10/5/2023

Arek Gulbenkoglu General Manager Australian Energy Regulator GPO Box 3131 Canberra ACT 2601

Dear AER,

I write on behalf of Quarry Products Newcastle (QPN) in the Hunter Valley of NSW. I write with regards to Ausgrid's 2024-29 Regulatory Proposal.

QPN is a large market electrical user that consumes approximately 1.5 GWh per annum across 3 NMIs. Two of the NMIs are currently on Ausgrid tariffs (EA305 & EA370) that include Network Capacity charges.

Ausgrid's currently approved tariffs and their 2024-2029 regulatory proposal have a unique, unparalleled in Australia and unfair approach to how their demand charges are applied to large customers. As per their Tariff Structure Statement Compliance paper – 31 Jan 2023¹ on page 23 the Peak Capacity charges are applied as follows:

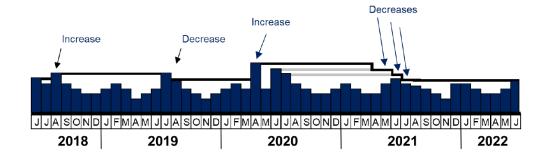
| Peak capacity | cents / kVA / day | Charge applied to the customer's highest kVA of demand during any half-hour period between 3-9pm |
|---------------|----------------------|--|
| | | on working weekdays in the previous 12 months |

As explained in Ausgrid's existing Network Price Guide ² on page 20 this in effect gives rise to a ratcheting effect whereby a site must reduce their maximum demand consecutively over a 12-month period before any reduction in demand charges are seen.

This is grossly unfair and not cost reflective in that:

 Large consumption customers are charged for peak demand every month over a 12 month period even if they only operate for one hour in the peak demand capture period in the first month of a 12 month period as per the diagram below taken directly from Ausgrid's ES7 Network Price Guide.

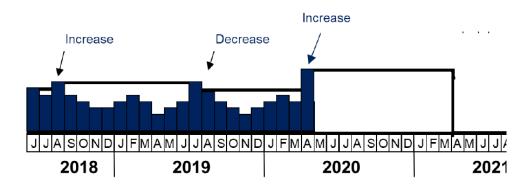
Illustrative example of the ratcheting of the capacity charge calculation



¹ Ausgrid - 2024-29 Regulatory Proposal - 31 Jan 2023

² Ausgrid ES7-Network-Price-Guide

As an example if a customer were to have the below maximum demands captured up until April 2020 they would then be charged demand charges for the next 11 months based on the maximum demand capture in April 2020 even though no demand had been captured in the following 11 months.



This contrasts with small business and residential customers on Ausgrid demand tariffs whereby they are only charged for the peak demand measured each month.

This is distinctly in contrast to Ausgrid's statement that charges are "cost reflective".

During the AER Resets Public Forum on the 5/4/2023 this question was specifically put to Ausgrid. The paraphrased answer that was provided was that "the appropriate demand charges all comes down to the size of the pipe" and that "tariffs are a complex issue". This is conflating the issue and did not directly address the inequity between small customers and large customers. All customers have a "pipe" or wired network connection. Ausgrid have also made their demand charges "complex" for large market customers by adding the rolling demand window of 12 months as opposed to month by month like every other DNSP in Australia.

When a new customer needs to connect to Ausgrid (or any other DNSP's) network the ASP process needs to be undertaken and the new customer essentially pays for the design, installation of assets that need to be upgraded on Ausgrid's network to provide the customer connection.

At that point in time the customer is effectively paying for the size of the pipe into their premise. If the customer then operates for only 1 business day a year they are then back charged for the previous 12 months based on that 1 business day of peak demand capture. Why are they paying for the "pipe" over and over even if the asset has not been used in the past 11 months?

We suggest that a more equitable and cost reflective approach is to do what all other Australian DNSPs do and only level the demand charge monthly.

- 2) Despite the fact that Ausgrid have introduced demand tariffs for residential and small business customers those customers will still be allowed to opt out into time of use tariffs whereas large consumption customers do not have this benefit. Simple Time of Use based tariffs are not cost reflective so why do large consumers have to subsidise small consumers? We suggest the reason why Ausgrid do this is because unlike small market customers, large market customers do not have recourse with the Energy Ombudsman. This makes it near on impossible for large market customers to challenge Ausgrid on these tariffs as generally the only way to do so would be legally unless the AER steps in.
- 3) Ausgrid's demand capture period is currently set at 6 hours (2-8pm) and Ausgrid are now proposing that it be 3-9pm. This window is too wide and or at the wrong times with respect to demand on the distribution network. As per 8.2 of Our TSS Explanatory Statement for 2024-29 ³page 35 Ausgrid state:

Over the past 5 years, 92% of system-wide peaks have occurred in the proposed window of 3pm to 9pm, while only 83% have occurred in the current peak window; and Over the past 3 years, 82% of annual zone substation peaks have occurred in the proposed window, compared to 52% in the current peak window.

Ausgrid have therefore effectively admitted that they had their peak demand window set to the wrong time period during the 2019-2024 period.

We suggest that the peak demand capture period should be from 5pm-9pm from the 1st of July 2024 or at a maximum from 4:30-9pm.

4) Ausgrid have stated on page 24 of their TSS Explanatory Statement³ that:

'the increasing uptake of rooftop solar is reducing demand on our network in the afternoon, when the volume of customer energy typically peaks.

And the below chart from page 35 also shows it is very clear that peak demand is not a major issue until approximately 5pm. Again, therefor how can Ausgrid justify starting it at 3pm let alone 4pm?

³ Ausgrid - Att. 8.2 - Our TSS Explanatory Statement for 2024-29 - 31 Jan 2023



That being said the above chart obfuscates the real picture in terms of network peaks/expenditure drivers as it does not show the seasonal nature of the peaks. It is common knowledge in the electrical distribution industry that distribution network peaks occur on a handful of days in summer or occasionally winter when people return from work and run air conditioning/electric heating. This typically occurs from 5-8pm.

Ausgrid's Distribution Zone Substation data is freely available here: https://www.ausgrid.com.au/Industry/Our-Research/Data-to-share/Distribution-zone-substation-data

Analysis of the dataset for 2022 has been performed and the results appended to the end of this letter. As can be seen from the analysis there are very few (generally less than 0.5%) of all time samples at zone substations where the measured demand is within 10% of the maximum demand observed over the given period.

A heatmap of Branxton distribution zone substation has also been appended showing how infrequent demands within 10% of the maximum demand observed in the data occur.

It is also notable that within the datasets that for the majority of the sites that demand figures >90% of the observed max demand were visible on the 1st if February 2022. This corresponded with what was measured as the highest temperature measured at Sydney's Observatory Hill BOM weather station.

http://www.bom.gov.au/jsp/ncc/cdio/weatherData/av?p_nccObsCode=122&p_display_type =dailyDataFile&p_startYear=2022&p_c=-876881648&p_stn_num=066214

There are also others that corresponded with the coldest days of the year 9-10/6/22.

It is therefore nonsensical to apply a demand capture period of 12 months. Also, why should any of Ausgrid's demand tariffs have their peak demand capture period start at 3pm when their own distribution zone substation data shows generally that their zone substations are not overloaded at that point in time?

For a reference to what could be considered a cost reflective and or equitable demand tariff please see Ausnet tariffs NSP75 – NSP78.

Ausnet levies a capacity charge for a customer based on the based on the nameplate rating of the transformer the customer is connected to. If there is more than one customer connected to a transformer then each customer is charged based on their percentage allocation.

Ausnet also levy a critical peak demand charge where the customer's peak demand is captured on 5 nominated peak demand weekdays during the defined critical peak demand period.

This is essentially Ausnet signalling to the market that what drives upgrades of their network is the demand on a handful of days in a year, not every day of the year as Ausgrid are currently doing and penalising large customers for.

As a summary QPN believe that Ausgrid's rolling demand capacity charges are grossly inequitable and not cost reflective and should be changed to a month to month charge basis so that large customers are not subsidising small customers and or are cost reflective. Ausgrid's peak demand capture period is also too wide and should be reduced to at a maximum 4:30pm-9pm. We ask that the AER analyse the available Ausgrid Distribution Zone Substation data to form their own opinion and act on enforcing these changes so that larger customers are not penalised for non cost reflective tariffs for another 5 years.

Regards

Robert Frost

Chartered Electrical Engineer on behalf of QPN

Table 1 - 2022 Ausgrid Distribution Zone Substation data peak interval analysis

| | | | Number | % of Annual |
|--------------------------------------|----------|-------------|----------------|-------------|
| | Max kVA | | occurrences in | 15 Min |
| | observed | 90% of Max | dataset (15 | Intervals > |
| | in | kVA | min) intervals | 90% of Max |
| Zone Substation File | dataset | observed | > 90% | observed |
| Aberdeen 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 5.140658 | 4.626592463 | 61 | 0.175554724 |
| Adamstown 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 27.53331 | 24.77997884 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Argenton 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 30.10972 | 27.09874623 | 14 | 0.040406373 |
| Auburn 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 25.22912 | 22.7062085 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Avoca 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 39.27921 | 35.3512872 | 63 | 0.181305399 |
| Avondale 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 8.584868 | 7.7263812 | 81 | 0.233106941 |
| Baerami 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 0.547761 | 0.49298472 | 47 | 0.135419368 |
| Balgowlah North 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 35.38892 | 31.850028 | 82 | 0.236665897 |
| Bankstown 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 54.71808 | 49.24626936 | 41 | 0.118005987 |
| Bass Hill 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.78515 | 15.10663663 | 57 | 0.164038218 |
| Beacon Hill 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 18.95568 | 17.06011089 | 60 | 0.172671808 |
| Belrose 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 26.87961 | 24.19165035 | 49 | 0.14101531 |
| Berkeley Vale 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 36.91664 | 33.22497322 | 50 | 0.144308474 |
| Berowra 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.71956 | 21.34760237 | 43 | 0.123748129 |
| Blackwattle Bay 33_5kV FY2022.xlsx | 3.60251 | 3.242258782 | 241 | 0.693565097 |
| Blakehurst 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.03032 | 18.02728401 | 188 | 0.541038333 |
| Botany 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 24.00978 | 21.6088013 | 30 | 0.086335904 |
| Brandy Hill 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 9.459006 | 8.5131054 | 4 | 0.015023474 |
| Branxton 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.16748 | 10.950732 | 37 | 0.106480949 |
| Broadmeadow 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.34214 | 21.00792708 | 9 | 0.025900771 |
| Brookvale 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 36.37331 | 32.7359786 | 126 | 0.362610798 |
| Burwood 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 71.46516 | 64.31863951 | 10 | 0.028778635 |
| Campbell St 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 31.13388 | 28.0204902 | 77 | 0.221595488 |
| Camperdown 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.90148 | 21.511332 | 237 | 0.682053643 |
| Camperdown 33_5kV FY2022.xlsx | 3.102103 | 2.791892697 | 60 | 0.172671808 |
| Campsie 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 66.92071 | 60.22864149 | 100 | 0.287786347 |
| Cardiff 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.26871 | 15.54183836 | 8 | 0.023022908 |
| Careel Bay 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.39825 | 12.05842226 | 107 | 0.307931392 |
| Caringbah 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 21.4359 | 19.29231235 | 25 | 0.071946587 |
| Castle Cove 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 54.69131 | 49.22217608 | 14 | 0.040290089 |
| Cessnock South 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 19.12387 | 17.21148687 | 60 | 0.173170169 |
| Charlestown 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 30.1293 | 27.11637259 | 23 | 0.06619086 |
| Charmhaven 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 42.31264 | 38.08137852 | 8 | 0.023022908 |
| Chatswood 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 40.24256 | 36.21830816 | 71 | 0.204328307 |
| City Central 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 76.24726 | 68.62253557 | 257 | 0.739610913 |
| City East 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 24.91486 | 22.42337772 | 138 | 0.397145159 |
| City North 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 118.3603 | 106.5242442 | 416 | 1.197191205 |
| City South 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 89.09876 | 80.18888484 | 255 | 0.733855186 |
| Clovelly 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 42.77199 | 38.49478797 | 161 | 0.463336019 |
| Concord 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.16366 | 34.34729492 | 10 | 0.028778635 |

| Cronulla 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 59.88504 | 53.89653296 | 71 | 0.204328307 |
|---------------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Croudace Bay 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.93206 | 16.13885437 | 28 | 0.080580177 |
| Crows Nest 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.23492 | 34.41143054 | 120 | 0.345343617 |
| Croydon 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.71774 | 34.84596642 | 61 | 0.175549672 |
| Dalley St 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 35.15715 | 31.64143692 | 71 | 0.204328307 |
| Darling Harbour 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 50.31051 | 45.27945993 | 83 | 0.238862668 |
| Darlinghurst 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 34.68955 | 31.22059288 | 290 | 0.834580408 |
| Dee Why West 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 43.26285 | 38.93656488 | 68 | 0.195694716 |
| Denman 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 3.668084 | 3.301275962 | 73 | 0.210084034 |
| Double Bay 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 61.14811 | 55.033297 | 40 | 0.115114539 |
| Drummoyne 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 58.66423 | 52.79780515 | 110 | 0.316564982 |
| Dulwich Hill 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 45.61538 | 41.05384378 | 108 | 0.310809255 |
| Edgeworth 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.95918 | 18.86326272 | 39 | 0.112236675 |
| Empire Bay 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.6936 | 11.4242364 | 19 | 0.054679406 |
| Enfield 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.82714 | 11.54442692 | 124 | 0.443792277 |
| Engadine 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 30.49418 | 27.4447584 | 13 | 0.037412225 |
| Epping 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 47.02323 | 42.3209052 | 56 | 0.161160355 |
| Erina 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 27.03703 | 24.33332417 | 24 | 0.069068723 |
| Flemington 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.01856 | 34.21670045 | 24 | 0.069068723 |
| Galston 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.91165 | 10.72048939 | 1 | 0.002878526 |
| Gateshead 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.32845 | 14.69560887 | 13 | 0.037412225 |
| Gore Hill 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 40.71768 | 36.64591449 | 105 | 0.302175665 |
| Green Square 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 60.17149 | 54.15434266 | 32 | 0.092091631 |
| Greenacre Park 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 51.32331 | 46.19097507 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Gwawley Bay 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 27.50485 | 24.75436116 | 14 | 0.070943549 |
| Harbord 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 22.81279 | 20.5315115 | 31 | 0.089213768 |
| Homebush Bay 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 40.22873 | 36.20585664 | 59 | 0.169793945 |
| Hornsby 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 68.06144 | 61.25529291 | 41 | 0.117992402 |
| Hunters Hill 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 52.62737 | 47.36463741 | 65 | 0.187061126 |
| Hurstville North 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.27467 | 20.94719976 | 15 | 0.043167952 |
| Jannali 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 33.36303 | 30.02672611 | 81 | 0.317248943 |
| Jesmond 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 37.36342 | 33.62707728 | 51 | 0.146771037 |
| Jewells 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.62407 | 12.2616648 | 25 | 0.072145908 |
| Killarney 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 14.51512 | 13.06361084 | 34 | 0.097847358 |
| Kingsford 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 57.9965 | 52.1968536 | 177 | 0.51091098 |
| Kirrawee 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 37.43333 | 33.6899949 | 55 | 0.158282491 |
| Kogarah 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 65.23344 | 58.71009996 | 33 | 0.094969495 |
| Kotara 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.86556 | 16.07900673 | 37 | 0.106480949 |
| Kurnell South 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 8.355052 | 7.519546929 | 37 | 0.106480949 |
| Kurri 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 24.20718 | 21.78646065 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Lake Munmorah 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.36531 | 18.3287808 | 54 | 0.155404628 |
| Leichhardt 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 44.93949 | 40.44554244 | 169 | 0.486358927 |
| Leightonfield 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 19.51318 | 17.56186622 | 65 | 0.187061126 |
| Lemington 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 1.780525 | 1.60247268 | 11 | 0.031847134 |
| Lidcombe 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.87155 | 15.18439907 | 10 | 0.028778635 |

| Lindfield 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 31.80051 | 28.62046013 | 18 | 0.070499765 |
|-------------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Lisarow 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.70703 | 18.63632519 | 84 | 0.241740532 |
| Long Jetty 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 39.68361 | 35.71525136 | 27 | 0.077702314 |
| Lucas Heights 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 7.598856 | 6.838970662 | 269 | 0.774145275 |
| Macquarie Park 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 72.37741 | 65.1396654 | 253 | 0.728099459 |
| Maitland 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 21.04416 | 18.93974361 | 11 | 0.031656498 |
| Manly 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 18.30325 | 16.47292674 | 103 | 0.296419938 |
| Maroubra 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 42.53498 | 38.2814808 | 99 | 0.284908484 |
| Marrickville 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 50.70414 | 45.633726 | 192 | 0.552549787 |
| Maryland 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 19.74084 | 17.76675698 | 6 | 0.017267181 |
| Mascot 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 29.16655 | 26.24989818 | 444 | 1.277771383 |
| Matraville 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 37.49715 | 33.74743307 | 167 | 0.4806032 |
| Mayfield West 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.20019 | 18.18017005 | 42 | 0.122577633 |
| Meadowbank 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 58.55804 | 52.70223576 | 109 | 0.313687119 |
| Medowie 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.83886 | 10.6549745 | 24 | 0.069068723 |
| Menai 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 40.94169 | 36.8475177 | 16 | 0.046045816 |
| Merriwa 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 2.956 | 2.6604 | 55 | 0.158661474 |
| Metford 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.64612 | 34.7815116 | 13 | 0.037412225 |
| Milperra 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 40.43207 | 36.38886663 | 151 | 0.434557385 |
| Miranda 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 29.69949 | 26.7295381 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Mitchell Line 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.51041 | 10.35936971 | 44 | 0.126991457 |
| Mitchells Flat 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 1.413394 | 1.27205424 | 9 | 0.029998 |
| Mona Vale 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 33.34595 | 30.01135678 | 81 | 0.317248943 |
| Moonan 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 0.77345 | 0.69610471 | 44 | 0.126625993 |
| Morisset 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 340.5678 | 306.5110272 | 10 | 0.035435861 |
| Mortdale 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 44.56535 | 40.10881546 | 82 | 0.235984805 |
| Mosman 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 79.77251 | 71.79526315 | 94 | 0.270519167 |
| Mt Hutton 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 15.09504 | 13.58554041 | 53 | 0.164213788 |
| Mt Thorley 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 4.718652 | 4.246786486 | 63 | 0.181305399 |
| Muswellbrook 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.60061 | 11.34055242 | 46 | 0.140974563 |
| Narrabeen 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.6087 | 12.2478262 | 28 | 0.080580177 |
| Nelson Bay 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.41813 | 21.07631779 | 76 | 0.218717624 |
| New Lambton 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 14.94461 | 13.45014951 | 19 | 0.054679406 |
| Newcastle CBD 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 35.21348 | 31.692132 | 56 | 0.161160355 |
| Newdell 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 6.887207 | 6.198485859 | 10 | 0.028778635 |
| Newport 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 18.54061 | 16.68655157 | 9 | 0.025900771 |
| Noraville 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.94808 | 21.5532678 | 49 | 0.14101531 |
| North Head 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.59563 | 14.93606319 | 120 | 0.345343617 |
| North Sydney 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 52.59175 | 47.33257618 | 89 | 0.256129849 |
| Nulkaba 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 15.38543 | 13.84688304 | 24 | 0.069268067 |
| Olympic Park 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 27.28982 | 24.56083989 | 31 | 0.089213768 |
| Paddington 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 31.61068 | 28.44961284 | 89 | 0.256129849 |
| Paxton 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 5.402715 | 4.86244377 | 37 | 0.106480949 |
| Peats Ridge 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 10.39455 | 9.355092757 | 2 | 0.005772339 |
| Pelican 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.08101 | 9.97291152 | 35 | 0.100725222 |

| Pennant Hills 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 67.23111 | 60.50799983 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
|--|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Port Botany 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.6284 | 14.96556 | 112 | 0.323250981 |
| Potts Hill 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 37.76693 | 33.99024136 | 57 | 0.164038218 |
| Punchbowl 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.18186 | 34.363674 | 78 | 0.224473351 |
| Pymble 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 29.63335 | 26.6700139 | 104 | 0.299297801 |
| Rathmines 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.92375 | 11.63137437 | 46 | 0.13238172 |
| Raymond Terr NEW 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 20.98425 | 18.8858268 | 62 | 0.178942508 |
| Revesby 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 63.47612 | 57.12850712 | 1 | 0.002877863 |
| Riverwood 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 26.61659 | 23.95492807 | 37 | 0.106480949 |
| RNS Hospital 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 10.71484 | 9.64335707 | 39 | 0.11256061 |
| Rockdale 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 39.79229 | 35.81306424 | 121 | 0.34822148 |
| Rose Bay 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 48.39426 | 43.55483793 | 140 | 0.402900886 |
| Rothbury 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.39567 | 10.25610552 | 12 | 0.034534362 |
| Rouchel 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 0.969218 | 0.872296526 | 7 | 0.020168842 |
| Rutherford 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.33063 | 20.99756758 | 80 | 0.230229078 |
| Sans Souci 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.44858 | 14.80372061 | 119 | 0.342465753 |
| Scone 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.28216 | 11.953944 | 86 | 0.248210575 |
| Sefton 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 44.46379 | 40.01741346 | 14 | 0.040290089 |
| Singleton 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 14.89664 | 13.40697906 | 45 | 0.129671786 |
| Singleton North 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.9825 | 16.18424844 | 8 | 0.023022908 |
| Somersby 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.32576 | 15.59318004 | 108 | 0.310809255 |
| St Ives 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 45.02231 | 40.52007596 | 59 | 0.169793945 |
| St Peters 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 65.06926 | 58.5623304 | 30 | 0.086335904 |
| Stockton 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 7.085116 | 6.376604256 | 37 | 0.121323409 |
| Strathfield South 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 26.87014 | 24.18312706 | 15 | 0.043167952 |
| Surry Hills 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 27.5624 | 24.8061604 | 45 | 0.129503856 |
| Swansea 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.31599 | 11.9843892 | 39 | 0.112236675 |
| Tanilba Bay 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 10.09661 | 9.086952002 | 48 | 0.138137447 |
| Tarro 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 17.92272 | 16.13045092 | 8 | 0.023086691 |
| Telarah 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 11.2779 | 10.15011329 | 17 | 0.048923679 |
| Terrey Hills 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 13.51041 | 12.15936992 | 54 | 0.155404628 |
| Thornton 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 24.75 | 22.275 | 6 | 0.017267181 |
| Tighes Hill 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 23.12067 | 20.8086048 | 88 | 0.253982914 |
| Tomago 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 12.90268 | 11.61240851 | 1 | 0.002886169 |
| Tomalpin 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 4.848937 | 4.364043251 | 1 | 0.002886169 |
| Tomaree 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 18.57322 | 16.715898 | 26 | 0.07482445 |
| Top Ryde 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 44.60594 | 40.14534443 | 10 | 0.028778635 |
| Toronto West 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.59851 | 14.9386572 | 61 | 0.176056338 |
| Turramurra 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 38.32013 | 34.4881152 | 66 | 0.208359641 |
| Umina 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 28.6989 | 25.82900729 | 23 | 0.066192765 |
| Vales Point 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 5.896524 | 5.306871344 | 85 | 0.244618395 |
| Wamberal 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 16.00543 | 14.4048852 | 63 | 0.181828677 |
| Waverley 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 45.8981 | 41.30828879 | 156 | 0.448946702 |
| West Gosford 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 45.77771 | 41.19993792 | 17 | 0.048923679 |
| Williamtown 33_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 6.049453 | 5.444508138 | 5 | 0.014389317 |

| Woy Woy 66_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 18.68948 | 16.82052951 | 35 | 0.100725222 |
|------------------------------|----------|-------------|-----|-------------|
| Wyong 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 36.99207 | 33.29286516 | 20 | 0.057557269 |
| Zetland 132_11kV FY2022.xlsx | 53.14516 | 47.83064515 | 132 | 0.379877979 |

Table 2 - Heat map of Branxton Distribution Zone Substation data showing intervals >90% of max demand observed in red

