky Point (the largest in the Energex area of supply).

The temperature adjustment process used by Energex was based on the following process and is documented in the Energex procedure document 674:

- The days that are unlikely to produce a peak demand were excluded.
- Multiple seasons of data were used and then normalised to remove annual growth.
- A multiple regression model was developed for daily maximum demand incorporating maximum temp, minimum temp, and variables for Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays, public holidays, and the Christmas shut down period.  $D = f(\text{MIN, MAX, Xmas Shutdown, Fridays, Saturdays, Sundays, public holidays, constant and error term})$ .
- The model and weather station with the best fit was used in the Monte Carlo simulation to determine the 10POE and 50POE adjustments for each zone substation. The adjustments were applied to the raw peak demand to calculate the 10POE and 50POE adjusted demands.

The 10POE and 50POE adjustment factors are stored against each season for each zone substation.

- Australian Paper Mill - 2013
- Airport Link Kedron (Construction) - 2011
- Airport Link Toombul (Construction) - 2012
- Amberley (Old) - 2009
- Currumbin Package - 2009
- Ebbw Vale T1 - T2 - 2010
- Ebbw Vale T4, T5 - T6 - 2010
- North South Bypass Tunnel - 2009

## **Assumptions**

Energex applied the following assumptions to the data used to calculate the weather adjusted data at the zone substation level:

- Where the zone substation has insignificant variables or contribution to demand, these values were excluded from the calculation.

Energex uses a two-step process to classify seasonal peaks in line with the Category Analysis RIN definitions.

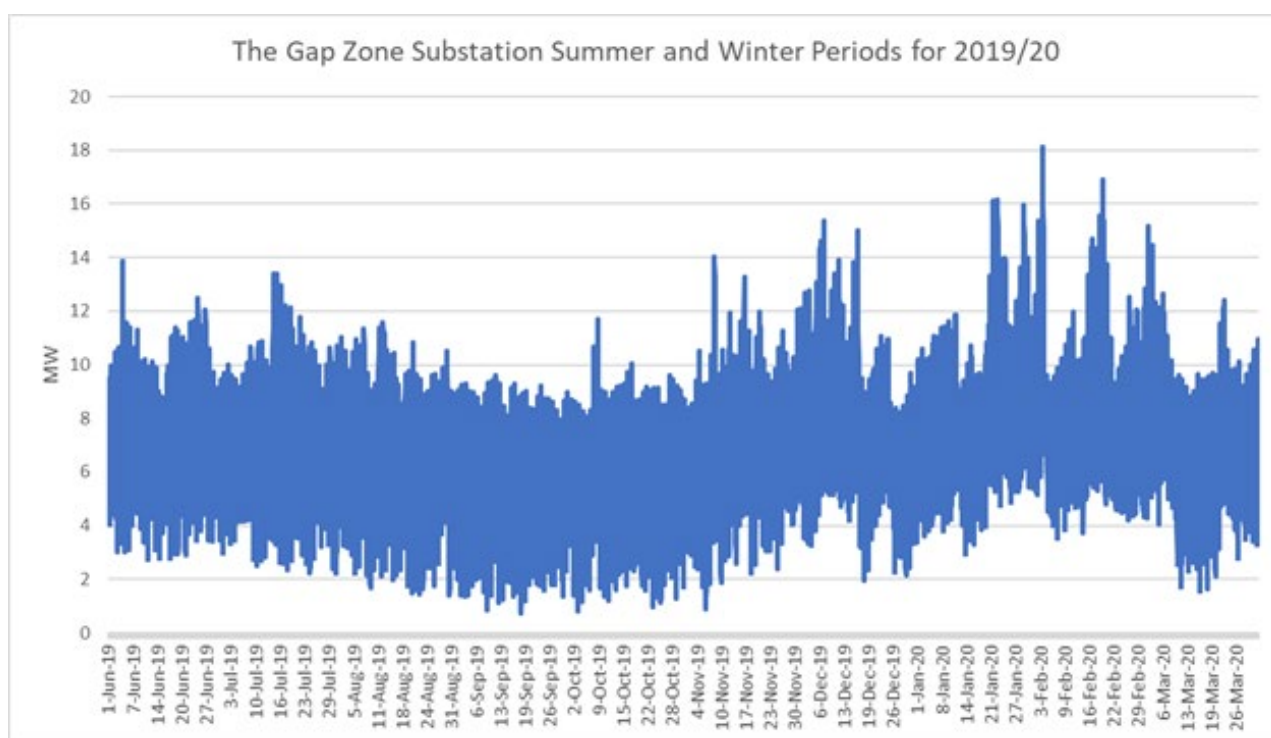
Firstly, Energex uses an internal definition of summer in order to capture hot weather-related loads. This allows for the "ending" of the summer season before the forecasting process starts in April. Winter was defined as being from 1 June to 31 August, as this captures winter loads. Energex



believes this approach ensures the data set is not corrupted by incorporating hot weather driven loads occurring outside of the winter season.

The second step involves classifying any significant validated annual peaks not classified as either summer nor winter in the first step. If such peaks were to occur, they would be classified as per the RIN defined "summer" and "winter" periods. No such peaks occurred in 2019-20.

Graph 1, provided as an example, illustrates the half hourly MW load for an Energex zone substation during 2019-20. It demonstrates that the loads peaked in Feb 2020 (which was within the summer period), and hit winter seasonal peak early Jun 2019 (within the defined winter period). There were no peaks above the seasonal peaks outside those two periods in 2019/20.



- The temperature threshold was based on the average for each day.
- Any day where the average temperature at Amberley was above 17.0 degrees Celsius during the winter period was disregarded.
- Any day where the average temperature at Amberley was below 24.5 degrees Celsius during the summer period was disregarded.
- The temperature data was based on the daily minimum and maximum temperatures, with the weekday, Friday, Saturday, Sunday, public holidays, the Xmas shutdown & temperatures all identified separately in the model, allowing both the day and temperature effects to be adjusted for.

- The weather data sourced from the Bureau of Meteorology was based on five weather stations, including Maroochydore, Brisbane Airport, Archerfield, Coolangatta and Amberley.
- Energex system peak half hour for winter and summer was used to determine the time and date for Coincident demand at the zone and bulk supply substations.

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided 'Actual Information' (as per the AER's defined term) in relation to all variables contained in this Template.

### **Explanatory Notes**

#### **Maximum Demand and Utilisation Spatial - Peak MVA Differing from Peak MW**

Algerier BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	71.97
			MAX MVA	72.00
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Beaudesert BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	41.75
			MAX MVA	54.38
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	20/01/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Browns Plains BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	114.08
			MAX MVA	161.99
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	21/01/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Burleigh Heads BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	96.43
			MAX MVA	99.52
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	29/01/2020
			MAX MVA	20/11/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Caboolture BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	143.28
			MAX MVA	144.45
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Gatton BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	28.62
			MAX MVA	30.64
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Hay s Inlet BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	154.19
			MAX MVA	154.49
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Ibis BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	11.14
			MAX MVA	14.83
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	22/08/2019
			MAX MVA	18/11/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	8:00:00 AM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	WINTER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Myrtle town BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	33.17
			MAX MVA	33.25
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	06/12/2019
			MAX MVA	31/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Nambour BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	74.84
			MAX MVA	77.55
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	20/08/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	WINTER
Stafford BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	151.09
			MAX MVA	176.46
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	08/11/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Stradbroke Is BS	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	4.86
			MAX MVA	5.64
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	01/01/2020
			MAX MVA	22/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Acacia Ridge	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	17.04
			MAX MVA	17.28
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	27/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	8:30:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Albany Creek	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	27.83
			MAX MVA	28.19
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Ashgrove	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	24.78
			MAX MVA	27.26
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	22/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Bald Hills Bus 1	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	7.30
			MAX MVA	7.67
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	12/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:30:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Boonah	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	7.47
			MAX MVA	8.61
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	16/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Bundall	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	13.95
			MAX MVA	14.01
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	20/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	9:00:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	



Caboolture	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	22.41
			MAX MVA	23.72
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Caboolture West	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	27.08
			MAX MVA	27.81
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Cades County	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	66.69
			MAX MVA	66.96
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Caloundra	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	48.53
			MAX MVA	48.71
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Capalaba South	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	16.48
			MAX MVA	16.97
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	30/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Carole Park	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	20.28
			MAX MVA	21.80
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	20/06/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	12:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	WINTER	

Charlotte St	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	89.98
			MAX MVA	90.31
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	12:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	12:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Chemsid	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	40.69
			MAX MVA	40.73
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	22/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Coopers Plains	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	19.91
			MAX MVA	19.92
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11/12/2019
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	1:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Crestmead	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	26.66
			MAX MVA	26.69
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Deception Bay	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	27.42
			MAX MVA	27.46
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Doboy	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	13.54
			MAX MVA	16.44
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	30/01/2020
			MAX MVA	12/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	12:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Duffield Road	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	22.39
			MAX MVA	23.30
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Eight Mile Plains Bus 1	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	13.66
			MAX MVA	17.16
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	25/06/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	WINTER	
Eight Mile Plains Bus 2	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	14.19
			MAX MVA	24.69
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	18/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Esk	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	3.10
			MAX MVA	3.11
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Eumundi	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	3.39
			MAX MVA	3.87
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	04/06/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	WINTER	
Fisherman Is A	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	9.14
			MAX MVA	9.18
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	02/12/2019
			MAX MVA	02/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	8:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	9:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	



Fisherman Is B	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	4.36
			MAX MVA	4.36
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11/12/2019
			MAX MVA	18/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	8:00:00 AM
			MAX MVA	8:00:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Geebung	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	32.85
			MAX MVA	32.85
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	1:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Glenore Grove	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	8.78
			MAX MVA	8.86
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	10/12/2019
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Grantham	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	4.79
			MAX MVA	4.79
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11/12/2019
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Gympie	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	25.38
			MAX MVA	25.49
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	16/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Gympie North	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	14.45
			MAX MVA	14.46
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Hamilton	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	21.50
			MAX MVA	23.29
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Hamilton Lands	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	13.86
			MAX MVA	14.02
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	22/01/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	1:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	12:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Hendra	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	19.05
			MAX MVA	21.51
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	16/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Hollywell	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	36.55
			MAX MVA	37.63
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	7:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Ibis	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	0.35
			MAX MVA	4.44
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	31/03/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Inala	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	30.77
			MAX MVA	30.85
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Kawana	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	26.62
			MAX MVA	27.79
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Kilcoy	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	11.66
			MAX MVA	12.21
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11/12/2019
			MAX MVA	07/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Loganlea	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	16.05
			MAX MVA	16.19
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	20/01/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	2:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Lowood	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	2.80
			MAX MVA	2.92
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	06/12/2019
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Lytton	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	27.57
			MAX MVA	28.04
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	17/12/2019
			MAX MVA	02/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Mango Hill Bus 1	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	21.72
			MAX MVA	22.34
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	07/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Mango Hill Bus 2	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	31.13
			MAX MVA	31.80
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	28/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Marburg	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	4.68
			MAX MVA	5.86
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	12/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Milton	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	39.92
			MAX MVA	39.96
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	22/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	1:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	2:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Molendinar	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	41.48
			MAX MVA	43.02
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	20/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Morayfield	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	29.07
			MAX MVA	29.09
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Mt Crosby West	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	13.42
			MAX MVA	13.72
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	06/12/2019
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER



Mt Sylvia	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	1.06
			MAX MVA	1.07
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	26/06/2019
			MAX MVA	20/06/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	10:30:00 AM
			MAX MVA	10:00:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	WINTER
		MAX MVA	WINTER	
Murarie	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	21.91
			MAX MVA	21.93
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	21/01/2020
			MAX MVA	16/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Murrumba	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	2.67
			MAX MVA	5.02
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	08/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	8:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Narangba	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	24.14
			MAX MVA	25.85
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	3:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Noosaville	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	34.00
			MAX MVA	36.01
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	22/01/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Nth Pine Dam	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	0.48
			MAX MVA	3.50
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	25/07/2019
			MAX MVA	30/07/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11:30:00 AM
			MAX MVA	10:30:00 AM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	WINTER
		MAX MVA	WINTER	

Nundah	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	22.64
			MAX MVA	26.29
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	19/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Queensport	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	26.21
			MAX MVA	26.39
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Rocklea	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	17.02
			MAX MVA	17.25
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	27/02/2020
			MAX MVA	27/03/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	10:30:00 AM
			MAX MVA	12:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Salisbury	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	9.58
			MAX MVA	9.61
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	20/01/2020
			MAX MVA	20/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	1:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	1:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Sandgate	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	35.25
			MAX MVA	35.25
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	03/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Surfers Paradise	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	58.70
			MAX MVA	58.78
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	22/01/2020
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	5:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	

Tingalpa	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	23.55
			MAX MVA	25.81
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	29/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Toogoolawah	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	5.03
			MAX MVA	5.65
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	10/12/2019
			MAX MVA	07/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	7:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
West Maroochydore	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	31.77
			MAX MVA	32.12
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	6:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	4:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Whinstanes	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	9.05
			MAX MVA	9.08
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	16/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11:00:00 AM
			MAX MVA	1:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Whiteside	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	8.15
			MAX MVA	8.79
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	11/12/2019
			MAX MVA	21/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	2:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER
Woodford	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	9.80
			MAX MVA	10.30
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	11/12/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	5:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
			MAX MVA	SUMMER

Woodridge	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	33.95
			MAX MVA	34.70
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	03/02/2020
			MAX MVA	22/01/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	3:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Yandina	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	8.49
			MAX MVA	8.98
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	16/12/2019
			MAX MVA	19/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:30:00 PM
			MAX MVA	6:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Private Sub	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	11.99
			MAX MVA	16.84
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	08/11/2019
			MAX MVA	17/11/2019
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	4:00:00 PM
			MAX MVA	11:00:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	
Private Sub	RAW ADJUSTED MD	MVA	NON-COINCIDENT	16.51
			MAX MVA	16.64
	DATE MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	06/12/2019
			MAX MVA	14/02/2020
	HALF HOUR TIME PERIOD MD OCCURRED		NON-COINCIDENT	12:30:00 AM
			MAX MVA	2:30:00 PM
	WINTER/SUMMER PEAKING		NON-COINCIDENT	SUMMER
		MAX MVA	SUMMER	



# BOP - 6.3 Sustained Interruptions

## Table 6.3.1 - Sustained Interruptions to Supply

### Compliance with the RIN Requirements

Energex has prepared the information provided in Template 6.3 Sustained Interruptions, Table 6.3.1 - Sustained Interruptions to Supply in accordance with the RIN requirements, including the Principles and Requirements set out in Appendix E and definitions in Appendix F to the RIN.

Energex has populated all variables for cells as required by the RIN.

Table 6.3.1 contains both planned and unplanned, completed interruption events

Table 6.3.1 contains sustained interruptions to supply applying the STPIS Appendix A, "inferred" definition of sustained interruption whereby the duration of interruption is greater than one minute.

Table 6.3.1 contains information that is consistent with Appendix E, 18.4. Interruption events that are excluded under Clause 3.3 (a) of the STPIS are identified in the "Reason for interruption" field of Table 6.3.1. The events that excluded through application of Clause 3.3 (a) present "0" in the "Effect on unplanned SAIDI (by feeder classification)" and the "Effect on unplanned SAIFI (by feeder classification)" fields with Table 6.3.1. [CA RIN Appendix E, 18.4]

An event caused by a customer's electrical installation or failure of that electrical installation which only affects supply to that customer is not deemed an interruption as defined, "A sustained interruption is any loss of electricity supply to a customer associated with an outage of any part of the electricity supply network" STPIS 2009 and CA RIN Appendix E 18.2]. These events have been confirmed through site inspection to have resulted from faults and failures within the customer's installation and as such are considered to be an event beyond the boundary of the electricity supply network and therefore excluded from Ergon Energy reported reliability performance under the STPIS.

Therefore an event caused by a customer's electrical installation/failure or request of that electrical installation present "0" in the "Effect on unplanned SAIDI (by feeder classification)" and the "Effect on unplanned SAIFI (by feeder classification)" fields with Table 6.3.1.

### Sources

Energex has sourced data from its internal outage management and asset management systems (PON / EPM / NFM) for the relevant regulatory year.

### Methodology

The methodology applied to provide the information in response to the RIN for the relevant regulatory year:

- **Date of event** records the date that the event commenced
- **Time of interruption** records the time the first customer was interrupted
- **Asset ID (Feeder ID)** records the Feeders asset number affected as identified in the PON system.
- **Feeder classification** are CBD, Urban (UR) & Short Rural (SR) as per the definitions in Appendix A of the AER's Electricity DNSP's, STPIS (November 2009). Reporting is based on the feeder's classification the end of the regulatory year.
- **Reason for interruption** records the detailed reason for interruption grouped by the RIN's grouping classification listed in Columns N of the supplied RIN Template 6.3.
- **Detailed reason for interruption** records the cause of why the interruption occurred grouped by the RIN's grouping classification listed in Columns O of the supplied RIN Template 6.3.
- **Number of customers affected by the interruption** records the number of customer interrupted on the feeder in the event.
- **Average duration of sustained customer interruption** is the calculated as the ratio of aggregate customer minutes interrupted and number of customers interrupted.
- **Effect on unplanned SAIDI (by feeder classification)** is the calculation of the sustained unplanned customer minutes experienced on the Feeder divided by average number of customers of the feeder's classification.(Note: planned, and other STPIS excluded events have no effect on unplanned SAIDI or SAIFI and as such will be reported as '0'.)
- **Effect on unplanned SAIFI (by feeder classification)** is the calculation of the sustained unplanned customers interrupted on the Feeder divided by average number of customers of the feeder's classification.(Note: planned, and other STPIS excluded events have no effect on unplanned SAIDI or SAIFI and as such will be reported as '0'.)
- **MED** identifies interruption events that occurred on a nominated Major Event Day (MED) in accordance with clauses 3.3 (b) of the AER's STPIS scheme. They are identified in the "MED" field of Table 6.3.1 and represented by "YES" in this column. The events that occur on a nominated MED present the contribution of the event to the feeder classification SAIDI and SAIFI in columns J and K of Table 6.3.1. [CA RIN Appendix E, 18.4].

## Assumptions

Energex applied the following assumptions to obtain the required figures:

- Relevant Financial Year (Between 1 July and 30 June)
- Completed unplanned sustained (>1min) interruptions
- A customer is defined as a premise having an assigned Active NMI with an Active Account.
- Queried EPM to retrieve all interruptions to supply by transformer. Associated fields such as category, duration, cause and customer counts were also recorded.
- Energex notes that Average number of customers (the number of distribution customers is calculated as the average of the number of customers at the beginning of the reporting period (1 July) and the number of customers at the end of the reporting period (30 June)) was used as the denominator for the calculation as per the formula outlined in Appendix A of the AER's STPIS scheme.
- In classifying each asset failure Energex used the cause Table "Reason for interruption" and "Detailed reason for interruption" and cross referenced these criteria to the Energex outage cause codes in use.
- "Unallocated" Transformers (Transformers with Null category assigned) are not able to be assigned to a feeder and are therefore not included in the data reported.
- For planned interruptions this accounted for sustained planned Customer Minutes of 41,171 and a Customers Interrupted of 135 where the associated category was unavailable. This resulted in a system SAIDI of 0.028 minutes and a system SAIFI of 0.0001 interruptions.
- Planned SAIDI - The error percentage against the normalised MSS system SAIDI is  $0.0273/97.192 = 0.028\%$ .
- Planned SAIFI - The error percentage against the normalised MSS system SAIFI is  $0.0001/0.840 = 0.011\%$ .

### **Estimated Information**

Energex has provided actual information for all information in Table 3.6.8 for the relevant regulatory year.

Where information is provided it is done so in accordance with the AER's definitions and applying the assumptions and methodology that is described within this Basis of Preparation.

### **Explanatory Notes**

Not applicable.