WEEKLY ELECTRICITY MARKET ANALYSIS

22 – 28 November 2009

Summary

On 27 November the spot price exceeded \$5000/MWh for two trading intervals in New South Wales intervals and for one trading interval in Queensland. This drove increased average weekly spot prices in those regions. As required under the National Electricity Rules, the AER will issue a report into the circumstances that led to the spot price exceeding \$5000/MWh.

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Weekly average spot prices in the other regions decreased compared to the previous week. There were 12 trading intervals in South Australia with negative prices. The lowest price of -\$140/MWh occurred on Friday afternoon - output from wind generation was greater than 700 MW at the time.

Spot market prices

Figure 1 sets out the volume weighted average prices for the week 22 to 28 November and the financial year to date across the NEM. It compares these prices with price outcomes from the previous week and year to date respectively.

Figure 1: Volume weighted average spot price by region (\$/MWh)

| | Qld | NSW | VIC | SA | Tas |
|-------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Average price for 22 – 28 November | 137 | 156 | 29 | 26 | 32 |
| % change from previous week* | -27 | -51 | -42 | -94 | -7 |
| 09/10 financial YTD | 42 | 51 | 28 | 92 | 26 |
| % change from 08/09 financial YTD** | 8 | 1 | -33 | 130 | -43 |

*The percentage change between last week's average spot price and the average price for the previous week. Calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

**The percentage change between the average spot price for the current financial year to date and the average spot price over the similar period for the previous financial year. Percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding.

The AER provides further information if the spot price exceeds three times the weekly average and is above \$250/MWh. Details of these events are attached in Appendix A. Longer term market trends are attached in Appendix B^{1} .

Financial markets

Figures 2 to 9 show futures contract² prices traded on the Sydney Futures Exchange (SFE) as at close of trade on Monday 30 November. Figure 2 shows the base futures contract prices for

¹ Monitoring the performance of the wholesale market is a key part of the AER's role and an overview of the market's performance in the long-term is provided on the AER website. Long-term statistics can be found there on, amongst other things, demand, spot prices, contract prices and frequency control ancillary services prices. To access this information go to

www.aer.gov.au -> Monitoring, reporting and enforcement -> Electricity market reports -> Long-term analysis. ² Futures contracts on the SFE are listed by d-cyphaTrade (<u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>). A futures contract is typically for one MW of electrical energy per hour based on a fixed load profile. A base load profile is defined as the base load period from midnight to midnight Monday to Sunday over the duration of the contract quarter. A peak load profile is defined as the peak-period from 7 am to 10 pm Monday to Friday (excluding Public holidays) over the duration of the contract quarter.

the next three calendar years, and the three year average. Also shown are percentage changes³ compared to the previous week.

| | QI | _D | N | SW | V | IC | S | 5A |
|--------------------|-----|----|----|-----|-----|-----|----|----|
| Calendar Year 2010 | 40* | 0% | 43 | -3% | 41* | -5% | 55 | 1% |
| Calendar Year 2011 | 42* | 0% | 46 | -1% | 46* | -1% | 55 | 2% |
| Calendar Year 2012 | 49* | 3% | 52 | 1% | 53 | 0% | 69 | 0% |
| Three year average | 44 | 1% | 47 | -1% | 47 | -2% | 60 | 1% |

Figure 2: Base calendar year futures contract prices (\$/MWh)

Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u> * denotes trades in the product.

Figure 3 shows the \$300 cap contract price for the first quarter of 2010 and the 2010 calendar year and the percentage change⁴ from the previous week.

Figure 3: \$300 cap contract prices (\$/MWh)

| | Q | LD | N | SW | V | IC | 5 | 6A |
|--------------------|----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|----|-----|
| Q1 2010 (% Change) | 28 | -2% | 25* | -4% | 28* | -3% | 60 | 43% |
| 2010 (% Change) | 12 | -1% | 13 | 23% | 11 | -2% | 18 | 32% |

Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u> * denotes trades in the product.

Figure 4 shows the weekly trading volumes for base, peak and cap contracts. The date represents the end of the trading week.





Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figure 5 shows the prices for base contracts for each quarter for the next four financial years.

³ Calculated on prices prior to rounding.

⁴ Calculated on prices prior to rounding





Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au

Figures 6-9 compare for each region the closing daily base contract prices for the first quarter of 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010. Also shown is the daily volume of Q1 2010 base contracts traded. The vertical dashed line signifies the start of the Q1 period for which the contracts are being purchased. To understand the diagrams, the dark-blue line demonstrates that throughout the middle of 2007, the market had an expectation of very high spot prices in the first quarter of 2008.





Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>

Figure 7: New South Wales Q1 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010



Source: d-cyphaTrade <u>www.d-cyphatrade.com.au</u>

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Source: d-cyphaTrade www.d-cyphatrade.com.au





*The daily volume scale for South Australia is smaller than for other regions to reflect the lower liquidity in the market in South Australia.

Spot market forecasting variations

The AER is required under the National Electricity Rules to determine whether there is a significant variation between the forecast spot price published by the Australian Energy Market Operator (AEMO) and the actual spot price and, if there is a variation, state why the AER considers the significant price variation occurred. It is not unusual for there to be significant variations as demand forecasts vary and as participants react to changing market conditions. There were 177 trading intervals throughout the week where actual prices varied significantly from forecasts⁵. This compares to the weekly average in 2008 of 130 counts. Reasons for these variances are summarised in Figure 10⁶.

⁵ A trading interval is counted as having a variation if the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price either four or 12 hours ahead.

⁶ The table summarises (as a percentage) the number of times when the actual price differs significantly from the forecast price four or 12 hours ahead and the major reason for that variation. The reasons are classified as availability (which means that there is a change in the total quantity or price offered for generation), demand forecast inaccuracy, changes to network capability or as a combination of factors (when there is not one dominant reason). An instance where both four and 12 hour ahead forecasts differ significantly from the actual price will be counted as two variations.

| | Availability | Demand | Network | Combination |
|---------------------------|--------------|--------|---------|-------------|
| % of total above forecast | 5 | 20 | 0 | 5 |
| % of total below forecast | 47 | 20 | 0 | 3 |

Figure 10: Reasons for variations between forecast and actual prices

Demand and bidding patterns

The AER reviews demand, network limitations and generator bidding as part of its market monitoring to better understand the drivers behind price variations. Figure 11 shows the weekly change in total available capacity at various price levels during peak periods⁷. For example, in Queensland 145 MW less capacity was offered at prices under \$20/MWh this week compared to the previous week. Also included is the change in average demand during peak periods, for comparison.

| Figure 11: Changes in available | generation | and average | e demand | compared | to the | previous |
|---------------------------------|------------|-------------|----------|----------|--------|----------|
| week during peak periods | | | | | | |

| MW | <\$20/MWh | Between \$20 and \$50/MWh | Total availability | Change in average demand |
|-------|-----------|------------------------------|--------------------|-----------------------------|
| Qld | -145 | -142 | -349 | -41 |
| NSW | -540 | 22 | -927 | -552 |
| VIC | -308 | -231 | -483 | -579 |
| SA | -182 | 19 | -332 | -446 |
| TAS | -69 | 285 | -19 | -24 |
| TOTAL | -1244 | -47 | -2,110 | -1642 |

Ancillary services market

The total cost of frequency control ancillary services (FCAS) on the mainland for the week was \$137 141 or less than one per cent of energy turnover on the mainland.

The total cost of FCAS in Tasmania for the week was \$229 119 or around four per cent of energy turnover in Tasmania.

Figure 12 shows the daily breakdown of cost for each FCAS for the NEM.

Figure 12: Daily frequency control ancillary service cost



Australian Energy Regulator December 2009

 $^{^{7}}$ A peak period is defined as between 7 am and 10 pm on weekdays, which aligns with the SFE contract definition.

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Queensland: There were eight occasions where the spot price in Queensland was greater than three times the Queensland weekly average price of \$137/MWh (which is also above \$250/MWh).

Thursday, 26 November

| 2:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
|--|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1576.70 | 90.80 | 93.96 |
| Demand (MW) | 7798 | 7748 | 7723 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 9925 | 9947 | 9906 |
| | | | |
| 2:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| 2:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) | Actual 2825.57 | 4 hr forecast 91.46 | 12 hr forecast 93.96 |
| 2:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) | Actual 2825.57 7706 | 4 hr forecast 91.46 7754 | 12 hr forecast 93.96 7730 |

Conditions at the time saw demand and available capacity close to forecast four and 12 hours ahead. Queensland and New South Wales prices were aligned, see New South Wales section for details of the conditions at the time.

Friday, 27 November

| 1:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
|---|---|--|--|
| Price (\$/MWh) | 2590.23 | 311.69 | 127.23 |
| Demand (MW) | 8101 | 7951 | 7872 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 10 168 | 10 138 | 10 188 |
| 2:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1003.63 | 304.91 | 250.78 |
| Demand (MW) | 8095 | 7931 | 7928 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 10 172 | 10 146 | 10 188 |
| 2:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1093.20 | 313.92 | 250.78 |
| Demand (MW) | 8180 | 7938 | 7937 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 10 165 | 10 118 | 10 193 |
| 3:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| c.oo pm | 11000000 | i ili ioi cease | |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 4097.40 | 250.78 | 250.78 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) | 4097.40 8158 | 250.78 7937 | 250.78 7936 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 | 250.78 7937 10 157 | 250.78 7936 10 193 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 8127 | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 7916 | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 7915 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 8127 10 040 | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 7916 10 162 | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 7915 10 192 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 4:00 pm | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 8127 10 040 Actual | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 7916 10 162 4 hr forecast | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 7915 10 192 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 4:00 pm Price (\$/MWh) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 8127 10 040 Actual 4574.88 | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 7916 10 162 4 hr forecast 250.78 | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 7915 10 192 12 hr forecast 246.85 |
| Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 3:30 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) Available capacity (MW) 4:00 pm Price (\$/MWh) Demand (MW) | 4097.40 8158 10 121 Actual 7527.19 8127 10 040 Actual 4574.88 8090 | 250.78 7937 10 157 4 hr forecast 295.79 7916 10 162 4 hr forecast 250.78 7940 | 250.78 7936 10 193 12 hr forecast 250.78 7915 10 192 12 hr forecast 246.85 7905 |

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Conditions at the time saw Queensland and New South Wales prices aligned. In accordance with clause 3.13.7 of the Electricity Rules, the AER will issue a separate report in to the circumstances that led to the spot price exceeding \$5000/MWh.

<u>New South Wales</u>: There were eight occasions where the spot price in New South Wales was greater than three times the New South Wales weekly average price of \$156/MWh (which is also above \$250/MWh).

Thursday, 26 November

| 2:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------|----------------|
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1560.85 | 88.00 | 90.43 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 631 | 11 130 | 11 123 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 11 975 | 11 975 | 11 735 |
| 2:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 2927.81 | 88.00 | 90.43 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 670 | 11 163 | 11 159 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 003 | 11 975 | 11 735 |

Conditions at the time saw New South Wales demand up to 507 MW higher than forecast four hours ahead. Available capacity was close to forecast four hours ahead. New South Wales and Queensland prices were aligned.

At 1.44 pm, effective from 1.55 pm, Eraring Energy rebid 400 MW of available capacity at Eraring units one, two and three from prices below \$22/MWh to above \$8600/MWh. The reason given was "Predispatch greater than previous forecast". At 2 pm the five-minute dispatch price increased from \$134/MWh to over \$8700/MWh.

At 1.57 pm Snowy Hydro rebid around 1300 MW of available capacity at Tumut three from prices above \$50/MWh to zero. The reason given was "Price higher thn prev fcst:bnd shft dn".

A network constraint that was limiting imports across the Victoria to New South Wales interconnector was related to transmission capacity between the Snowy Hydro generators at the Tumut stations and Sydney. When Snowy rebid capacity into lower prices the dispatch of Tumut three increased from 446 MW at 1.30 pm to 1313 MW by 2.30 pm, around 1000 MW greater than that forecast four hours ahead. This led to reduced flows from Victoria into New South Wales (1029 MW at 1.55 pm to 298 MW at 2.05 pm).

There was no other significant rebidding.

Friday, 27 November

| 1:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
|-------------------------|---------|---------------|----------------|
| Price (\$/MWh) | 3364.67 | 299.48 | 120.19 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 594 | 11 531 | 11 059 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 202 | 12 079 | 12 518 |
| 2:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1273.53 | 293.00 | 235.48 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 652 | 11 490 | 11 152 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 227 | 12 201 | 12 518 |
| 2:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 1030.11 | 299.48 | 238.97 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 660 | 11 538 | 11 208 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 277 | 12 261 | 12 518 |
| 3:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 4099.46 | 246.33 | 240.77 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 820 | 11 522 | 11 258 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 327 | 12 171 | 12 518 |
| 3:30 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 8932.89 | 290.66 | 242.69 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 901 | 11 567 | 11 364 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 377 | 12 211 | 12 558 |
| 4:00 pm | Actual | 4 hr forecast | 12 hr forecast |
| Price (\$/MWh) | 5461.60 | 235.61 | 233.66 |
| Demand (MW) | 11 891 | 11 343 | 11 259 |
| Available capacity (MW) | 12 407 | 12 261 | 12 598 |

Conditions at the time saw Queensland and New South Wales prices aligned. In accordance with clause 3.13.7 of the Electricity Rules, the AER will issue a separate report into the circumstances that led to the spot price exceeding \$5000/MWh.

Detailed NEM Price

and Demand Trends

for Weekly Market Analysis 22 November - 28 November 2009 AUSTRALIAN ENERGY REGULATOR

Table 1: Financial year to date spot market volume weighted average price

| Financial year | QLD | NSW | VIC | SA | TAS |
|------------------------|-----|-----|------|------|------|
| 2009-10 (\$/MWh) (YTD) | 42 | 51 | 28 | 92 | 26 |
| 2008-09 (\$/MWh) (YTD) | 39 | 50 | 41 | 40 | 46 |
| Change* | 8% | 1% | -33% | 130% | -43% |
| 2008-09 (\$/MWh) | 36 | 43 | 49 | 69 | 62 |

Table 2: NEM turnover

| Financial year | NEM Turnover** (\$, billion) | Energy (TWh) |
|----------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| 2009-10 (YTD) | \$3.729 | 85 |
| 2008-09 | \$9.413 | 208 |
| 2007-08 | \$11.125 | 208 |

Table 3: Recent monthly and quarterly spot market volume weighted average price and turnover

| Volume weighted | | | | | | Turnover |
|------------------|------|------|------|------|------|---------------|
| average (\$/MWh) | QLD | NSW | VIC | SA | TAS | (\$, billion) |
| Jul-09 | 29 | 34 | 28 | 29 | 27 | 0.539 |
| Aug-09 | 24 | 25 | 23 | 24 | 22 | 0.418 |
| Sep-09 | 25 | 26 | 24 | 28 | 22 | 0.406 |
| Oct-09 | 27 | 28 | 26 | 30 | 26 | 0.459 |
| Nov-09 (MTD) | 104 | 146 | 37 | 341 | 34 | 1.894 |
| | | | | | | |
| Q3 2009 | 26 | 28 | 25 | 27 | 24 | 1.377 |
| Q3 2008 | 36 | 41 | 42 | 42 | 44 | 2.226 |
| Change* | -29% | -31% | -41% | -36% | -46% | -38.16% |

Table 4: ASX energy futures contract prices at 30 November

| | QL | D | NS | SW | V | IC | S | Α |
|--------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Q1 2010 | Base | Peak | Base | Peak | Base | Peak | Base | Peak |
| Price on 23 Nov (\$/MW) | 57 | 103 | 58 | 97 | 61 | 105 | 99 | 160 |
| Price on 30 Nov (\$/MW) | 58 | 100 | 54 | 94 | 57 | 105 | 100 | 160 |
| Open interest on 30 Nov | 2854 | 175 | 3176 | 96 | 3513 | 242 | 102 | 30 |
| Traded in the last week (MW) | 185 | 30 | 182 | 5 | 240 | 60 | 15 | 0 |
| Traded since 1 Jan 09 (MW) | 6688 | 285 | 6920 | 128 | 7719 | 416 | 161 | 20 |
| Settled price for Q1 09(\$/MW) | 35 | 48 | 38 | 48 | 62 | 114 | 102 | 200 |

Table 5: Changes to availability of low priced generation capacity offered to the market

| Comparison: | QLD | NSW | VIC | SA | TAS | NEM |
|--------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|------|-------|
| September 09 with September 08 | | | | | | |
| MW Priced <\$20/MWh | -236 | -1137 | -194 | 6 | 507 | -1054 |
| MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh | -7 | 981 | 10 | -82 | 90 | 991 |
| | | | | | | |
| October 09 with October 08 | | | | | | |
| MW Priced <\$20/MWh | 156 | -288 | 247 | 48 | 29 | 193 |
| MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh | -140 | 227 | 110 | -45 | 702 | 854 |
| | | | | | | |
| November 09 with November 08 | | | | | | |
| MW Priced <\$20/MWh | 839 | -384 | 620 | 342 | -100 | 1317 |
| MW Priced \$20 to \$50/MWh | -348 | -199 | 325 | -122 | 814 | 470 |

*Note: These percentage changes are calculated on VWA prices prior to rounding

** Estimated value