

12 MARCH – 18 MARCH 2006

Spot prices for the week averaged between \$20/MWh in Queensland and \$26/MWh in Tasmania and were generally aligned across the market.

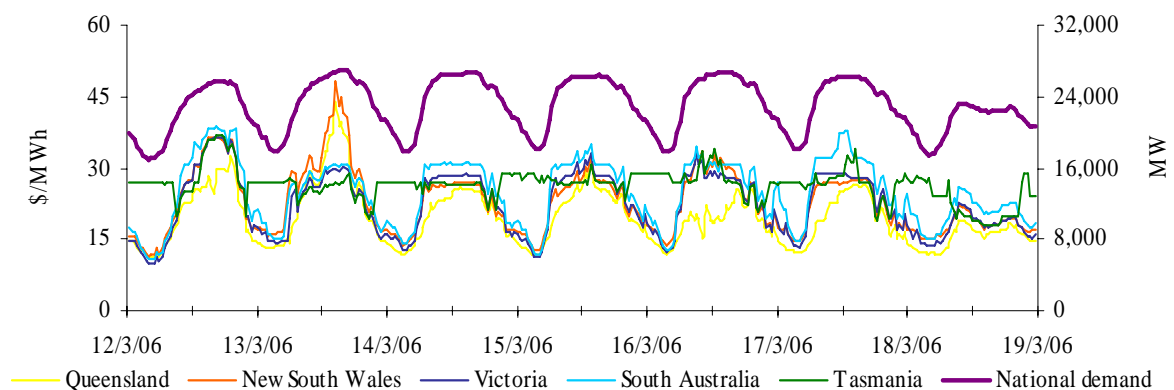
Turnover in the energy market was \$88 million. The total cost of ancillary services for the week, including Tasmania, was around \$162 000, or approximately 0.1 per cent of energy market turnover.

Significant variations between actual prices and those forecast 4 and 12 hours ahead occurred in 8, or around 2 per cent of all trading intervals. Demand forecasts produced 4 and 12 hours ahead varied from actual by more than 5 per cent in a quarter of all trading intervals across the market. These variations were most frequent in South Australia occurring in around half of all trading intervals.

## Energy prices

Figure 1 sets out national demand and spot prices in each region for each trading interval. Figure 2 compares the volume weighted average price with the averages for the previous week, the same quarter last year and for the financial year to date. Figure 3 compares the weekly price volatility index with the averages for the previous week and the same quarter last year.

**Figure 1: national demand and spot prices**



**Figure 2: volume weighted average spot price for energy market (\$/MWh)**

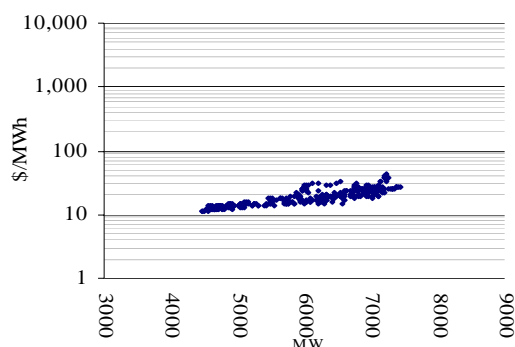
	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
Last week	20	24	23	25	26
Previous week	28	26	25	29	26
Same quarter last year	25	35	22	31	-
Financial year to date	34	50	39	46	69
% change from previous week	▼28%	▼10%	▼10%	▼13%	0%
% change from same quarter last year	▼19%	▼33%	▲3%	▼19%	-
% change from year to date	▲2%	▼6%	▲30%	▲14%	-

**Figure 3: volatility index during peak periods**

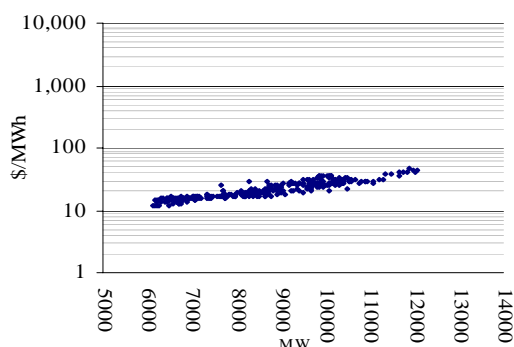
	QLD	NSW	VIC	SA	TAS
Last week	0.36	0.40	0.31	0.30	0.21
Previous week	1.07	0.93	0.82	0.82	0.82
Same quarter last year	0.73	0.74	0.78	0.70	-

Figures 4 to 8 show the weekly correlation between spot price and demand.

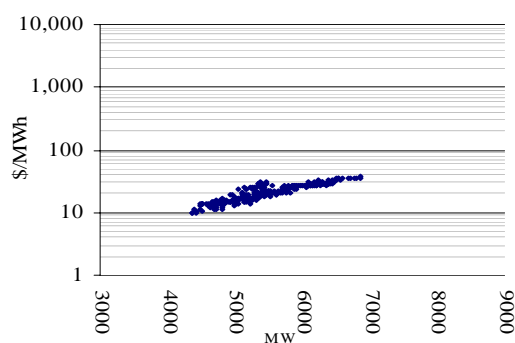
**Figure 4: Queensland**



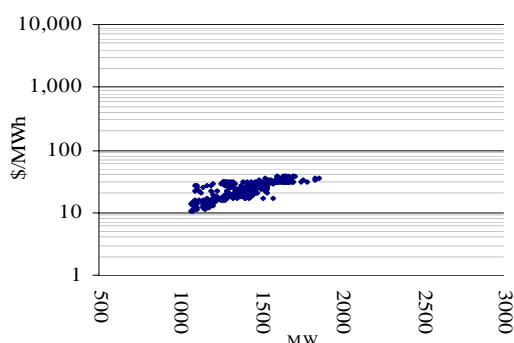
**Figure 5: New South Wales**



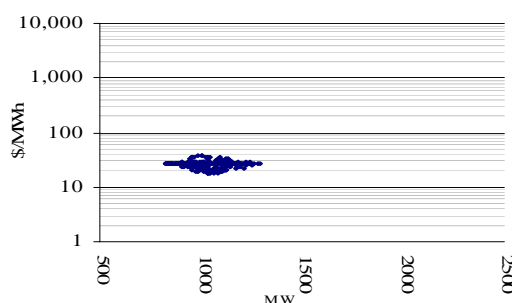
**Figure 6: Victoria**



**Figure 7: South Australia**



**Figure 8: Tasmania**



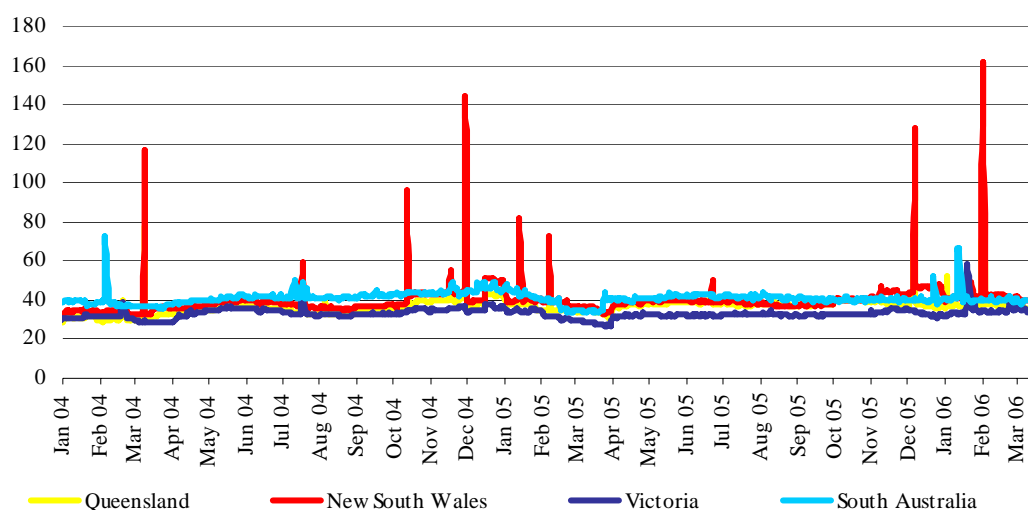
Maximum spot prices ranged from \$36/MWh in Victoria to \$48/MWh in New South Wales.

Figure 9 sets out the d-cyphaTrade wholesale electricity price index (WEPI) for each region throughout the week excluding Tasmania. Figure 10 sets out the WEPI since 1 January 2004.

**Figure 9: d-cyphaTrade WEPI for the week**

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday
Queensland	36.08	35.86	35.63	35.92	35.91
New South Wales	39.39	38.78	38.52	38.86	38.34
Victoria	33.91	35.23	35.17	34.87	34.82
South Australia	38.30	40.16	39.79	39.62	39.79

**Figure 10: d-cyphaTrade WEPI**



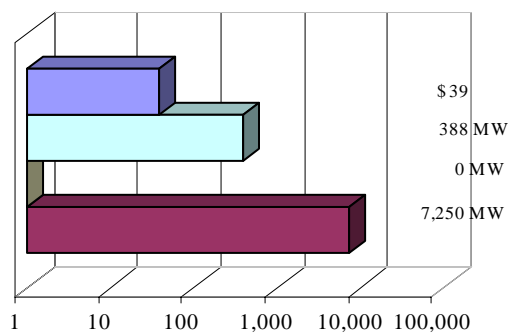
## Reserve

There were no low reserve conditions forecast for the week. There was one direction on Friday afternoon to manage network issues in northern New South Wales and around the Gold Coast.

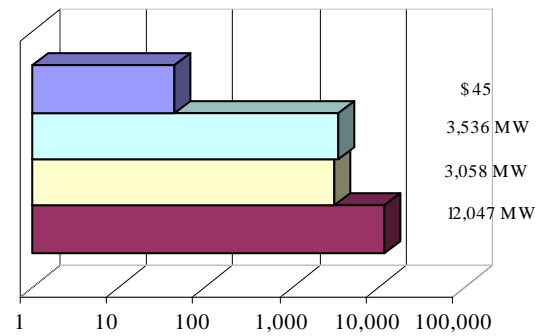
Figures 11 to 15 show spot price, net imports and limits at the time of weekly maximum demand.

Figures 11 to 15: spot price, net import and limit at time of weekly maximum demand

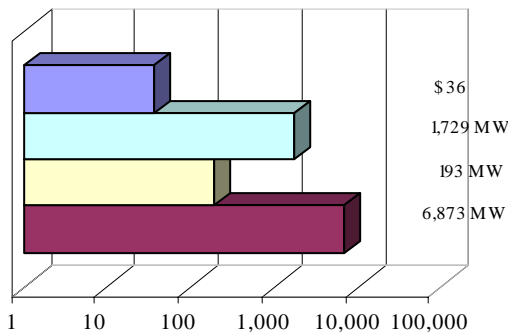
**Figure 11: Queensland**



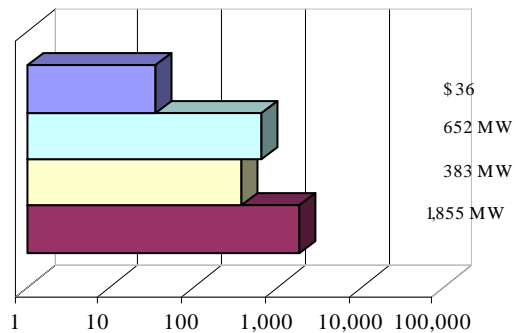
**Figure 12: New South Wales**



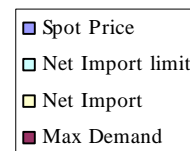
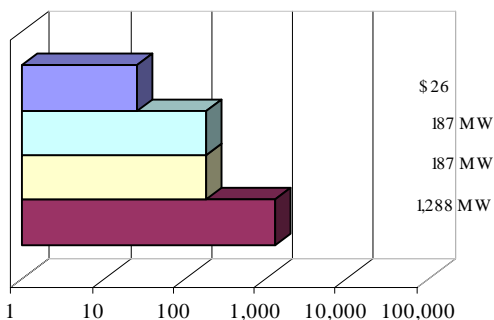
**Figure 13: Victoria**



**Figure 14: South Australia**



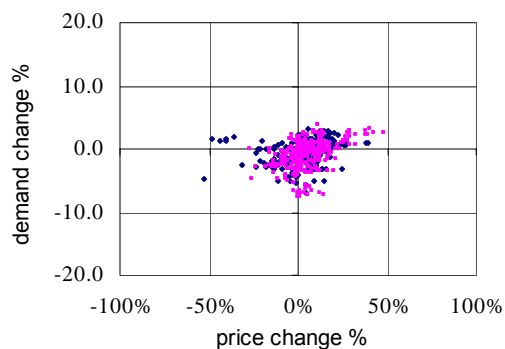
**Figure 15: Tasmania**



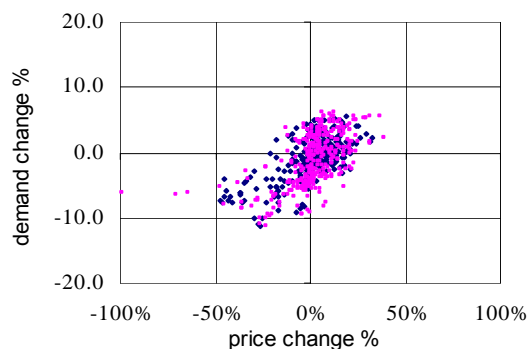
## Price variations

There were 8 trading intervals where actual prices significantly varied from forecasts made 4 and 12 hours ahead of dispatch. Figures 16 to 20 show the difference in actual and forecast price versus the difference in actual and forecast demand. The figures highlight the correlation between price variation and demand forecast error. The information is presented in terms of the percentage difference from actual. Price differences beyond 100 per cent have been capped.

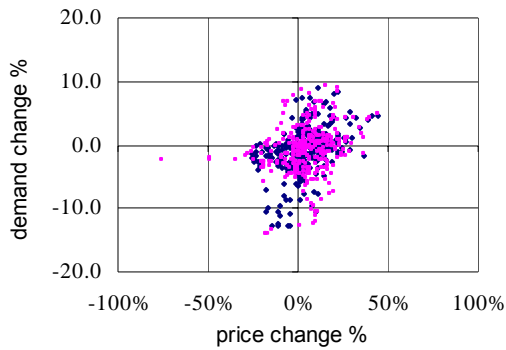
**Figure 16: Queensland**



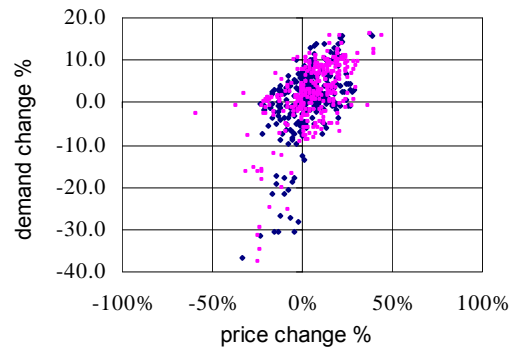
**Figure 17: New South Wales**



**Figure 18: Victoria**



**Figure 19: South Australia**



**Figure 20: Tasmania**

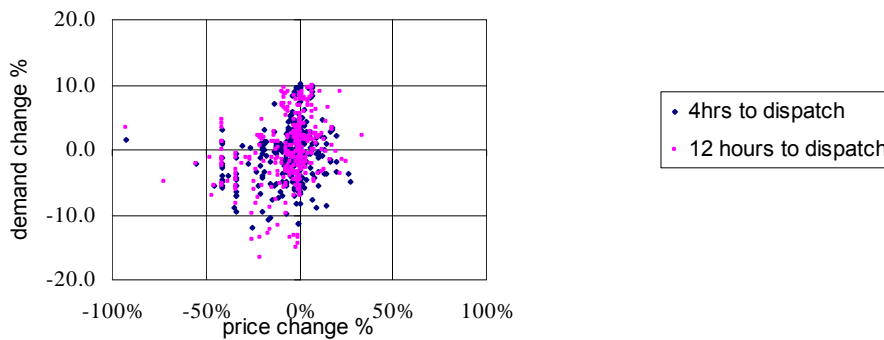
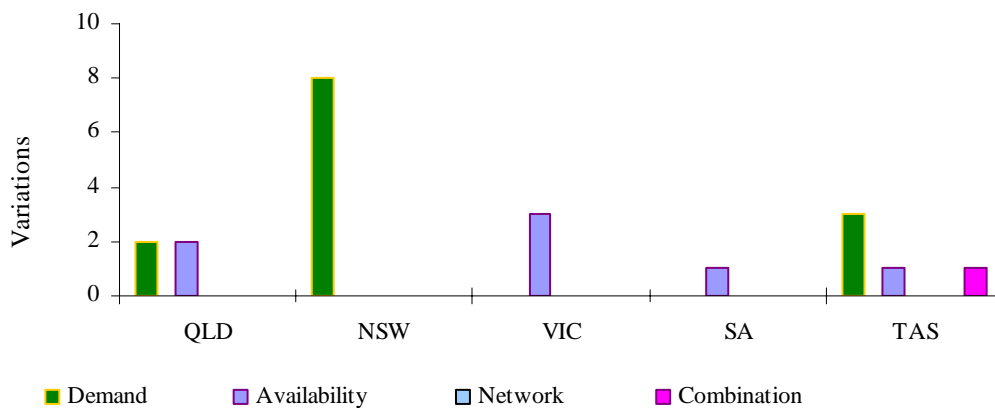


Figure 21 summarises the number and most probable reason for variations between forecast and actual prices.

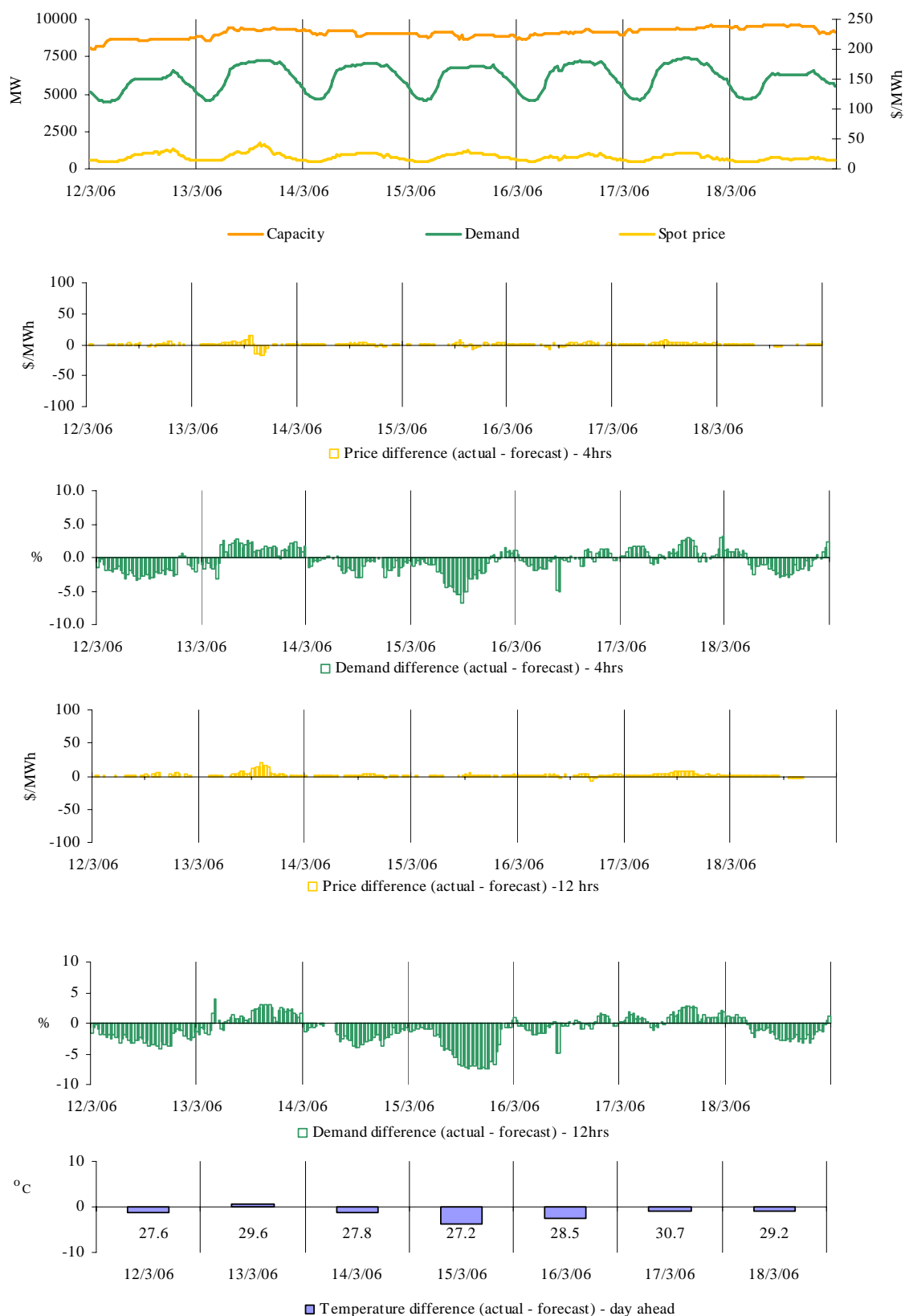
**Figure 21: reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices**



## Price and demand

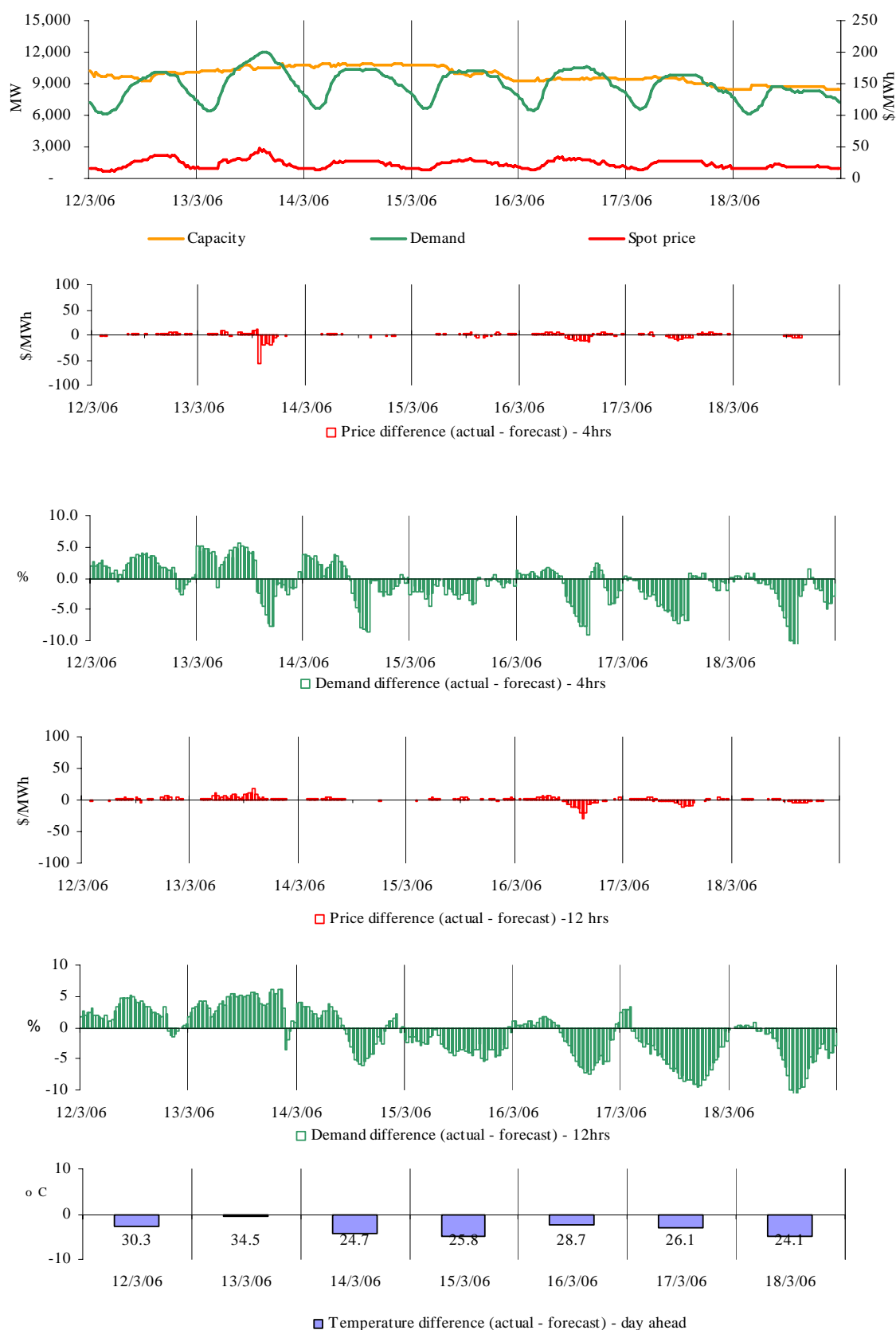
Figures 22 - 51 set out details of spot prices and demand on a regional basis. They include the actual spot price, actual demand outcomes and variation from forecasts made 4 and 12 hours ahead of dispatch on a daily basis. The differences between the maximum temperature and the temperature forecast at around 6.00 pm the day before are also included. Figures 52 - 56 set out for each region the extent of capacity offered into the market within a series of price thresholds. Actual price and generation dispatched in a region are overlaid.

**Figures 22-27: Queensland actual spot price, demand and forecast differences**



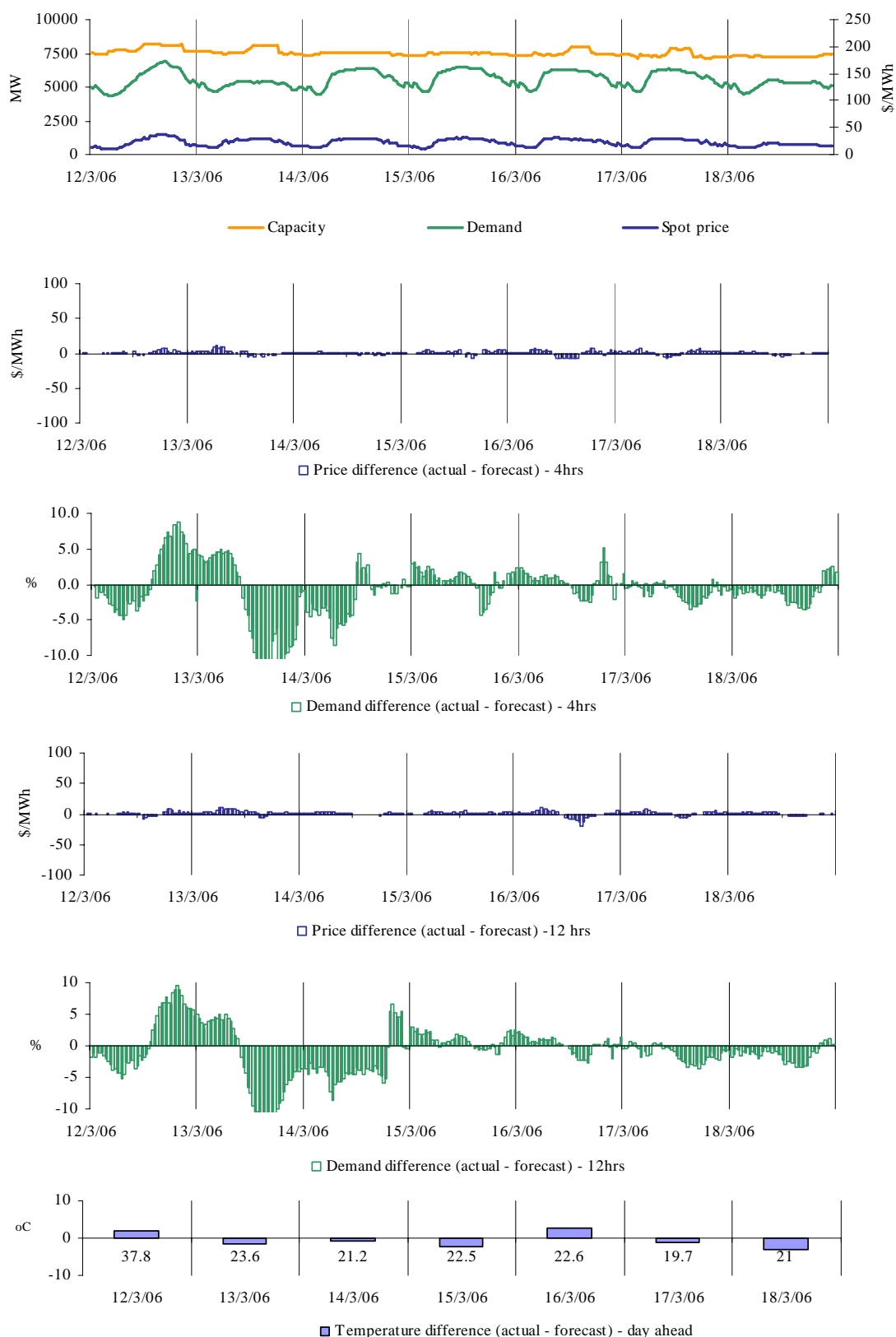
There was no occasion in Queensland where the spot price was greater than three times the weekly average price of \$20/MWh.

**Figures 28-33 New South Wales actual spot price, demand and forecast differences**



There was no occasion in New South Wales where the spot price was greater than three times the weekly average price of \$24/MWh.

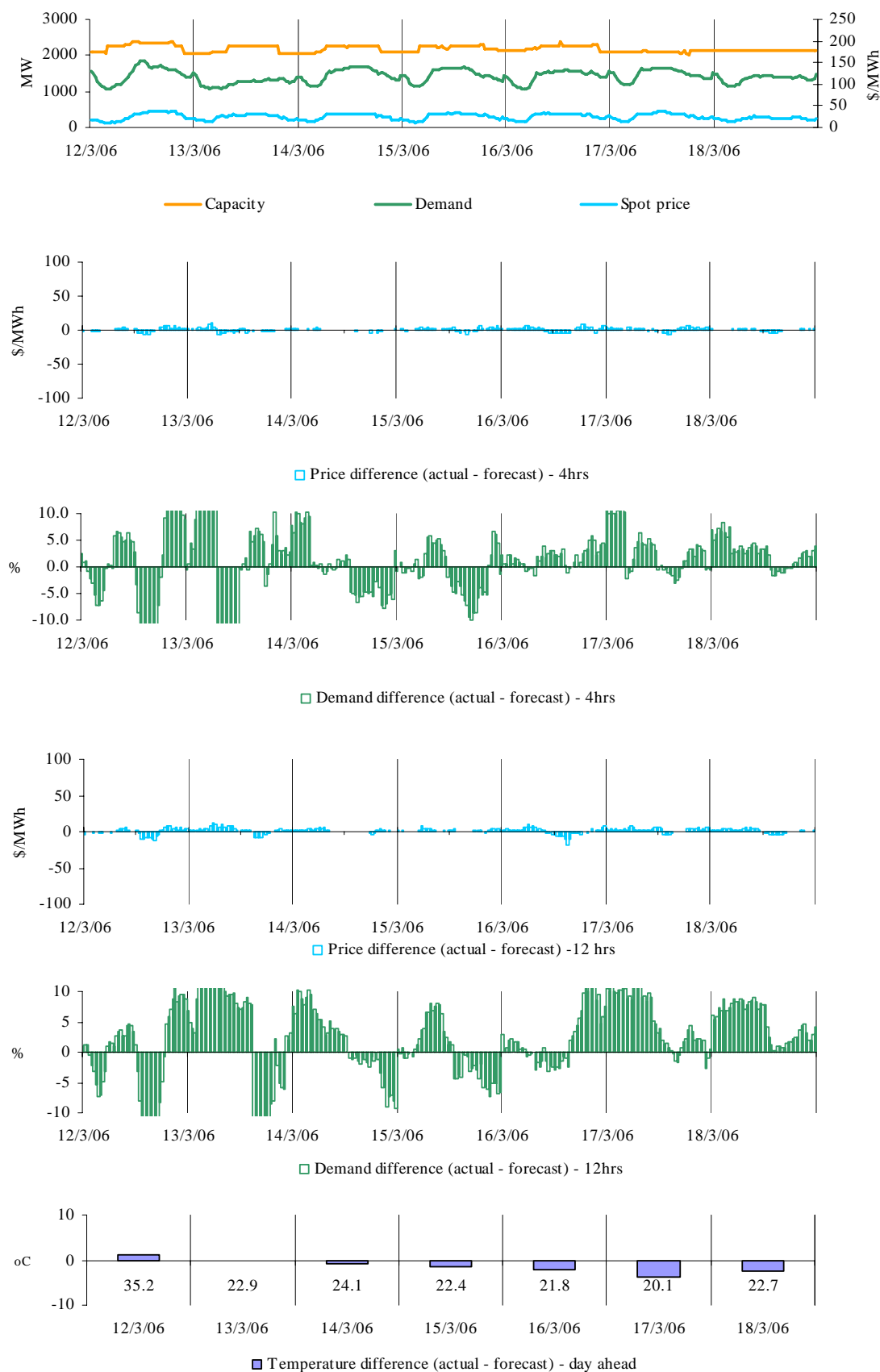
**Figures 34-39: Victoria actual spot price, demand and forecast differences**



There was no occasion in Victoria where the spot price was greater than three times the weekly average price of \$23/MWh.

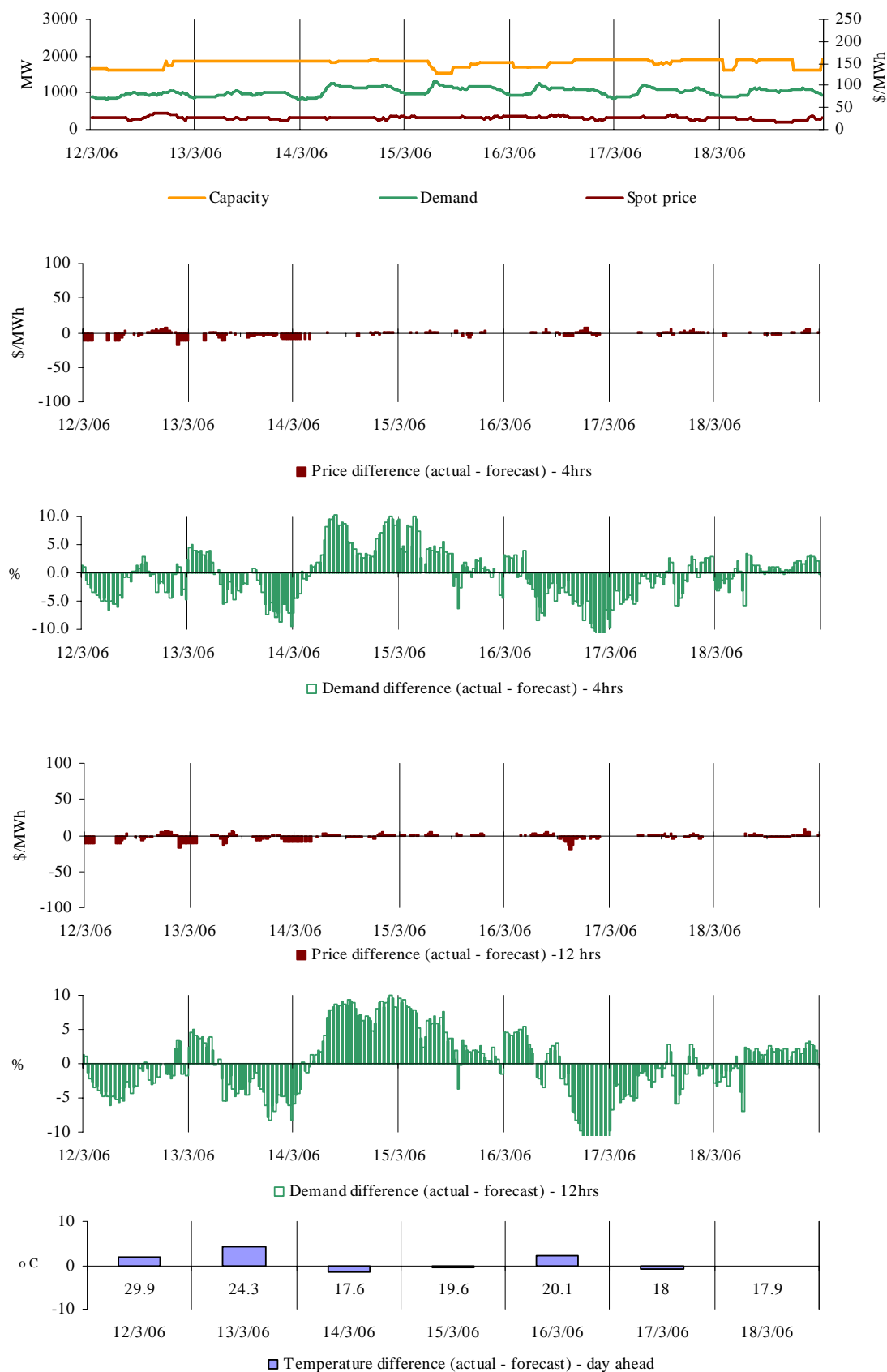


**Figures 40-45: South Australia actual spot price, demand and forecast differences**



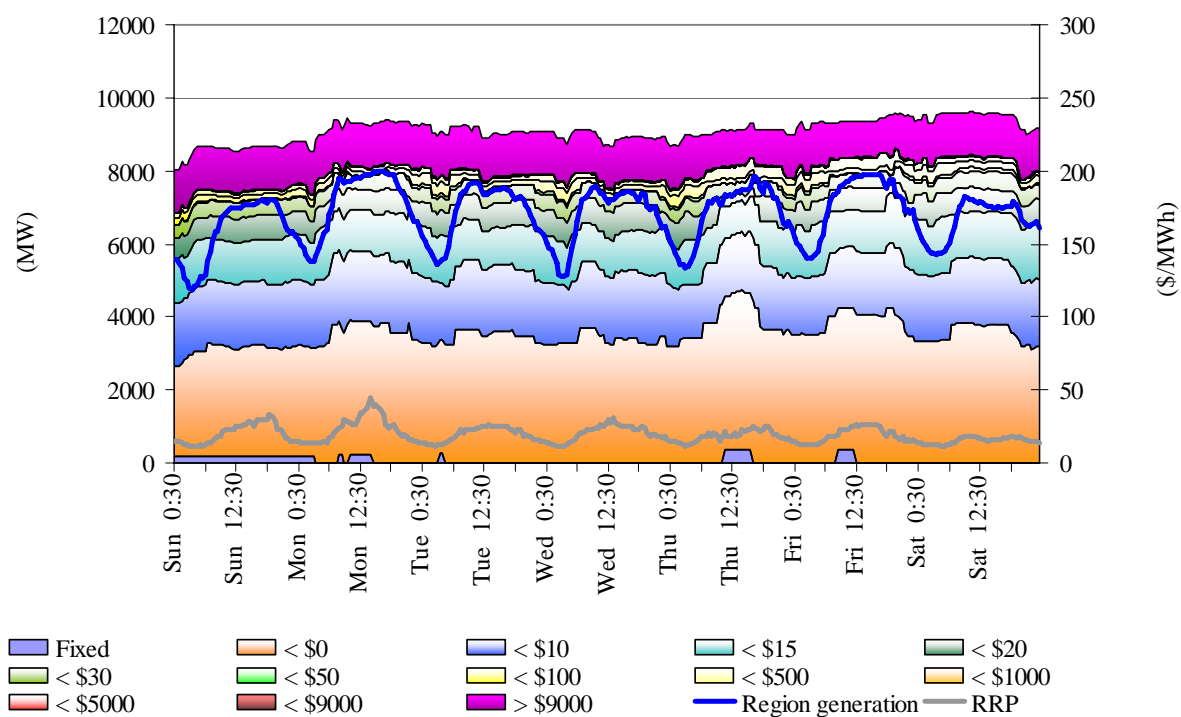
There was no occasion in South Australia where the spot price was greater than three times the weekly average price of \$25/MWh.

**Figures 46-51: Tasmania actual spot price, demand and forecast differences**

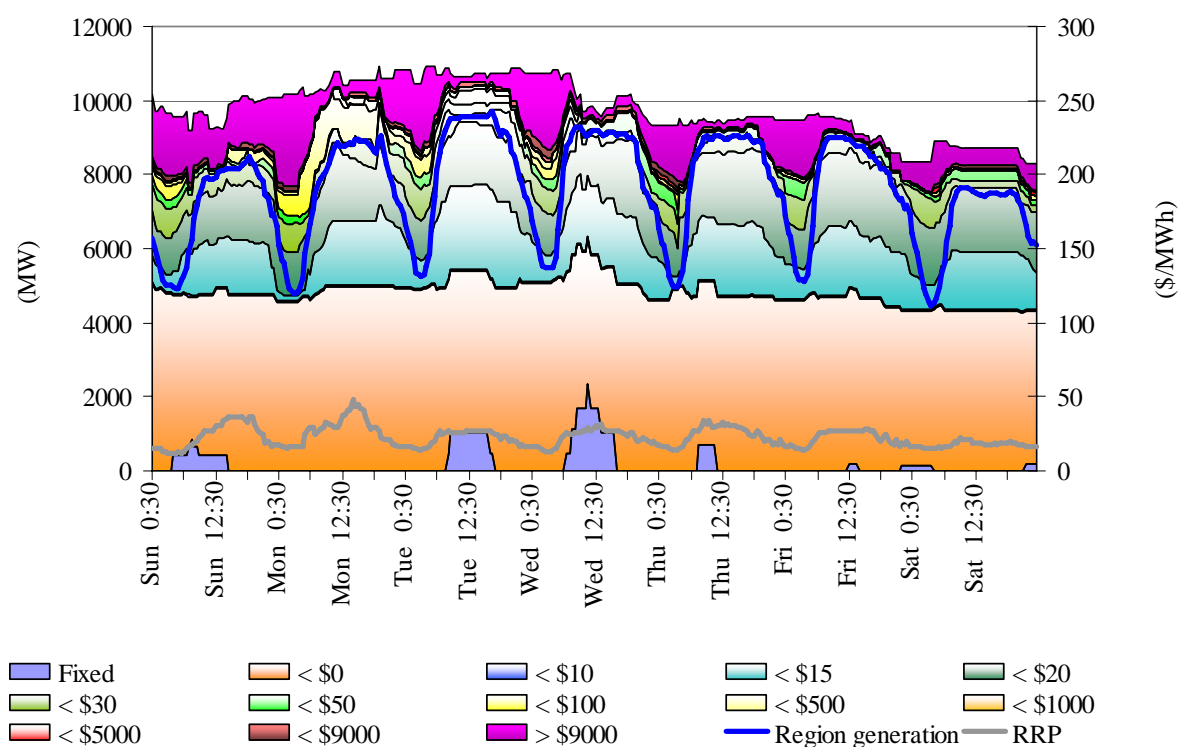


There was no occasion where the spot price in Tasmania was greater than three times the weekly average price of \$26/MWh.

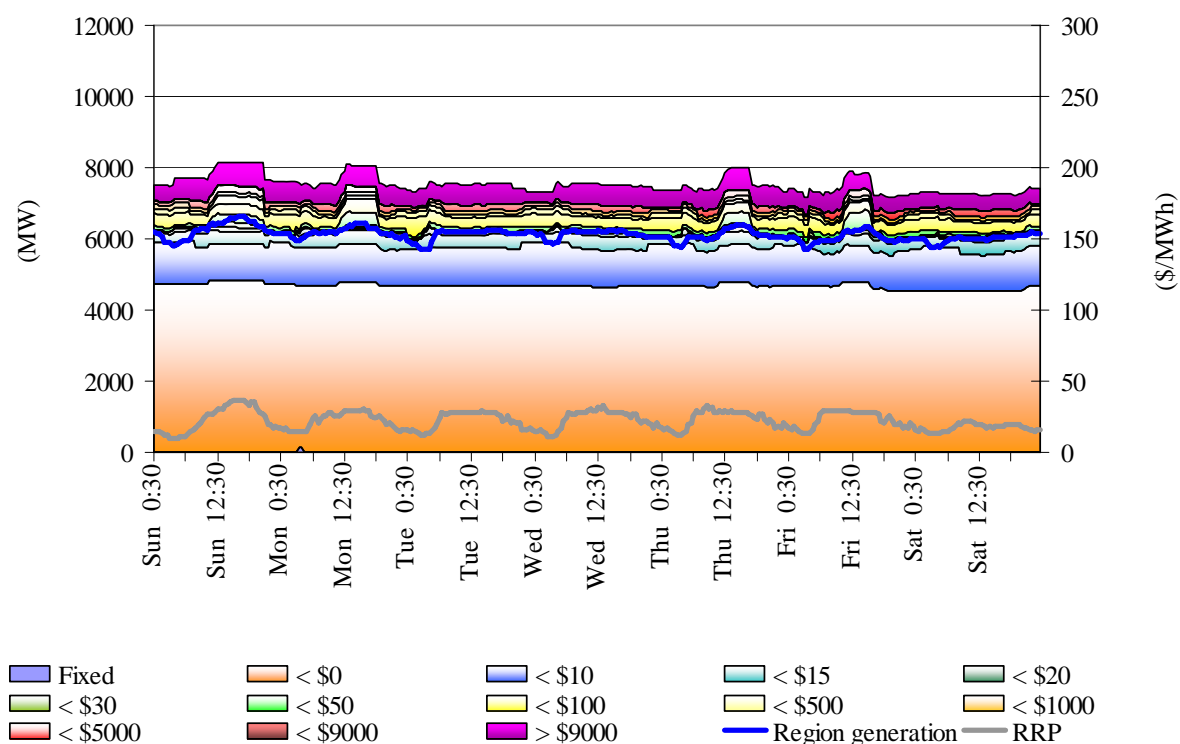
**Figure 52: Queensland closing bid prices, dispatched generation and spot price**



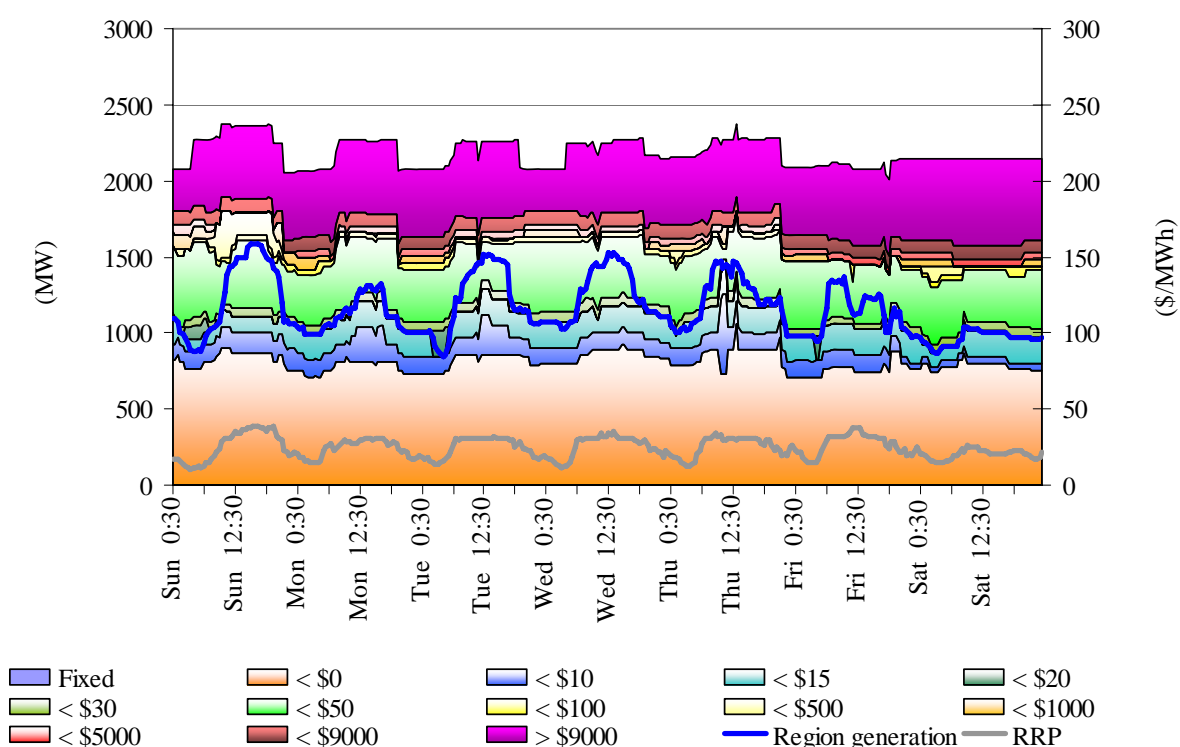
**Figure 53: New South Wales closing bid prices, dispatched generation and spot price**



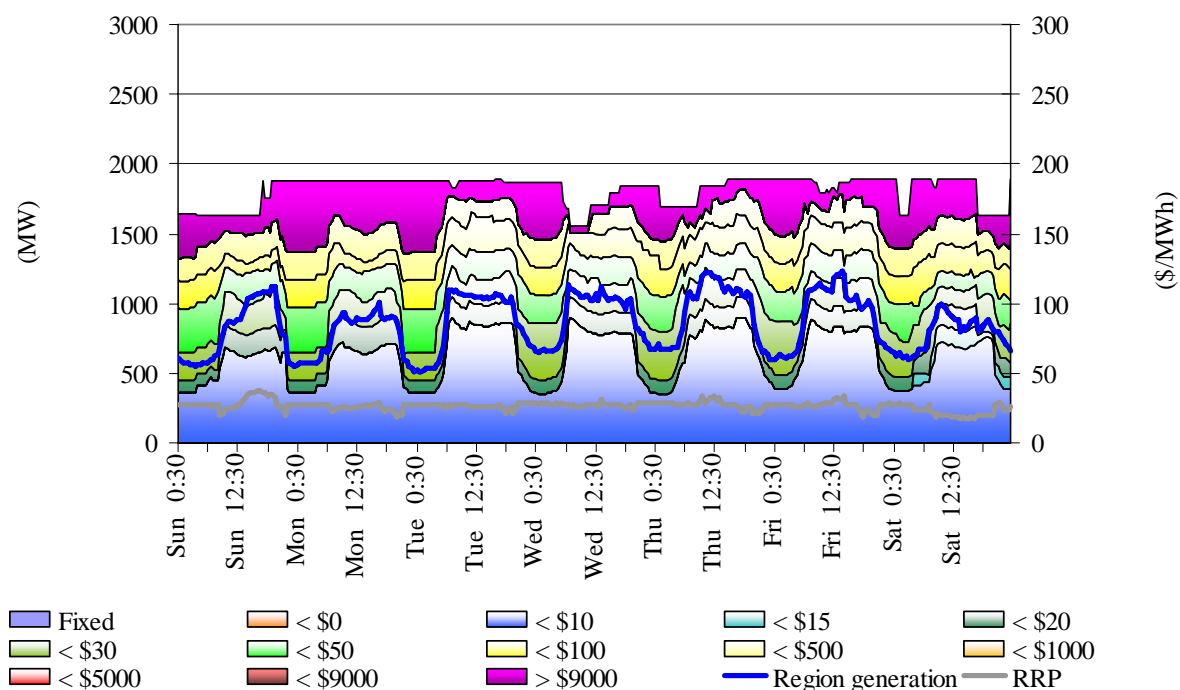
**Figure 54: Victoria closing bid prices, dispatched generation and spot price**



**Figure 55: South Australia closing bid prices, dispatched generation and spot price**



**Figure 56: Tasmania closing bid prices, dispatched generation and spot price**



### Ancillary service market

The total cost of ancillary services on the mainland for the week was around \$100 000 or 0.1 per cent of the total turnover in the energy market on the mainland. Figure 57 summarises the volume weighted average prices and costs for the eight frequency control ancillary services across the interconnected regions.

**Figure 57: frequency control ancillary service prices and costs**

	Raise 6 sec	Raise 60 sec	Raise 5 min	Raise reg	Lower 6 sec	Lower 60 sec	Lower 5 min	Lower reg
Last week	0.42	0.22	0.73	0.70	0.12	0.07	0.25	0.91
Previous week	0.48	0.36	0.73	0.50	0.10	0.05	0.39	1.01
Last quarter	1.76	0.73	1.15	1.54	0.39	2.28	5.00	1.93
Market Cost (\$1000s)	17	8	42	14	0	0	3	15
% of energy market	0.02%	0.01%	0.05%	0.02%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.02%

The total cost of ancillary services in Tasmania for the week was \$61 000 or 1 per cent of the total turnover in the energy market in Tasmania. Figure 58 summarises for Tasmania the prices and costs for the eight frequency control ancillary services.

**Figure 58: frequency control ancillary service prices and costs for Tasmania**

	Raise 6 sec	Raise 60 sec	Raise 5 min	Raise reg	Lower 6 sec	Lower 60 sec	Lower 5 min	Lower reg
Last week	0.90	0.60	2.12	0.98	2.18	0.03	0.11	0.78
Previous week	3.46	0.40	0.80	0.47	20.75	0.05	0.40	1.03
Last quarter	7.89	1.05	1.05	1.58	4.43	1.06	1.06	1.97
Market Cost (\$1000s)	4	8	28	2	12	0	1	5
% of energy market	0.09%	0.17%	0.61%	0.05%	0.27%	0.01%	0.03%	0.11%

Figure 59 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each frequency control ancillary service.

**Figure 59: daily frequency control ancillary service costs**

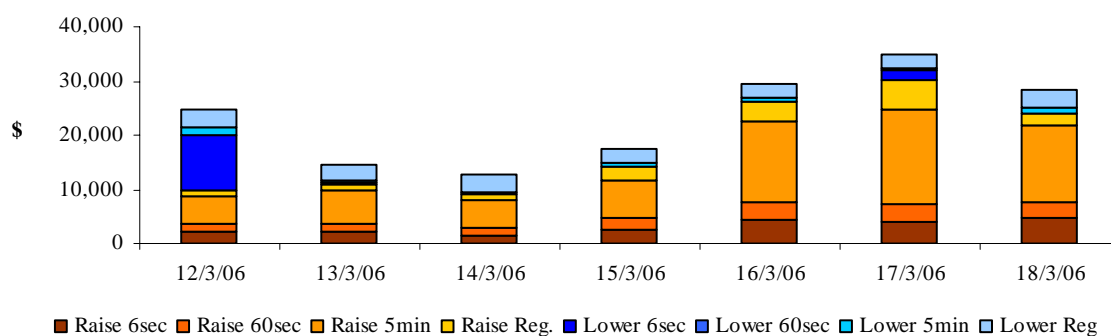
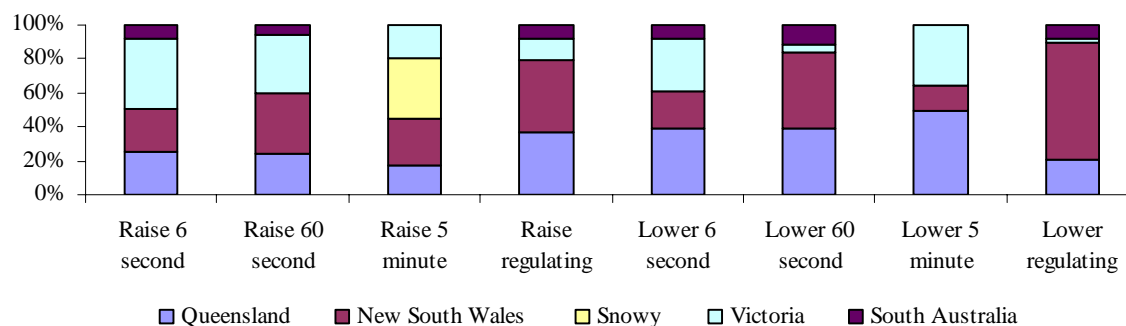


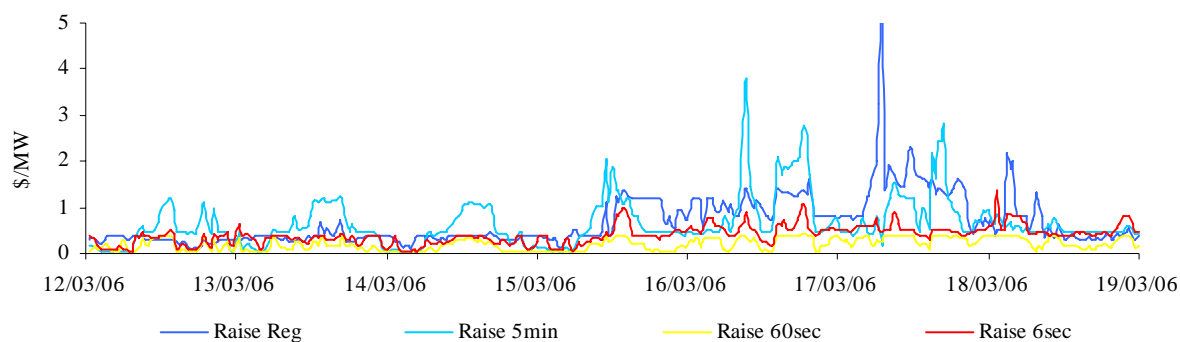
Figure 60 shows the contribution, on a percentage basis, that frequency control ancillary service providers are utilised (in each mainland region) to satisfy the total requirement for each service.

**Figure 60: regional participation in ancillary services on the mainland**

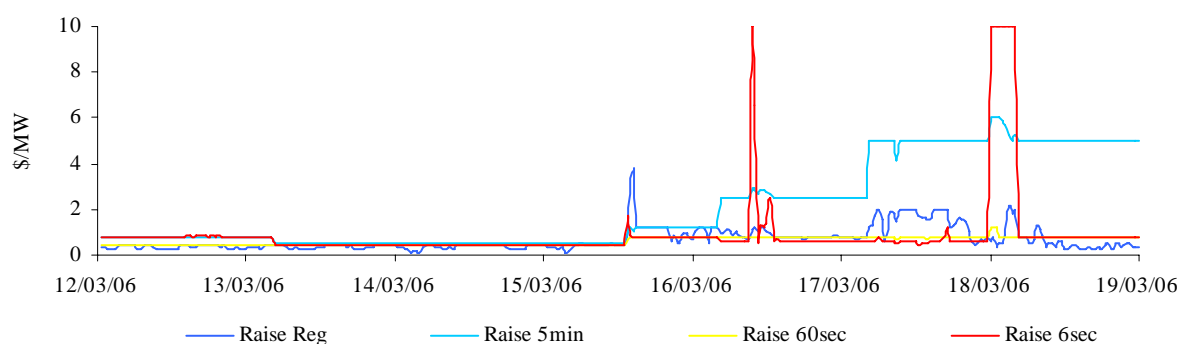


Figures 61 and 62 show 30-minute prices for each frequency control ancillary service throughout the week.

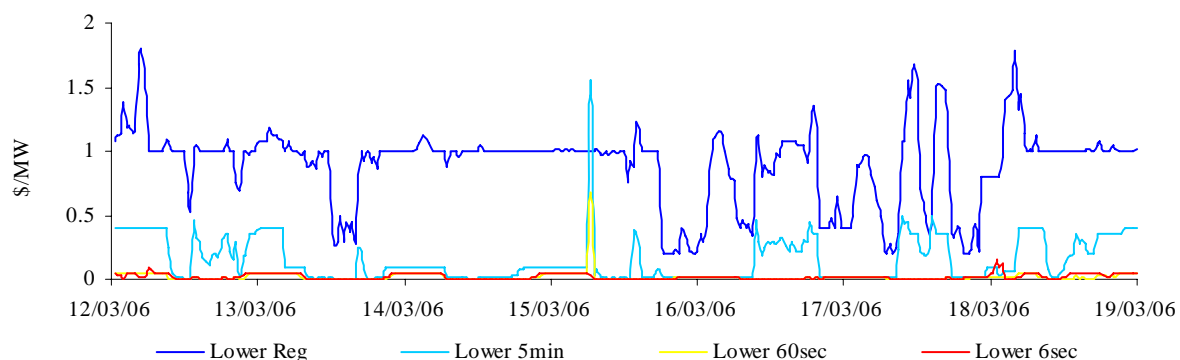
**Figure 61: prices for raise services**



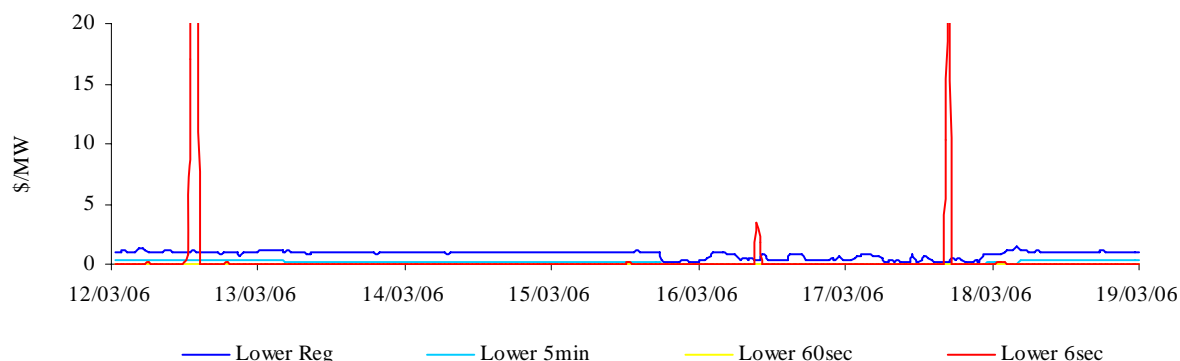
**Figure 61A: prices for raise services - Tasmania**



**Figure 62: prices for lower services**

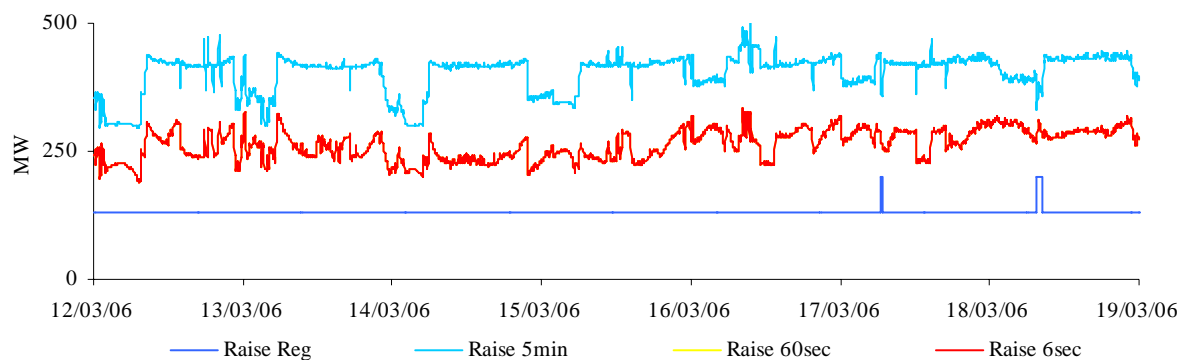


**Figure 62A: prices for lower services - Tasmania**

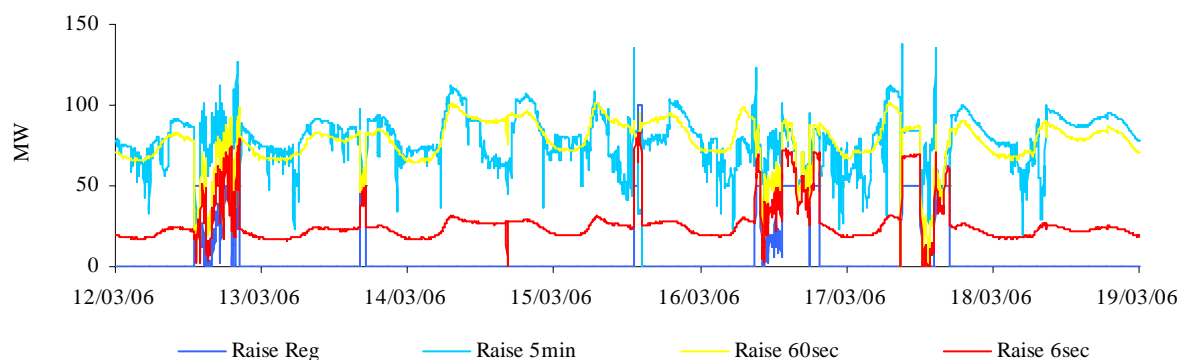


Figures 63 and 64 present for both raise and lower frequency control services the requirement, established by NEMMCO, for each service to satisfy the frequency standard.

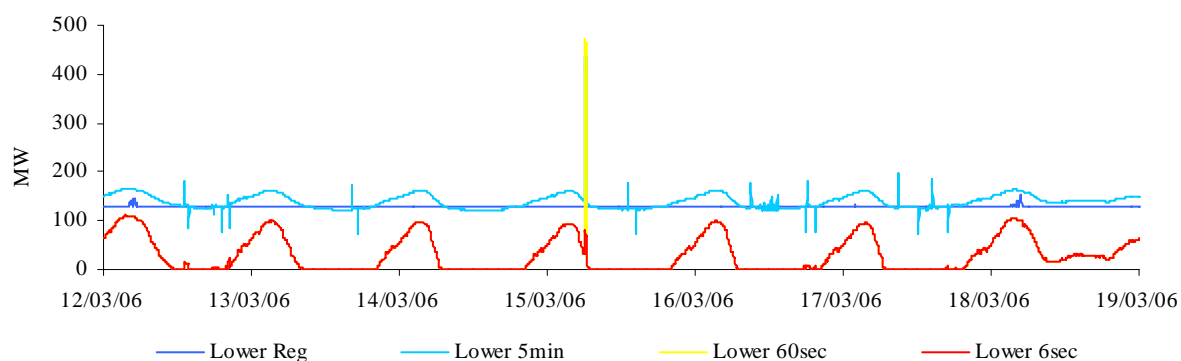
**Figure 63: raise requirements**



**Figure 63A: raise requirements - Tasmania**



**Figure 64: lower requirements**



**Figure 64A: lower requirements - Tasmania**

